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ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31



PREPARED BY THE DEPARTMENTS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCE. LEADING WITH RESPONSIVE, INNOVATIVE, COST-EFFECTIVE SERVICES.

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION

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August 26, 2024

Honorable Board of Commissioners and Citizens of Weld County County of Weld 1150 O Street Greeley, CO 80631

Dear Board Members, and Citizens of Weld County:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the County of Weld, State of Colorado for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the County. The assurance of the accuracy in the County financial report is a result of the County's internal controls. The controls have been developed to provide accurate information on an efficient and cost-effective basis. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the County's financial activities have been included.

With the December 31, 2023 financial statements, Weld County has elected to continue a significant change in government financial reporting. The purpose of these changes, which were developed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), is to provide better and more complete information to the users of governmental financial statements. In addition to changes to the basic financial statements, the statements are now accompanied by an introduction, overview, and analysis, referred to as "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found in the Financial Section immediately following the independent auditor's report.

The County provides the full range of county services contemplated by statute or charter. These include general government functions, public protection and safety, health, social services, human resource services, public improvements, road and bridge operations, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

This report includes all activities for which the Board of County Commissioners is accountable to the citizens of Weld County, financially, or by State Statute or the Weld County Home Rule Charter. All applicable funds, departments, and offices are included in these financial statements as part of the "primary government" of Weld County. In addition, there are several legally separate entities that have significant operational or financial relationships with the County. These include the Weld County Housing Authority, Weld County Retirement Plan, Beebe Draw Law Enforcement Authority, Pioneer Community Law Enforcement Authority, Southwest Weld Law Enforcement authority, Weld County Finance Corporation, and E-911 Authority. These entities are also included in the County's financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

Colorado law requires that the County's financial statements be audited by an independent certified public accountant or firm of certified public accountants licensed to practice in the State of Colorado. The county's financial statements have been audited by Hinkle And Company PC, a Colorado licensed Certified Public Accounting firm. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for issuing an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented in the front of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the County's financial statements was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" in accordance with provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984, Federal Single Audit Amendment of 1996, and Subpart F of Title 2 U.S. CRF Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal awards, and the U.S. office of Management and Budget's (OMB) Compliance Supplement. The "Single Audit" is designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, especially as they relate to the administration of federal awards. Single audit schedules and the auditor's reports are available in the "Single Audit" section of the document.

PROFILE OF WELD COUNTY

Location and demographics. Weld County is located along Colorado's Front Range in the northern part of the state. Weld County covers an area of 3,999 square miles in north central Colorado. It is bordered on the north by Wyoming and Nebraska and on the south by the Denver metropolitan area. The third largest county in Colorado, Weld County has an area greater than that of Rhode Island, Delaware and the District of Columbia combined.

The climate is dry and generally mild with warm summers, mild winters, and a growing season of approximately 138 days. The land surface is fairly level in the east, with rolling prairies and low hills near the western border. Elevations in the county range from 4,400 to 5,000 feet.

The South Platte River and its tributaries, the Cache la Poudre, Big Thompson, Little Thompson, Boulder, St. Vrain, and other smaller streams, flow into Weld County from the south and west, leaving the county on the east.

There are 32 incorporated towns in Weld County. The county seat and principal city, Greeley, is located in the west central part of the county and contains almost half the county's population. Generally, most of the remaining population resides within a 20 to 30 mile radius of Greeley; the northeastern part of the county is sparsely populated. Southwest Weld County is one of the fastest growing areas in the state due to its proximity to the north Denver metro area. The county's population in 2023 was approximately 347,860.

COUNTY GOVERNMENT

County Services. Weld County provides the full range of services contemplated by State Statute and the Weld County Home Rule Charter. Services include:

- Judicial and public safety consisting of the Sheriff, District Attorney, operation and maintenance of the detention center, regional communications center, and building inspection.
- Health, employment, and social services.
- Planning and zoning.
- Construction, reconstruction and maintenance of streets, highways, and bridges.
- Parks and recreation.
- Property valuation, tax collection and distribution, and vehicle licensing.
- General administrative services.

County Operating Structure. Weld County became Colorado's first Home Rule County in 1976. The County is governed by a five-member Board of County Commissioners. Three Commissioners are elected by districts of relatively equal population and two Commissioners are elected at large. They serve staggered four-year terms and function as the County's policymaking body. Each Commissioner coordinates one of five functions of the County. The County is also served by four other elected officials: assessor, clerk and recorder, district attorney, and sheriff. Weld County also has a five-member, non-partisan, elected body that is charged to review all aspects of County government and to make periodic written reports to the public. The Commissioners appoint department heads to be responsible for the various day-to-day operations.

Budgeting. The County Commissioners annually adopt budgets by department for all governmental and proprietary funds. Budgets are controlled by the major object categories of Personnel, Operating Costs, and Capital Outlay. Control is maintained by the three categories at the division/department level in the General Fund and at the fund level in all other funds. Supplemental appropriations are approved by the Board of County Commissioners as needed during the year to provide for those items that were unknown or unforeseen at the time the budget was originally adopted.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For the Year. In 2023, the Board identified several significant program changes to enhance service delivery to the citizens of Weld County. The following is a summary of significant program changes and initiatives for 2023:

- Address rising inflation concerns and salary survey information to ensure competitive wages.
- > Experienced over a 51% increase in assessed valuation due to oil and gas.
- Continue the implementation process for an Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system.
- ➤ Continue efforts to control health care costs for county employees/dependents. A 30% rate increase for the county and 5% for employees in 2023 will be the first premium increase in nine years.
- > The 2023-2027 Capital Improvements Plan for facilities is funded at \$94,875,000.
- Continue providing staff and financial resources in response to SB 19-181 for the air quality monitoring system.
- Fund the Public Works 2023-2027 Capital Improvement Plan.
- Increase road and bridge infrastructure funding by \$11.7 million.

- > Established a \$620,000 wellness program budget in the General Fund.
- Changed the overtime calculation for Sheriff's Office deputies and correctional officer to be competitive with other law enforcement agencies.
- Accommodated HB 22-1259 which will increase Basic Cash Payments to recipients by 10% and broaden eligibility for TANF and day care assistance.
- ➤ Increase the Contingency Fund reserve by \$65 million.
- Maintain a fully funded pension plan with an earning rate assumption of 5.9%.
- Maintain an anticipated ending fund balance of nearly \$593 million.
- New Sheriff's Office shooting range and training facility will open.
- Part-time positions will start getting longevity step increases.
- The county will be adding 43 FTE in departments.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

Economic Conditions and Outlook.

The United States economy has been teetering on the verge of recession for most of 2023. Inflation in 2022 and into 2023 was at the highest rates it had been in forty years. It is finally beginning to slow, peaking in 2022 at 9.1%, starting 2023 at 6.4%, and expected to fall to around 2.5% by the end of 2024, according to Kiplinger. According to experts, the supply chain shortages that have plagued industries for the past three years has officially ended, but our departments are still experiencing long wait times on products and equipment, slowing progress, and eliminating efficiencies that have been the standard for the past many years. Capital project contingencies used to be budgeted at ten percent or less. Now, materials for construction of facilities and road and bridge projects are seeing an average of a thirty percent increase from when budgeted the previous year.

The result of those delays in resources has slowed some areas of Weld County's productivity and impacted some projects. Some projects are taking longer to complete, and the money budgeted for those projects sits unspent. Vendors and some County departments struggle to fill positions with qualified workers and then must wait for the supplies, materials, and equipment needed to complete these projects to arrive. This has led to some fund balances increasing over the past few years. Departments continue to add to their workloads, which will lead to the funds being spent quickly over the next five years. Weld County has always anticipated fluctuations in revenues, with a significant majority of property tax income being from a continual shifting oil and gas industry. With political pressures coming down from Federal and State legislation to expand energy solutions away from oil and gas, Weld County must have reserves in place to maintain required levels of service and meet citizen's needs.

However, with inflation being high over the past year, Weld County is also in a position of seeing a 34% increase in assessed value between 2022 and 2023. This results in a unique situation of Weld County exceeding the Home Rule Charter limit for property tax to be able to be collected in 2024. To maintain compliance with the Weld County Charter, Weld County will only be levying and budgeting \$289,043,174 in property tax. In order to levy and budget this amount, Weld County will need an additional, temporary mill credit for 2023 taxes collected in 2024. Revenue received from taxing districts known as Urban Renewal Authorities will be reduced by \$515,000 because of the additional mill credit given. Weld County has returned over \$1 billion dollars to the community by keeping the previous 7.0 mills temporary tax credit in place for the past six years, and lesser credits over the past 20 years.

In 2024, assessed values specific to Oil and Gas are anticipated to drop by approximately 22%. Oil and Gas values make up approximately 65% of Weld County's total property tax income. The significant fluctuations over the years in assessed values shows how imperative it is to have reserves in place as revenues fluctuate.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

In developing the goals for the 2024, the highest priority in Finance is to ensure long-term financial stability. The main goal is to continue to provide critical resources needed to meet Strategic Priority #1: Ensure Healthy, Safe and Livable Communities. Part of that structure is to evaluate the department budget requests provided and, if the information provided as justification for increasing services or staff is not sufficient, to remove the request from recommendation so unnecessary services are not funded indefinitely. Finance and Administration works together with the Board to provide a comprehensive plan and meet the county's mission statement: *To provide responsive, innovative, and cost-effective services*. The most important resource the county has is the employees that provide services to the public. Investing in that resource is a crucial way to make the county as effective as possible.

Weld County has also not been immune to the recent "silver tsunami" and "the great resignation". With Weld County being the fifth largest employer in the county, and the State Demographer indicating that the labor force will continue to slow, Weld County needs to be innovative in attracting and retaining talent. Weld County is finding ways to keep the fundamentals that keep the county fiscally responsible, while balancing the ever-changing needs for staffing and being a competitive and attractive employer. This is addressed in the strategic plan for 2023-2028. Strategic Priority #4, Be an Employer of Choice, will be one of the County's focuses in 2024 and years to come.

Economic experts believe that growth in Colorado will continue but is slowing. As one of the fastest growing counties in Colorado for the past decade, the slowing of growth will allow for county services to catch up to the population but can also mean limited resources in the future. This increase in service is directly tied to staffing and space to provide those services, which leads to increased base operational costs that future revenues may or may not be able to support. This fine line must be balanced to ensure resources are available for the needed services.

In 2024, Weld County will continue into Phase Two of the Workday Enterprise Resource Project (or ERP) implementation. This will transition Human Resources and Payroll from PeopleSoft to Workday, and Finance and Accounting from Banner to Workday. One of the 2024 goals is to promote innovation and technology assistance, improving efficiency and effectiveness in all departments. This ties to Strategic Priority #5: Provide Excellent, Cost-Effective Service Delivery. For the past eight years, Weld County has maintained a technology and innovation fund that is managed through the IT Department. Leadership continues to look at ways to improve customer interactions, review staffing models, and increase efficiencies through innovation and technology.

In summary, despite the uncertain and pressing challenges, the Board, other elected officials, and managers must continue to provide strong financial and strategic leadership. This enables Weld County to provide critical health, social, public safety, and general government services to support a diverse and growing population. With the county's elected officials, leadership team, and the entire county workforce, we will ensure that whatever the future may hold, we keep serving the needs of our residents countywide.

Weld County leadership will continue to demonstrate continued creativity, resilience, and commitment to residents, remembering historical decisions and future strategies to continue Weld County's fiscal stewardship.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

As Weld County elected officials and managers approach the future there will be the continuation of the long-term strategy of investment in the county's infrastructure, technology and innovation, staff training and development, and economic development to diversify the local economy which will all have a demonstrable long-term payoff. In addition, the financial reserves of the county are at all-time highs to deal with the volatility of the oil and gas assessed values and the risks faced by the county. Weld County's financial plan is a continuation of its historical discipline of fiscal stability. The commitment to the discipline of fiscal stability has enabled Weld County to remain solvent and responsive in an uncertain economic environment and provide the services the public needs and expects. Adherence to conservative and prudent fiscal management practices have enabled the county to maintain balanced budgets and stable reserves, implement proactive strategies to manage county programs, avoid debt entirely through cash financing of capital projects, and provide core services to residents.

Going forward Weld County elected officials and department heads will bring forward a financial plan that demonstrates Weld County's continued creativity, resilience, and commitment to serve residents, but also a financial plan shaped by historical decisions and future strategies to continue Weld County's fiscal stewardship and responsibility that remain evident by having no debt, no sales tax, one of the lowest property tax rates in the state, and a fully funded pension plan.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. This was the forty fourth year that the County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the County published an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the County also received the GFOA's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for its 2023 annual appropriated budget for over thirty-eight consecutive years. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the County's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories including policy documentation, financial planning, and organization.

Financial reports are valuable in that they provide a permanent historical record of a governmental agency's operation to the management and the general public. It is our belief that this is a comprehensive report of the 2023 financial transactions under our control and that the following statements present an accurate, informative record of the financial activities of the County of Weld and its financial condition on December 31, 2023. The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Accounting/Finance Department. I should like to express my appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to its preparation. I would also like to thank the members of the Board of County Commissioners for their interest and support in planning and conducting financial operations of the County in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Cheryl Pattelli

Cheryl Pattelli

Director of Finance and Administration





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Weld Colorado

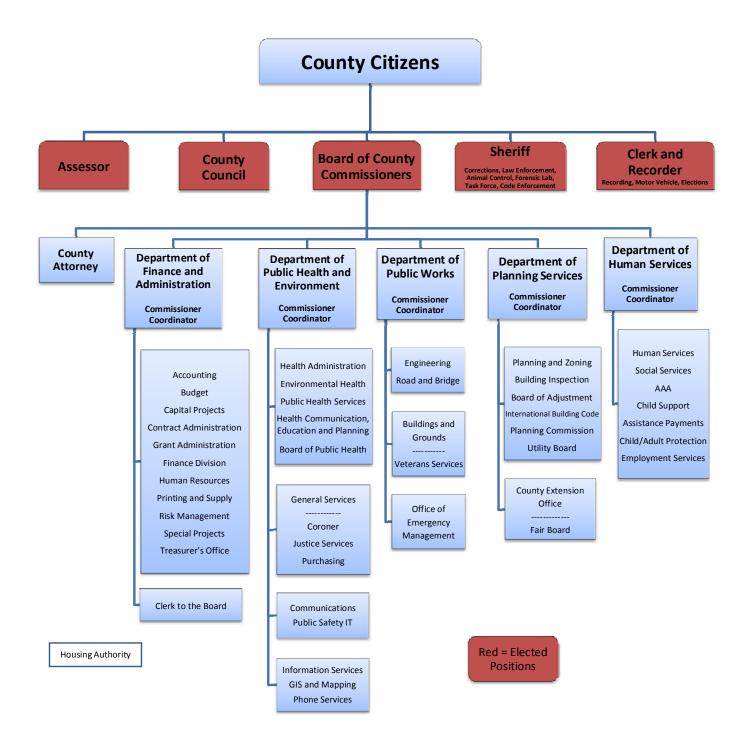
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

WELD COUNTY HOME RULE GOVERNMENT



COUNTY OF WELD STATE OF COLORADO PRINCIPAL COUNTY OFFICIALS

December 31, 2022

Board of County Commissioners

Scott James Mike Freeman Steve Moreno Perry Buck Lori Saine

County Clerk and Recorder Carly Koppes

County Assessor Brenda Dones

County Sheriff Steve Reams

<u>Director of Finance & Administration</u> Don Warden

<u>Chief</u> Cheryl Pattelli

Controller Christopher D'Ovidio

<u>Treasurer</u> John R. Lefebvre, Jr.

FINANCIAL





Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Weld County, Colorado Greeley, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, discretely presented component units, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Weld County, Colorado (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the County, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the date of the financial statements, including any currently known Information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises introductory section, other information, statistical section, and local highway finance report listed but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 26, 2024 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Weld County, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hita & Compay.pc

Englewood, Colorado August 26, 2024



Management Discussion and Analysis

This section of the report provides readers with a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Weld County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the letter of transmittal and basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the County's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Weld County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,368.8 million at the end of 2023. Of this amount, \$412.3 million may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The remaining \$956.5 million is invested in capital assets or restricted by law.
- The County's General Fund balance was \$97.6 million as of December 31, 2023. Of this amount, \$1.4 million for non-spendable assets, \$10.8 million is restricted; committed fund balance of \$2.1 million for economic development and \$4.9 million for workforce development; \$4.5 million for encumbrances (assigned). The remaining \$73.9 million is available to meet the ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.
- The 2023 General Fund balance of \$97.6 million is 53.2% of 2023 General Fund operating expenditures plus net transfers. The County Commissioners' goal is to keep fund balance at no less than 5%. The Board has not budgeted any expenditures from the fund balance in 2024.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements contain three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. In addition to the basic statements, this report also contains other supplementary information including combining statements for non-major funds, a statistical section, and information regarding federal grant programs.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the remaining difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the County's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Weld County's governmental activities include general government, public safety, streets and highways, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and economic assistance. The County has one business type activity — operation of the regional forensic laboratory.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Weld County itself (known as the primary government), but also legally separate entities which have a significant operational or financial relationship with the County. These entities, known as blended component units, include local improvement districts, Finance Corporation, Weld County Retirement Plan, Pioneer Community Law Enforcement Authority, South West Weld law Enforcement Authority and Beebe Draw Law Enforcement Authority. Discretely presented component units are Housing Authority and E-911 Emergency. More information on the functions of these entities can be found in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Weld County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Weld County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Since the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Weld County maintains eleven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Public Works Fund, Social Services Fund, Weld County Trust Fund, Capital Expenditures, and Contingent Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other five funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on page 32 of this report.

Proprietary funds. Weld County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Weld County has one enterprise fund, the Northern Colorado Regional Forensic Laboratory. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. Weld County uses internal service funds to account for its fleet maintenance, phone services, Weld Finance Corporation, and self-insurance activities. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been commonly included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Northern Colorado Regional Forensic Laboratory Fund, an enterprise fund of the County. The remaining proprietary funds, all of which are internal service funds, are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for each of these non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on page 39 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support Weld County's own operations. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 42 through 43 of this report.

Budgetary Comparisons. Weld County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for all major funds on pages 105 to 114 of this report. Budget to actual comparisons for each of the non-major funds are provided in other schedules elsewhere in this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 45 through 95 of this report.

Other information. The *combining statements* referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds are presented following the notes to the financial statements and can be found on pages 120 through 122 and 138 through 152 respectively.

COUNTY-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of December 31, 2023, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$1,368.8 million.

The following table provides a summary of the County's governmental and business-type net position for 2022 and 2023.

Table 1
Net Position
(in Millions)

				(111	TATI	1110113)					
	Governmental				Business-type						
		Activities		ties		Activities			Total		
		2022		2023		2022	2023		2022		2023
Assets											
Current and other assets	\$	984.94	\$	1,091.65	\$	0.89 \$	0.99	\$	985.83	\$	1,092.64
Capital assets		532.86		562.52		3.38	3.28	_	536.24		565.80
Total Assets		1,517.80		1,654.17		4.27	4.27		1,522.07		1,658.44
Deferred Outflows											
Pension Plans		52.18		85.36		-	-		52.18		85.36
Other Post Employment Benefits		0.08		0.11			-		0.08		0.11
Total Deferred Outflows	\$	52.26	\$	85.47	\$	- \$	-	\$	52.26	\$	85.47
Liabilities											
Current and other liabilities	\$	49.59	\$	46.78	\$	0.36 \$	0.36	\$	49.95	\$	47.14
Long-term liabilities		7.60		28.63		-	-		7.60		28.63
Total Liabilities	\$	57.19	\$	75.41		0.36	0.36		57.55		75.77
Deferred Inflows						•					
Property Taxes	\$	282.29	\$	297.01	\$	- \$	_	\$	282.29	\$	297.01
Pension Plans		43.79		0.27		-	-		43.79		0.27
Lease Revenue		2.65		1.82		-	-		2.65		1.82
Other Post Employment Benefits		0.21		0.21		-	-		0.21		0.21
Total Deferred Inflows	\$	328.94	\$	299.31	\$	- \$	_	\$	328.94	\$	299.31
Net Position											
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	532.86	\$	562.52	\$	3.38 \$	3.28	\$	536.24	\$	565.80
Restricted		360.04		390.68		-	-		360.04		390.68
Unrestricted		291.03	_	411.72	_	0.53	0.63	_	291.56		412.35
Total Net Position	\$	1,183.93	\$	1,364.92	\$	3.91 \$	3.91	\$	1,187.84	\$	1,368.83

A portion of Weld County's net position (30.1%) represents unrestricted net position of \$412.35 million, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Another significant portion of the County's net position (41.3%) reflects its \$565.80 investment in capital assets. These assets include land, buildings, machinery, equipment and infrastructure. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, they are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional \$390.68 million of the County's net position (28.5%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Included in this category is the TABOR emergency reserve of \$10.00 million, \$4.73 million in reserve for insurance claims, \$21.97 million for health, economic and social assistance programs, \$291.82 million for road and bridge maintenance and \$62.16 million for other purposes.

At the end of 2023 Weld County had positive balances in all three categories of net position.

Changes in Net Position. Governmental and Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$180.99 million in 2023. The table indicates the changes in net position as a result of activities for the governmental and business-type activities in 2022 and 2023.

Changes in Net Position (in Millions)

		Governmental Activities			Business- Activit	• •	Total			
		2022	2023		2022	2023	2022	2023		
Revenues										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	84.21 \$	90.79	\$	0.23 \$	0.31 \$	84.44 \$	91.10		
Grants and contributions		80.38	40.71		0.00	0.00	80.38	40.71		
General revenues:										
Property taxes		174.79	264.30		0.00	0.00	174.79	264.30		
Other taxes		17.24	19.32		0.00	0.00	17.24	19.32		
Other revenues		49.38	98.45		0.00	0.00	49.38	98.45		
Total revenues	\$	406.00 \$	513.57	\$	0.23 \$	0.31 \$	406.23 \$	513.88		
Expenses										
General government	\$	71.22 \$	80.28	\$	0.00 \$	0.00 \$	71.22 \$	80.28		
Public safety		92.28	97.86		0.00	0.00	92.28	97.86		
Streets and highways		67.81	69.71		0.00	0.00	67.81	69.71		
Culture and recreation		2.56	0.76		0.00	0.00	2.56	0.76		
Health & Welfare		67.57	68.93		0.00	0.00	67.57	68.93		
Economic Assist		14.99	15.04		0.00	0.00	14.99	15.04		
Forensic Crime Lab		0.00	0.00		0.23	0.31	0.23	0.31		
Total expenses	_	316.43	332.58		0.23	0.31	316.66	332.89		
Increase (decrease) in net position										
before Transfers		89.57	180.99		0.00	0.00	89.57	180.99		
Transfers		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Net Position Beginning	_	1,094.36	1,183.93	_	3.91	3.91	1,098.27	1,187.84		
Net Position Ending	_	1,183.93 \$		\$	3.91 \$		1,187.84 \$			

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased Weld County's net position by \$180.99 million in 2023. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- County revenues totaled \$513.57 million in 2023 up \$107.57 million, 26.50% from the prior year. Property tax revenue increased \$89.51 million as the county's assessed valuation increased \$6.3 billion for the 2023 tax year with oil and gas activity accounting for \$6.0 billion of the increase. County investment activity also impacted revenues in 2023. The combination of investment earnings and adjustment to market value increased revenues (\$66 million). Offsetting those increased revenues were decreases to other revenues where royalties decreased (\$26.44 million) from the fluctuation of oil and gas prices, and operating grant and contributions (\$39.67 million) with the elimination of revenues from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) programs.
- Expenses totaled \$332.58 million, a \$16.15 million or 5.10% increase over 2022. The cost to provide general governmental (\$9.06 million) and public safety services (\$5.58 million) continued to increase over prior years. In 2023 general government expenses included additional cost for the implementation of a county wide Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system and funding for the county retirement plan. Additional expenses in 2023 for Health and Welfare (\$1.36 million) and Economic Assistance (\$0.05 million) were offset by additional state and federal funding.

Business-Type Activities. The County's only business-type activity, Northern Colorado Regional Forensic Laboratory, did not have a change in net position in 2023. The crime lab began operations in August 2013 and is funded by the participating agencies.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, Weld County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds Overview. The focus of County governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of 2023, the combined ending fund balance of County governmental funds was \$699.67 million. Of this amount approximately \$48.90 million represent an investment in non-spendable items, inventory (\$1.91 million), the Weld Trust permanent fund (\$45.69 million), and prepaid items (\$1.30 million). Another \$310.25 million of fund balance is restricted use for emergencies (\$10.00 million), public works (\$270.78 million), health, welfare, and economic assistance (\$27.85 million), and other programs (\$1.62 million). Fund balance committed to economic development (\$2.07 million), capital projects (\$84.51 million), contingencies (\$164.67 million), workforce development (\$4.95 million), and environmental conservation (\$5.94 million) is \$262.14 million. Another \$4.48 million is assigned to budget appropriations and \$73.90 million is unassigned to continue providing services to the public.

The County has six major governmental funds. These are 1) General Fund; 2) Public Works Fund; 3) Social Services Fund; 4) Weld County Trust Fund; 5) Contingent Fund; 6) Capital Expenditure Fund.

- 1. General Fund. This is the primary operating fund of the Weld County Government. It accounts for many of the County's core services, such as law enforcement, planning, and elections. The general fund balance was \$97.60 million as of December 31, 2023, an increase of \$50.42 million from the \$47.18 million fund balance as of December 31, 2022. A significant increase to the county's assessed valuation for the 2023 taxes increased total property tax revenues for the county. The amount of property taxes allocated to the general fund increased \$38.46 million in 2023 after determining the amount of taxes need to fund state mandated services taxes, capital projects and reserves to mitigate fluctuation in future tax revenues. At the end of 2022 the county began replacing existing investments with higher performing investments. The increased earnings and market value of county investments was the main reason for the \$50.95 million increase to miscellaneous revenues in 2023. Offsetting these increased revenues was a decrease in Intergovernmental revenues, \$8.05 million from the elimination of revenues form ARPA programs. General government expenses increased \$4.76 million in 2023. The implementation of the county's ERP system accounted for \$3.75 million of the increase. The investment in the ERP will modernize county systems and process which will increases the efficiency and availability of services provided to county citizens. The total increase in public safety expenses was \$8.58 million, which included an additional \$4.82 million for core public safety function (administration, patrol and detentions) in 2023. The main increase was in personnel costs as the county works to attract and retain quality staff to provide these services. General fund transfers to other county funds increased \$6.68 million in 2023 from the prior year. The additional transfer included \$3.33 million for fleet and equipment purchases, and \$3.35 million to support health and human service programs.
- 2. Public Works Fund. The Public Works Fund is state mandated. The fund records costs related to County road and bridge construction and maintenance. The Public Works Fund had \$272.59 million in fund balance at the end of 2023. This amount was \$30.09 million more than the previous year. In 2023 Public works revenues were down as revenues from ARPA projects \$21.35 million were eliminated, and oil and gas royalties decreased \$26.44 million from the fluctuation in oil and gas prices. Expenditures were up \$6.81 million as the cost of services and supplies continued to increase in 2023. The ending fund balance of \$272.59 million is a reserve to fund projects in the County's 2023-2027 Capital Improvement plan.
- 3. Social Services Fund. The Social Services Fund is mandated by State Statute. This fund accounts for the local share of many Federal and State public welfare programs. The fund carried a \$6.61 million balance at the end of 2023 down \$(1.41) million from its balance in 2022. The decrease to intergovernmental revenue in 2023 was greater than the increased costs of mandated service.

- 4. The Weld County Trust Fund accounts for funds held in trust with the Weld Trust, a Colorado nonprofit corporation recognized by the Internal Revenue Service as an exempt charitable organization under Internal Revenue code section 501(c)(3), for charitable purposes to benefit the citizens of Weld County.
- 5. Contingent Fund. The Contingent Fund records any property tax revenue levied by the Board of County Commissioners to cover reasonable unforeseen expenditures. For the 2023 tax year the county's assessed value increased \$6.3 billion increasing total property taxes revenues. In 2023 \$64.56 million was designated to the Contingent fund to fund future fluctuations in assessed value and property tax revenues. As of December 31, 2023, the fund balance in the contingent funds was \$164.67 million.
- 6. Capital Expenditure Fund. The Capital Expenditure Fund accounts for the construction of major capital facilities. in order to fund the County's Long Range Capital Plan the fund balance increased \$8.16 million in 2023 to \$84.50 million as of December 31, 2023.

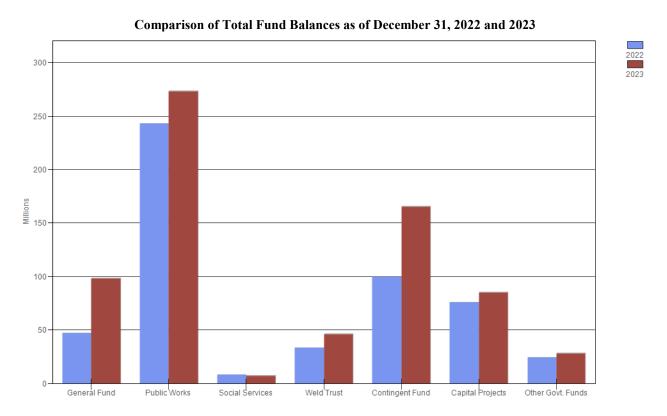
PROPRIETARY FUNDS OVERVIEW

The County's proprietary fund statements provide the same information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail.

The County has one enterprise-type fund, The Northern Colorado Regional Forensic Laboratory. The crime lab began operations in August 2013 and is funded by participating entities.

Weld County has four internal service funds. Information on these funds is aggregated in the Proprietary Fund financial statements.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS



The County's budget is prepared according to Colorado statutes. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

In December of 2022 the Board of County Commissioners appropriated \$203.19 million for general fund expenditures and other financing uses for 2023.

Table 3
2023 General Fund Budget

(in Millions)

		Original Budget	Ar	Amendments		nal Budget	Actual		
Revenue and other financing sources	\$	205.92	\$	3.19	\$	209.11	\$	233.88	
Expenditures and other financing uses	\$	203.19	\$	16.04	\$	219.23	\$	183.46	

During 2023 mid-year budget amendments included:

- \$7.3 million transferred forward to the Public Works Fund, and \$12.1 million to the Capital Fund for carried-over projects and purchases.
- The board agreed to fund and staff school resource officers from the Sheriff's Office to the unincorporated school districts, increasing the Sheriff's Office budget by approximately \$460,000 as well as the need for seven new FTE and vehicles for those positions
- In preparation for the 2024 presidential election, the Elections office purchased upgraded voting equipment, to ensure the equipment was available and in place in time for the 2024 multiple elections. This was an increase of \$839,000 to the Clerk and Recorder's budget.
- Administration decided to delay the Workday implementation from January 2024 to June 2024, and extended the contract with Collaborative services, requiring change orders near the end of 2023 to exceed the contracted hours. The contract was increased by \$5.2 million in 2023. There were also additional needs for consultants and Workday services, adding an additional \$1.465 million to the project expense in 2023.
- Public Works had increases to contract and project expenses that resulted in increases of approximately \$6 million.
 However revenues from Oil and Gas and the Grazing Act offset those increases, and still resulted in over \$11 million in revenue over budgeted, and therefore accounted for in the supplementals in both revenue and expenses, and \$5 million increase to the fund balance.
- The Fleet Services unit was still attempting to resolve supply chain shortages and backlogs of vehicle purchases. Part of this involved a \$2.775 million transfer to Fleet to allow for 2024 vehicle requests to be allocated in 2023 for the purchase window of August September 2023 for 2024 vehicles.
- Facilities required an additional approximately \$300,000 for increases in utility expenses for the 105 properties managed by Weld County.
- • The Capital Fund used approximately \$1.4 million for the purchase of a rail spur for mining operations, and for land improvements that were originally unanticipated in the creation of the 2023 budget

The increase was possible due to excess fund balance, various departments under spending their budgets, and additional unanticipated revenues.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. Weld County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2023 total \$565.80 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes all land, buildings, machinery, equipment, intangible assets and infrastructure. Total capital assets increased 5.5% in the current fiscal year.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year include the following:

- Completed an new Public Works Storage facility \$1,729,033.
- Remodled the Planning offices \$1,416,567
- Complete the constrution of a new grader shed in Ault \$1,022,920
- Upgrade and new communications equipment \$2,789,787.
- Completed varios road construction and imporvment projets totalling \$20,146,299

The County implemented the "depreciation method" under GASB 34 for its road and bridge infrastructure assets, except for the gravel roads, where the "modified approach" was used. The County's policy is to maintain gravel roads at a condition of fair or better. This level of condition is being maintained consistently on over 99% of miles of road.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 7 of this report. Construction commitments are discussed in Note 13.

Long-term Debt. At December 31, 2023, Weld County had no outstanding long-term debt or debt from Certificates of Participation (COP). The last COP was paid off early on August 1, 2007.

The Weld County Home Rule Charter provides for a general obligation debt limit of 3% of assessed valuation. The county had a general obligation debt capacity of \$740.26 million in 2023. The county currently has no debt subject to the limitation. No new debt was issued in 2023.

Additional information on Weld County's debt can be found in Note 9.

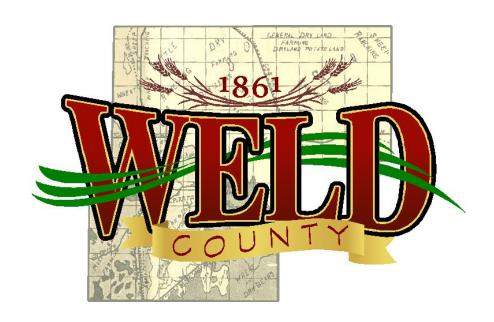
Other Matters. The following factors are expected to have a significant effect on the County's financial position or results of operations and were taken into account in developing the 2024 budget.

- Between midyear 2023 and approved 2024 requests, Weld County will add approximately 83new FTE positions to meet growing demands. This includes the new Case ManagementAgency grant in the Social Services, Area Agency on Aging (AAA) program that estimates aneed for 48 new employees, and a net decrease of 15 Sheriff's Office deputies
- Increase facilities needed for the influx of new programs and positions.
- Continue the second year of implementation process for an Enterprise Resource Planning(ERP) system.
- Increase liability insurance funding as insurance costs are increasing dramatically from 2023to 2024.
- Continue efforts to control health care costs for county employees/dependents. A 26% rateincrease for the county and 5% for employees in 2024 will be needed to ensure adequatefunding.
- Comply with new legislation making immediate changes to property tax rates because of SB23-303 and legislation changes after the defeat of Proposition HH in November 2023.
- The 2024-2028 Capital Plan for Facilities is estimated to need over \$151 million for projects and maintenance improvements. Results of the Facilities Master Plan will potentially increase this amount.

- Fund the Public Works 2024-2028 Capital Improvement Plan.
- Maintain a fully-funded pension plan with an earning rate assumption of 5.9%.
- New Sheriff's Office shooting range and training facility will likely open.
- Add bilingual pay differentials and employee appreciation programs.
- Conduct a comprehensive review of the compensation plan for fairness, equity and competitiveness of job markets.
- Continue incentives for expanding industry and commercial development in Weld County.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Weld County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this or for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance and Administration, 1150 O Street, Greeley, CO 80631. Request for additional information regarding the Housing Authority should be addressed to Tom Teixeira, Executive Director, Weld Housing Authority, 903 6th Street, Greeley, CO 80631.



BASIC FINANCIAL



STATEMENTS



Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

	Pri	mary Governme	nt	Component Units		
		Business-				
	Governmental Activities	Type Activities	Total	Housing Authority	E911 Authority	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 748,424,247	\$ 996,628	\$ 749,420,875	\$ 2,725,992	\$ 4,662,045	
Property taxes receivable	296,792,651	-	296,792,651	-	-	
Receivables (net of allowance)	12,414,170	_	12,414,170	189,052	745,204	
Lease Receivable	1,824,099	_	1,824,099	-	-	
Notes Receivable	22,708,677	_	22,708,677	_	_	
Due from other governments	5,155,025	_	5,155,025	_	_	
Internal balances	13,694	(13,694)		_	_	
Inventories	2,150,860	(15,0)	2,150,860	_	_	
Other assets	1,308,252		1,308,252	_	_	
Restricted Cash and Equivalents	862,329		862,329	64,582	_	
Right To Use Asset	3,682,692		3,682,692	· -	_	
Capital assets not being depreciated	128,783,570	-	128,783,570	64,440	_	
Capital assets net of depreciation	430,054,631	3,282,434	433,337,065	358,334	_	
Total assets	1,654,174,897	4,265,368	1,658,440,265		5,407,249	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		.,,,	1,000,110,200			
	05.261.041		05.261.041			
Pension Plans	85,361,041	-	85,361,041	-	-	
Other Post Employment Benefits	113,673		113,673	. <u> </u>		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	85,474,714		85,474,714	<u> </u>	-	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and other current						
liabilities	24,986,534	3,012	24,989,546	69,250	-	
Accrued liabilities	13,361,894	-	13,361,894	-	-	
Unearned Revenue	6,518,917	357,407	6,876,324	-	_	
Other liabilities	10,927	-	10,927	-	_	
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year:						
Compensated absences	584,995	-	584,995	9,124	-	
Software Subscriptions	1,322,187	-	1,322,187	-	_	
Due in more than one year:						
Compensated absences	7,575,519	_	7,575,519	10,078	_	
Software Sunscriptions	2,468,974	-	2,468,974	-	_	
Net Pension Liability	18,014,111	_	18,014,111	_	_	
Net Other Post Employment Benefits	, ,		, ,			
Liability	571,535	-	571,535	-	_	
Total liabilities	75,415,593	360,419	75,776,012	88,452	_	

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

		Primary Government				t Units	
	(Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total		ousing thority	E911 Authority
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Property Taxes		297,008,368	_	297,008,368		_	_
Deferred Lease Revenue		1,824,099	_	1,824,099		-	_
Pension Plans		274,139	-	274,139		-	_
Other Post Employment Benefits		201,296	-	201,296			_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		299,307,902	-	299,307,902		-	_
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:		562,520,892	3,282,434	565,803,326		422,774	-
Programs		21,965,451	_	21,965,451		-	_
Emergencies		10,000,000	-	10,000,000		-	_
Claims		4,734,405	-	4,734,405		-	-
Public Works		291,816,281	-	291,816,281		-	-
Permanent		62,166,224	-	62,166,224		-	-
Unrestricted		411,722,863	622,515	412,345,378	2	2,891,174	5,407,249
Total net position	\$	1,364,926,116 \$	3,904,949	\$1,368,831,065	\$ 3	3,313,948 \$	5,407,249

Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Program Revenues			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary government:					
Governmental activities:					
General Government	\$ 80,276,257	\$ 24,487,341	\$ 1,602,761	\$ -	
Public Safety	97,856,164	19,144,986	6,295,580	-	
Streets and Highways	69,710,878	4,512,872	13,993,566	-	
Health and Welfare	68,928,345	42,106,319	6,347,762	-	
Culture and Recreation	760,866	-	602,733	-	
Economic Assistance	15,035,060	540,080	11,867,545		
Total governmental activities	332,567,570	90,791,598	40,709,947		
Business-type activities					
Regional Forensic Laboratory	311,262	307,315	-	-	
Total primary government	\$332,878,832	\$ 91,098,913	\$ 40,709,947	\$ -	
Component units:					
Housing Authority	\$ 4,509,894	\$ 54,124	\$ 4,290,026	\$ -	
E-911 Authority	7,206,993	8,181,504	<u> </u>		
Total component units	\$ 11,716,887	\$ 8,235,628	\$ 4,290,026	\$ -	

GENERAL REVENUES

Taxes:

Property taxes

Specific ownership

Severance/Tobacco

Royalties

Miscellaneous

Unrestricted investment earnings

Total general revenues and transfers

Changes in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
_	Prir	nary Governmen			ent Units	
_	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Housing Authority	E911 Authority	
\$	(54,186,155) (72,415,598) (51,204,440) (20,474,264) (158,133) (2,627,435) (201,066,025)	\$ - - - - - -	\$ (54,186,155) (72,415,598) (51,204,440) (20,474,264) (158,133) (2,627,435) (201,066,025)	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -	
\$	(201,066,025)	(3,947) \$ (3,947)	(3,947) \$ (201,069,972)	\$ -	\$ -	
\$	- -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (165,744)	\$ - 974,511	
\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ (165,744)	\$ 974,511	
_	264,296,642 12,002,679 7,313,667 32,553,925 30,910,868 34,988,826 382,066,607		264,296,642 12,002,679 7,313,667 32,553,925 30,910,868 34,988,826 382,066,607	32,272 32,272 32,272	140,936 140,936	
	181,000,582 1,183,925,534	(3,947) 3,908,896	180,996,635 1,187,834,430	(133,472) 3,447,420	1,115,447 4,291,802	
\$	1,364,926,116	\$ 3,904,949	\$1,368,831,065	\$ 3,313,948	\$ 5,407,249	

Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet

December 31, 2023

	General Fund	Public Works Fund	Social Services
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 115,302,629	\$ 273,223,343	\$ 6,468,338
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):			
Property taxes receivable	178,376,070	15,398,476	13,570,835
Delinquent property taxes	54,042	6,720	5,297
Accounts Receivable	6,623,636	3,611,613	288,905
Notes Receivable	-	-	-
Due From other County Funds	84,625	-	-
Due From other Governments	32,878	-	3,174,290
Inventory	101,633	1,805,483	=
Other Assets	1,273,257		
Total Assets	\$ 301,848,770	\$ 294,045,635	\$ 23,507,665
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	16,691,872	3,269,080	265,619
Accrued Liabilities	4,489,768	636,006	1,519,713
Other Liabilities	· · · · · -	-	10,927
Due to other County funds	3,330,161	-	-
Unearned Revenues	21,618	-	1,514,596
Unexpended Grant revenue	679,551	-	-
Total Liabilities	25,212,970	3,905,086	3,310,855
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Property Taxes	178,559,805	15,416,390	13,585,999
Grant Revenue	478,497	2,136,569	- -
Notes Receivable	-	· · · · -	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	179,038,302	17,552,959	13,585,999
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable	1,374,890	1,805,483	-
Restricted	10,823,053	270,782,107	6,610,811
Committed	7,017,373	-	- -
Assigned	4,479,719	-	-
Unassigned	73,902,463	-	-
Total Fund Balances	97,597,498	272,587,590	6,610,811
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and			·
Fund Balances	\$ 301,848,770	\$ 294,045,635	\$ 23,507,665

_				Other	Total
		Contingent	Capital	Governmental	Governmental
	Weld Trust	Fund	Expenditure	Funds	Funds
\$	45 694 342	\$ 164,672,945	\$ 87,502,782	\$ 26.954.249	\$ 719,818,628
Ψ	13,05 1,5 12	Ψ 101,072,913	Ψ 07,502,702	Ψ 20,931,219	ψ 719,010,020
	-	-	82,662,226	-	290,007,607
	-	16,944	12,702	-	95,705
	-	-	-	1,671,276	12,195,430
	22,708,677	-	-	-	22,708,677
	-	-	-	1 047 957	84,625 5,155,025
	-	-	-	1,947,857	1,907,116
	-	_	_	22,471	1,295,728
•	68,403,019	\$ 164,689,889	\$ 170,177,710	\$ 30,595,853	\$,053,268,541
Ψ	00,403,019	\$ 104,009,009	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	\$ 50,595,655	1 ,033,206,341
	-	-	2,936,992	367,356	23,530,919
	-	-	-	618,037	7,263,524
	-	-	-	-	10,927
	-	-	-	79,464	3,409,625
	-	-	-	877,062	2,413,276
_	_			651,830	1,331,381
	-		2,936,992	2,593,749	37,959,652
		16.044	92 725 020		200 214 167
	-	16,944	82,735,029	-	290,314,167 2,615,066
	22,708,677	_	_	_	22,708,677
_	22,708,677	16,944	82,735,029		315,637,910
	22,700,077	10,544	02,733,027		313,037,710
	45,694,342	-	-	22,471	48,897,186
	-	-	-	22,032,687	310,248,658
	-	164,672,945	84,505,689	5,946,946	262,142,953
	-	-	-	-	4,479,719
_	-				73,902,463
	45,694,342	164,672,945	84,505,689	28,002,104	699,670,979
\$	68,403,019	\$ 164,689,889	\$ 170,177,710	\$ 30,595,853	\$,053,268,541

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances To Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2023

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 699,670,979
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of activities are different because:	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	527,402,748
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds	
Compensated Absences	(8,160,514)
Software Subscriptions	(3,791,161)
Pension Liability	(18,014,111)
Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	(571,535)
Deferred Inflows Pension Plans	85,361,041
Deferred Inflows Other Post Employment Benefits	113,673
Deferred Outflows Pension Plans	(274,139)
Deferred Outflows Other Post Employment Benefits	(201,296)
Accounts and notes receivables that do not provide current financial resources, are offset by deferred inflows in the funds	25,323,743
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance and other services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental	
activities in the statement of net position	58,052,994
Internal Services used by Enterprise Fund	13,694
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,364,926,116



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2023

			F	Public Works		
	_(General Fund		Fund	Sc	cial Services
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$	146,836,215	\$	34,126,443	\$	13,069,986
Licenses and Permits		3,238,501		1,021,317		-
Intergovernmental		11,737,743		28,217,048		41,296,071
Fines and Forfeitures		96,414		-		-
Charges for Services		12,883,041		290,307		-
Miscellaneous		39,674,816		34,424,364		-
Fees		19,327,942		1,373,137		<u>-</u>
Total Revenues		233,794,672	_	99,452,616	_	54,366,057
EXPENDITURES:						
General Government		67,382,927		-		-
Public Safety		92,478,233		-		_
Public Works		10,686,463		70,237,265		_
Public Health and Welfare		269,825		-		55,771,845
Culture and Recreation		192,453		-		-
Economic Assistance		2,295,190		-		-
Capital Expenditures		784,576		31,435		-
Total Expenditures		174,089,667		70,268,700		55,771,845
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		59,705,005		29,183,916		(1,405,788)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers - in		85,000		900,000		-
Transfers - out		(9,372,643)		_		_
Proceeds from Sale of Asset		-		2,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(9,287,643)		902,000		_
Net Changes in Fund Balance		50,417,362		30,085,916		(1,405,788)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		47,180,136		242,501,674		8,016,599
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	97,597,498	\$	272,587,590	\$	6,610,811

			Capital	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	Weld Trust	Contingent Fund	Expenditure	Funds	Funds
\$	-	\$ 64,563,455	\$ 24,868,946	\$ 50,575	\$ 283,515,620
	-	-	-	-	4,259,818
	-	-	36,500	17,300,447	98,587,809
	-	-	-	3,600	100,014
	-	-	-	5,854,734	19,028,082
	6,078,467	-	4,898,334	951,228	86,027,209
_	-		272,121		20,973,200
	6,078,467	64,563,455	30,075,901	24,160,584	512,491,752
	123,127	-	2,817,958	-	70,324,012
	-	=	=	252,522	92,730,755
	-	=	=	-	80,923,728
	-	=	=	12,114,703	68,156,373
	-	-	-	563,000	755,453
	-	-	-	12,648,837	14,944,027
_	<u>-</u>		19,099,549	104,453	20,020,013
	123,127		21,917,507	25,683,515	347,854,361
_	5,955,340	64,563,455	8,158,394	(1,522,931)	164,637,391
				6.025.200	5 010 5 00
	-	-	-	6,925,308	7,910,308
	-	-	-	(1,862,665)	
	6,275,577	-		-	6,277,577
	6,275,577			5,062,643	2,952,577
	12,230,917	64,563,455	8,158,394	3,539,712	167,589,968
_	33,463,425	100,109,490	76,347,295	24,462,392	532,081,011
\$	45,694,342	\$ 164,672,945	\$ 84,505,689	\$ 28,002,104	\$ 699,670,979

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Net Changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 167,589,968

\$ 181,000,582

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.	
Capital asset additions	68,902,746
Amortization Expense	(1,623,889)
Depreciation expense	(42,916,004)
Excess of capital outlay over depreciation	24,362,853
Net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, disposals) is a decrease to net	
position	(1,012,590)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds	(622,020)
Compensated absences	(623,929)
Software Subscriptions	1,515,420
Pension Liability and related Deferred Inflows and Outflows Net Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation	(9,037,384) 74,767
Accounts and notes receivables that do not provide current financial resources, are offset by deferred inflow of resources in the funds	(5,029,670)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, telecommunications and fleet services, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	3,157,200
Internal services used by Enterprise Funds	3,947

Change in net position of governmental activities

Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2023

	Business-type	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	Regional	
	Forensic	Internal Service
	Laboratory	Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 996,628	\$ 29,467,948
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		
Property taxes receivable	-	6,689,339
Accounts Receivable	-	218,740
Due From other County Funds	-	3,325,000
Inventory	-	243,744
Other Assets		12,524
Total Current Assets	996,628	39,957,295
Capital Assets:		
Improvements other than buildings	-	3,368,520
Intangible Assets	=	39,054
Buildings	3,833,398	2,637,797
Machinery and Equipment	72,750	76,153,916
Accumulated Depreciation	(623,714)	(47,081,142)
Total Capital Assets	3,282,434	35,118,145
Total Assets	4,279,062	75,075,440
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	3,012	1,455,615
Accrued Liabilities	-	6,098,370
Unearned Revenues	357,407	2,774,260
Total Current Liabilities	360,419	10,328,245
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property Taxes	_	6,694,201
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,694,201
Total Liabilities and Defferred Inflows of		0,074,201
Resources	360,419	17,022,446
Net Position	300,419	17,022,440
	2 202 424	25 110 145
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	3,282,434	35,118,145
Insurance Claims		16 062 122
Unrestricted	636,209	16,062,132
Total Net Position		6,872,717
	\$ 3,918,643	\$ 58,052,994
Some amounts reported for business-type activities in		
the statement of net position are different because		
certain internal service fund assets and liabilities are	(12.604)	
included with business-type activities	(13,694)	•
Total Net Position	\$ 3,904,949	•

Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Business-type	Governmental
	Activities Regional	Activities
	Forensic Laboratory	Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:		
Employer Contributions	\$ -	\$ 26,926,712
Charges for Services	307,315	16,062,178
Total Operating Revenues	307,315	42,988,890
Operating expenses:		
Personnel Services	-	2,352,120
Supplies	18,273	6,050,194
Purchased Services	193,979	2,951,490
Insurance and Bonds	-	3,788,063
Depreciation	95,063	6,151,684
Other	-	2,826,553
Claims		24,989,693
Total operating expenses	307,315	49,109,797
Operating income (loss)	-	(6,120,907)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Taxes	-	4,975,592
Earnings on investments	-	328,655
Miscellaneous	-	219,865
Grants	-	49,170
Gains (loss) on Disposal	-	353,298
Judgments and Damages		26,527
Total Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	5,953,107
Income (loss) before contributions or transfers	-	(167,800)
Transfers - in		3,325,000
Changes in Net Position	-	3,157,200
Total Net Position Beginning of Year	3,918,643	54,895,794
Total Net Position at End of Year	\$ 3,918,643	\$ 58,052,994
Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities are different because the net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is		
reported with business-type activities.	(3,947)	1
Change in net position of business-type activities	\$ (3,947)	<u>.</u>
		•

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Regio	Business-type Activity Enterprise Fund anal Forensic Laboratory		Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash flows from external customers	\$	248,000	\$	162.557
Cash flows from internal customers	*	62,000	*	43,073,024
Cash payments to external suppliers for goods and services		(74,398)		(39,329,026)
Cash payments to internal suppliers for goods and services		(139,341)		(1,084,418)
Cash payments to employees for services		-		(2,332,363)
Judgments/damages/losses		-		39,576
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		96,261		529,350
CASHFLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Taxes		-		4,975,024
Grants		<u>-</u> _		202,559
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		<u>-</u>		5,177,583
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACT	IVITIES			
Acquisition of capital assets		-		(7,581,517)
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets		<u> </u>	_	778,395
Net cash provided (used) for capital and related				
Financing activities		<u>-</u>		(6,803,122)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investments		<u> </u>		328,655
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		96,261		(767,534)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		900,367		30,235,482
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	996.628	\$	29.467.948
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	-	\$	(6,120,907)
Depreciation expense		95,063		6,151,684
Judgments/damages/losses		-		40,076
Change in assets and liabilities				-,
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		-		233,138
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		-		3,776
(Increase) decrease in inventories		-		16,878
(Increase) decrease in other assets		-		7,273
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(1,487)		783,530
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		2,685		(962, 175)
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities		-		(164,167)
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue				540,244
Total adjustments		96,261		6,650,257
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	96,261	\$	529,350
. , , , ,			<u> </u>	,

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

December 31, 2023

	Pension Trust Fund		Custodial Funds		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	13,524,390	
Restricted assets					
Restricted Cash		3,709,918		-	
Restricted Investments					
Equity		230,265,738		-	
Fixed Income		171,514,630		-	
Real Property		63,758,689		-	
Money Market		6,112,931		-	
Total assets	\$	475,361,906	\$	13,524,390	
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION					
Accounts payable	\$	42,615	\$	1,323,492	
Due to other governments		- -		9,848,298	
Deferred Reveunues		_		445,248	
Total Liabilities	\$	42,615	\$	11,617,038	
NET POSITION					
Restricted for pension benefits					
and other purposes	\$	475,319,291	\$	1,907,352	

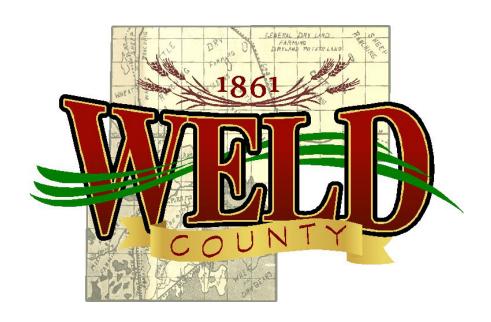
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Pens	sion Trust Fund	Custodial Funds		
Additions:	•				
Employer contributions	\$	15,561,385	\$	-	
Employee contributions		11,204,189		-	
Earnings on investments, net of investment					
related expenses of \$250,778		19,395,342		-	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		28,214,213		-	
Reimbursement of Prior Years Expenditures		-		_	
Intergovernmental Revenues		-		2,401,385	
Earnings on Investments		_		31,696	
Settlements				813,078	
Collections		_		1,420,688,802	
Total Additions		74,375,129	\$	1,423,934,961	
Deductions:					
Actuarial fees	\$	115,032	\$	_	
Benefit payments		24,327,661		_	
Supplies		68,129		_	
Other Purchased Services		, <u>-</u>		966,181	
Distributions		_		1,422,521,064	
Total Deductions	\$	24,510,822	\$	1,423,487,245	
Change in Net Position	\$	49,864,307	\$	447,716	
Net position - beginning		425,454,984		1,459,636	
Net position - ending	\$	475,319,291	\$	1,907,352	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Year End December 31, 2023

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Weld, Colorado ("County") was established in 1861, and on January 1, 1976, became a home rule county under the provisions of Section 30-35-501, CRS, 1973. The County operates under an elected commissioner form of government. The County provides the full range of services contemplated by statute or charter. These include general government functions, public protection and safety, health, social services, human resource services, public improvements, road and bridge operations, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The following summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in evaluating the County's financial statements.

1. Reporting Entity:

Weld County is a political subdivision of the State of Colorado, governed by an elected five-member Board of County Commissioners. There are also four other elected officials of Weld County (Assessor, Clerk and Recorder, District Attorney, and Sheriff).

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Discretely presented component units:

The Weld County Housing Authority is responsible for assisting Weld County residents with housing assistance. The Board of County Commissioners appoints 3 of the nine-member Housing Authority Board. The County has the ability to remove any of the appointed board members, they can modify decisions made by the board and can hire or fire persons responsible for the day to day operations. The Weld County Housing Authority is governed by state regulations, but was designated as part of the County for budgetary and audit purposes by an act of the Colorado General Assembly in 1989. A complete set of financial statements can be obtained at the entity's administrative offices:

Weld County Housing Authority 903 6th Street Greeley, CO 80631

The E911 Emergency Telephone Service Authority Board was created by intergovernmental agreements pursuant to Article 11 of Title 29, C.R.S., as amended, that authorizes the county, municipalities within the county, and special districts within the county to enter into an agreement for the purpose of providing 911 emergency telephone services. Per the state statute cited above, the agreement creates a separate legal entity which is responsible for administering the operations of the 911 emergency telephone service program in Weld County. The authority board consists of seven members with four selected by the Weld County Commissioners, one member each is selected by the City of Greeley, City of Fort Lupton and Weld County Sheriff. Under the by-laws of E911 Authority, Weld County is required to pay all operating costs. They are to maintain all accounts and have accounts audited. State statute requires that all funds be maintained by the Weld County Treasurer. The operation of the E911 authority is done contractually by the Weld County Communication Regional Center. There are no separate financial statements prepared for the E911component unit.

Year End December 31, 2023

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

1. Reporting Entity:

Because they provide services to or otherwise benefit Weld County, the financial statements of the following organizations are blended into the County financial statements:

Weld County Retirement Plan – The Retirement Board consists of five members, two selected by participating employees, two appointed by the Board of County Commissioners, and the fifth being the County Treasurer. The County funds half of the retirement plan, which covers substantially all permanent, full-time employees of Weld County. The operation of the plan is accounted for in the Weld County Retirement Fund, as a Pension Trust Fund. Complete Financial statements can be obtained at the Weld County Treasurer's Office:

Weld County Treasurer's Office 1400 North 17th Avenue Greeley, CO 80631

Weld County Finance Corporation – The Weld County Finance Corporation ("Corporation") was formed in 1987 as a not-for-profit corporation under section 501(c)(4)of the Internal Revenue Code, and exists solely to acquire real estate and construct buildings for lease to the County. The Board of County Commissioners appoints the three-member Board of Directors of the Corporation, and approves all projects undertaken by the Corporation. The members of the Board of Directors are employees of the County. There are no separate financial statements prepared for the Weld County Finance Corporation.

The Law Enforcement Authorities (LEA) were formed in accordance with Section 30-11-401, CRS. The law enforcement authorities are taxing units created by the county to provide additional law enforcement services by the county sheriff to residents in developed unincorporated areas of the county. The governing board of the law enforcement authorities is the five Weld County Commissioners. Law enforcement services to the authority are provided contractually by the county sheriff. There are no separate financial statements prepared for the Law Enforcement Authorities.

The Local Improvement Districts (LID) have not been included in the County's financial statements individually, as they are immaterial, but are included as a blended component unit of Public Works, a special revenue fund. The Board of County Commissioners can create these assessment districts to construct or rehabilitate and finance public streets, storm drainage, water systems, sanitary sewer, or street lighting. The Primary purpose of an LID is to assess the costs of public improvements to those who are specially benefited by the improvement. The LID exists only as geographic area within which improvements are constructed and as an administrative subdivision of the county. Having no board of directors, they do not operate in any capacity as an independent governmental entity. The county governing board, Board of County Commissioners, makes all decisions on behalf of this administrative entity. There are no separate financial statements prepared for the Local Improvement Districts.

The following related organizations are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond various appointments.

Greeley-Weld Airport Authority – The County Commissioners appoint two of the five Airport Authority Board members. The County has contributed approximately 5% of the funds for capital construction. The Authority has full autonomy under Colorado State law, can incur debt, and funds its operations totally from user fees

Year End December 31, 2023

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

1. Reporting Entity:

North Colorado Medical Center – The Board of County Commissioners owned the land underlying the main facility of the Medical Center, which land is currently leased to the Colorado Hospital Finance Authority as part of the security for financing the bonded indebtedness of the Medical Center. The indebtedness is not an obligation of the Board of County Commissioners and no taxpayer funds or Board of County Commissioners funds are obligated to pay any portion of the principal, premium or interest on the Bonds. The land is leased back from the Authority to the Board of Trustees, a seven member Hospital Board of Trustees appointed by the Board of County Commissioners. The Hospital Board of Trustees has entered into an operating sublease of the ground and facilities with NCMC, Inc., a 501(c)(3)entity, with three of its members also serving on the Board of Trustees, which, in turn, has contracted with Banner Health Systems to operate the Medical Center. NCMC has the ability to incur its own debt and its operations are financed totally by patient revenues. This land was sold in 2019 and the net proceeds were used to establish the Weld County Trust Fund.

High Plains Library District – The County Commissioners, together with the concurrence of the city councils of seven participating municipalities, appoint the seven-member Library District Board. The Library District Board has total autonomy under the State Library Act to incur debt, establish budgets, and levy property taxes to support the District's library system.

Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (hereinafter referred to as "CAPP")-CAPP was formed July 1, 1986, by an intergovernmental agreement by member counties as a separate and independent governmental and legal entity pursuant to the provisions of Article XIV, Section 18(2) of the Colorado Constitution and Section 29-1-201 et seq, 24-10-115.5, and 29-13-102, CRS, as amended. Each member county in this intergovernmental agreement has the power under Colorado law to make provision for the property and casualty coverage which constitute the functions and services jointly provided by means of the CAPP. The Insurance Commissioner of the State of Colorado has such authority with respect to the CAPP as is provided by applicable Colorado statutes.

The purposes of the CAPP are to provide a risk management fund for defined property and casualty coverage and to assist members in controlling costs by providing specialized governmental risk management services and systems.

It is the intent of the members to use member contributions to defend and indemnify, in accordance with the bylaws, any member against states liability or loss to the limit of the financial resources of the risk management fund. It is also the intent of the members to have CAPP provide needed coverage at reasonable costs. All income and assets of CAPP shall be at all times dedicated to the exclusive benefit of its members. Weld County, through its Insurance Internal Service Fund, recognizes an expense for the amount paid to CAPP annually for these coverages.

Weld County is a charter member of CAPP and has been a continuous member since July 1, 1986.

B. Government-wide Financial Statements

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information. The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the County as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from activities of the fiscal period.

Year End December 31, 2023

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

B. Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the county as a whole. In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary activities. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the direct expenses and net cost of each function of the County's governmental activities and business-like activity. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods or services offered by the program. Direct expenses and program revenues resulting from interfund activity are treated as such in the participating funds and are not eliminated as part of the consolidation process. Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program are included in operating grants and contributions, or capital grants and contributions. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each government function or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the County are recorded in individual funds. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental*, *proprietary*, *and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and presented as non-major funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Northern Colorado Regional Forensic Laboratory enterprise fund and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Year End December 31, 2023

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

C. Measurement Focus

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost - reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues, except for property taxes, to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Property taxes are considered available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, licenses, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the County which accounts for all financial resources that are not accounted for in other funds. Operations of the County such as public safety, planning and zoning, property valuation, tax collection and distribution, vehicle licensing, County administration, and other activities financed from taxes and general revenues are reflected in this fund.

The *Public Works Fund* records costs related to County road and bridge construction and maintenance except for engineering, which is recorded in the General Fund. By State law, Colorado counties are required to maintain a Road and Bridge Fund and a portion of road and bridge taxes is allocated to cities and towns for use in their road and street activities.

The Social Services Fund administers human services programs under state and federal regulations. Programs include, but are not limited to, Medicaid, Food Stamps, Foster Care programs, and Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF). Colorado counties are required by state law to maintain a Social Services Fund. The Social Service fund is funded by state and federal grants as well as property taxes.

The Weld County Trust Fund a permanent fund, accounts for the assets held by the Weld Trust, a Colorado nonprofit corporation recognized by the Internal Revenue Service as an exempt charitable organization under Internal Revenue code section 501(c)(3), for charitable purposes to benefit the citizens of Weld County.

The *Contingent Fund* records any property tax revenue levied by the Board of County Commissioners to cover reasonably unforeseen expenditures.

The Capital Expenditures Fund accounts for all the County's construction projects. The County chooses to use the pay as you go plan instead of debt. Property taxes are used to fund the Law Enforcement Center and the expansion of the Detention Center.

Year End December 31, 2023

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

C. Measurement Focus

The County reports the following enterprise fund:

The Northern Colorado Regional Forensic Laboratory Fund accounts for all of the maintenance and operation costs for the Northern Colorado Regional Forensic Laboratory. It is funded by rent paid by the participating agencies.

The County also reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Funds* account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County on a cost reimbursement basis. The County's internal service funds report on self-insurance programs for employee health, dental and vision benefits, risk management, unemployment, fleet services, telecommunications and acquisitions of real estate and construction of buildings used by County departments.

Services provided and used by internal services funds are not entirely eliminated from the government-wide statement of activities. The primary government program expenses and expenses for the business-type activities on the government-wide statement of activities are decreased to eliminate revenue over expenditures in service funds where revenues exceed expenditures and increased to eliminate internal service funds that have expenditures in excess of revenues.

The Custodial Funds account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. When asset do not equal liabilities custodial funds use economic resource measurement focus. The County has funds holds for monies collected (principally tax collections), collateral on improvement agreements, funds for victim assistance and youths in foster care programs, and the Weld County Federal Mineral Lease District.

The Fiduciary Trust Funds account for the activities of the Weld County Retirement Plan. This fund accumulate resources for pension benefits payments to qualified county employees. The Plan use the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with terms of the Plan.

In 2019, the County adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities.

Year End December 31, 2023

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity

1. Deposits and investments

The Weld County Treasurer maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all County funds except for some custodial funds. Accrued interest receivable is displayed separately. The amount of interest gained through secured investments is credited to the County's General Fund per Colorado State Statutes, with the exception of the Conservation Trust, Capital Expenditures Fund, Liability Insurance Fund and E-911 Authority. "Cash and cash equivalents" for the General Fund Conservation Trust, Capital Expenditures Fund, Liability Insurance Fund and E-911 Authority are stated at fair value. Any bank accounts not maintained by the Treasurer are displayed as "Restricted Assets" within the appropriate fund and are stated at cost.

The County considers cash and cash equivalents in proprietary funds to be cash on hand and demand deposits. In addition, because the treasury pool is sufficiently liquid to permit withdrawal of cash at any time without prior notice or penalty, equity in the pool is also deemed to be a cash equivalent.

For the purpose of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are determined by original maturity of three months. Investments are reported at fair values using quoted market prices.

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes were levied in December, and are payable either in two installments due on February 28 and June 15 or in full on April 30. The bill becomes delinquent on March 1, May 1, and June 16 and penalties and interest may be assessed by the County. The County, through the Weld County Treasurer, bills and collects its own property taxes, as well as property taxes of all other taxing authorities within the County. In accordance with Section 14-7 of the Weld County Home Rule Charter, all ad valorem tax levies for County purposes, when applied to the total valuation for assessment of the County, shall be reduced so as to prohibit the levying of a greater amount of tax revenue than was levied from ad valorem taxation in the preceding year plus five percent (5%), except to provide for the payment of bonds and interest. The Board of County Commissioners may submit the question of an increased levy to the County Council and, if in the opinion of a majority of the County Council may grant an increased levy for the County in such amount as it deems appropriate, and the County is authorized to make such increased levy.

Any one capital project requiring a capital expenditure out of funds procured by ad valorem taxation equal to a three mill levy for three years, shall be prohibited unless approved by a majority vote of the qualified electors at a general or special election per Section 14-8 of the Weld County Home Rule Charter.

3. Interfund Transactions

Transactions between funds that would be treated as revenues, expenditures, or expenses if they involved organizations external to the County are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses in the funds involved. Transactions which constitute reimbursements of a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from that fund which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of the expenditure or expense in the fund that is reimbursed. At year end, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Interfund balances are generally expected to be repaid within one year of the financial statement date. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Year End December 31, 2023

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of governmental funds, which consist of expendable materials held for consumption, are stated at cost utilizing the weighted average cost method. These funds follow the consumption method of accounting whereby expenditures are recorded at the time the inventory items are used.

Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded at average cost.

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The consumption method of accounting is used to recognize these expenses in the funds.

5. Leases

As of January 1, 2022, the County has implemented the provisions of GASB 87, Leases. The County determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. For individual lease contracts where information about the discount rate implicit in the lease is not included, the county has elected to use the incremental borrowing rate, which represents the rate at which it could borrow funds for a term equivalent to the lease agreement, to calculate the present value of expected lease payments. The lease term may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the county will exercise that option. Lease term includes the non-cancellable period of the lease.

As Lessor, the County recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the governmental fund and government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the county initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. Subsequently, deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term. Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the county determines the discount rate, lease terms and lease payments.

For the period beginning January 1, 2023, and ending December 31, 2023, the county had not entered any lease agreements as a lessee.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, intangible assets (computer software and right of ways for land use), and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and a useful life of more than one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date of donation.

Year End December 31, 2023

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except for gravel roads and intangible assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings20 - 50 yearsImprovements20 yearsInfrastructure - Bridges50 yearsInfrastructure - Roads20 yearsEquipment3 - 5 yearsHeavy Equipment10 - 20 years

GASB Statement 34 allows an alternative approach which would reflect a reasonable value of the asset and the cost incurred to maintain the service potential to locally established minimum standards in lieu of depreciation. To elect this option, the County must develop and implement an asset management system which measures, at least every third year by class of asset, if the minimum standards are being maintained. Related disclosures are additionally required as part of the Required Supplementary Information. The County has elected to use the alternative approach only for gravel roads.

7. Subscription Based Information Technology Systems

As of January 1, 2023, the County has implemented the provisions of GASB 96 Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements. The County determines if an arrangement is a subscription information arrangements (SBITA) at its inception.

The county recognizes a SBITA liability and right to use asset on the government wide statement of net assets. The SBITA liability is measured at the inception of the arrangement and is equal to the present value of the payments expected to me made during the contracted term. The liability is reduced by the principal portion SBITA payments made during the period. The right to use assets is in equal to the amount of the initial SBITA liability Adjusted for payments made at or prior to the commencement period plus any certain implementation costs. The right to use asset is amortized over it's useful life on a straight-line basis.

8. Compensated Absences

County employees accumulate sick leave and vacation benefits at rates of 8 hours per month and 8 to 16 hours per month, respectively, depending on length of service. In the event of retirement or termination, an employee is paid 100% of accumulated vacation pay. An employee whose date of hire is prior to January 1, 1985, is paid for 50% of accumulated sick leave hours up to the equivalent of one month; if the employee's date of hire is after January 1, 1985, no sick leave is paid upon retirement or termination. Up to 320 hours of annual vacation may be carried over from one year to the next. Compensatory time is granted (except for official, professional, and administrative positions) at the rate of one and one-half hours for each overtime hour worked, not to be accumulated in excess of forty hours.

Year End December 31, 2023

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

8. Compensated Absences

The unpaid sick leave, vacation pay and related benefits at the end of the period will generally not be paid with expendable and available resources. Proprietary funds accrue sick leave, vacation pay and related benefits in the period they are earned by the employees.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Expenditures and liabilities for compensated absences are reported on the government fund statements only when the liability for the compensated absences becomes due.

9. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

10. Fund Equity

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). As prescribed by GASB Statement 54 governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of December 31, 2021, fund balances for governmental funds are comprised of the following:

- 1. Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criteria include items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example such as fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).
- 2.Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with consent of resource providers.
- 3. Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a resolution of the Board of County Commissioners, the County's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the County taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.
- 4. Assigned fund balance comprises amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes that are neither restricted or committed. Intent is expressed by (1) the Board of County Commissioners or (2) an official (Director of Finance and Administration) to which the Board of County Commissioners has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- 5. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for fund balance and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose. The County's General Fund is the only fund that carries a balance in this category.

Year End December 31, 2023

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

10. Fund Equity

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The County's policy is to utilize funds in the following order: restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance.

The Board of County Commissioners adopted the County Fund Balance Policy on December 14, 2011, nunc pro tunc January 1, 2011. The policy was created to help reduce the negative impact on the County in times of economic uncertainty, major fluctuations in oil and gas assessed valuations, and potential losses of funding from other governmental agencies. The policy established minimum requirements for reserves and guidelines for the use of certain funds. The reserves and restrictions are also consistent with the requirements under Colorado statute or state constitutional requirements.

The County Fund Balance Policy requires the following:

- Any remaining fund balance following all restrictions and commitments in the Health Fund shall be assigned for the purpose of future health programs for the benefit of the citizens of Weld County.
- Any remaining fund balance following all restrictions and commitments in the Social Services Fund shall be assigned for the purpose of future welfare programs for the benefit of the citizens of Weld County.
- Any remaining fund balance in the Weld County Trust fund will remain maintainmd in a nonspendable for to preserve the corpus of the trust, and any earnings will be committed to providing charitable benefits for the citizens of Weld County.
- Any remaining fund balance following all restrictions and commitments in the Human Services Fund shall be
 assigned for the purpose of future welfare, senior, and employment programs for the benefit of the citizens of
 Weld County
- The Contingency Fund shall maintain a minimum fund balance to cover a minimum ten (10) percent of the annual expenditures and maximum of twenty (20) percent of the annual total expenditures as determined by the Director of Finance and Administration to provide: (1) a reasonable level of assurance that Weld County's operations will continue even if circumstances occur where revenues are insufficient in an amount that is equal to at least one-percent of annual expenditures to cover necessary expenses for public safety, public welfare and public works; (2) there is a major reduction in oil and gas assessed valuations; or (3)there are other unexpected needs or emergency situations costing an amount that is equal to at least one-percent of annual total expenditures that do not routinely occur. The Contingency Fund shall be funded by property tax with a half-mill applied to the county's assessed value annually, unless the Board of Weld County Commissioners adjusts the amount in the annual budget process.
- The three-percent TABOR emergency reserve required by Article X, Section 20(5) of the Colorado Constitution shall be a restricted fund balance in the General Fund in an amount equal to seven million dollars or three-percent of the TABOR revenue limit, whichever is greater.

Year End December 31, 2023

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

10. Fund Equity

Fund balances for all major and non-major governmental funds as of December 31, 2023, are distributed as follows:

		General		Public Works		Social Services
Nonspendable	¢.	101 (22	¢.	1 005 402	Ф	
Inventory Permanent Fund	\$	101,633	\$	1,805,483	\$	-
Prepaid Items		1 272 257		-		-
<u>*</u>		1,273,257		1 005 402		
Total Nonspendable		1,374,890	_	1,805,483	_	
Restricted for						
Public Works		-	2	70,782,107		-
Health		-		-		-
Social Services		-		-		6,610,811
Human Services		-		-		-
TABOR Reserve		10,000,000		-		-
Other		823,053				<u>-</u>
Total Restricted		10,823,053	2	70,782,107		6,610,811
Committed to						
Capital Projects		_		_		_
Solid Waste Disposal		_		_		_
General Contingencies		_		_		_
Workforce Development		4,946,644		_		_
Economic Development		2,070,729		_		_
Total Commitments		7,017,373		-		
Assigned						
Appropriations in budget		4,479,719		_		_
Total Assigned		4,479,719	_		_	
Total Assigned		4,479,719		<u>-</u>	_	
<u>Unassigned</u>		73,902,463				
Total Fund Balance	\$	97,597,498	\$2	72,587,590	\$	6,610,811

Year End December 31, 2023

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

10. Fund Equity Weld County	y	Capital			
Trust Fund	Contingent	Expenditures	Non Major	Total	
	•	•	•	.	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,907,116	
45,694,342	-	-	-	45,694,342	
			22,471	1,295,728	
45,694,342			22,471	48,897,186	
-	_	-	-	270,782,107	
-	_	_	20,746,909	20,746,909	
-	_	_	-	6,610,811	
-	_	_	488,449	488,449	
-	-	-	-	10,000,000	
			797,329	1,620,382	
-			22,032,687	310,248,658	
		94 505 690		94 505 690	
-	-	84,505,689	5,946,946	84,505,689 5,946,946	
-	164,672,945	-	3,940,940	3,940,940	
-	104,072,943	-	-	4,946,644	
-	-	-	-	2,070,729	
	164,672,945	84,505,689	5,946,946	262,142,953	
	104,072,943	84,303,089	3,940,940	202,142,933	
-	_	_	_	4,479,719	
-	-	-	-	4,479,719	
				73,902,463	
\$ 45,694,342	\$164,672,945	\$ 84,505,689	\$ 28,002,104	\$699,670,979	

Year End December 31, 2023

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Encumbrances

The County uses encumbrances to control expenditure commitments and enhance cash management. Encumbrances reflect the outstanding contractual obligations for which goods and services have not been received. They are set up to reserve portions of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances still open at year end are not accounted for as expenditures or liabilities, but as a constraint imposed on fund balance. As of December 31, 2023, the county's General Fund has a total of \$3,472,825 in encumbrances, which are reported as assigned fund balance on the governmental fund balance sheet. Encumbrance balances by major funds and non-major funds, and classification of fund balance used to liguidated them as of December 31, 2023 are:

	 Restricted	Committed		Assigned		Total	
General Fund	\$ -	\$	-	\$	4,479,719	\$	4,479,719
Public Works	3,139,745		-		-		3,139,745
Capital	-		14,881,957		-		14,881,957
Non Major	 32,366						32,366
Total	\$ 3,172,111	\$	14,881,957	\$	4,479,719	\$	22,533,787

11. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition construction of improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.

The County first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

12. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Year End December 31, 2023

2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

1. Budgetary information

An annual budget and appropriation ordinance is adopted by the Board of County Commissioners in accordance with the Colorado State Budget Act and Weld County Home Rule Charter. The budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgets are established for all Governmental funds, Internal Service funds and the Enterprise Fund. The accounting system is employed as a budgetary management control device during the year to monitor the individual departments. The fund level is the level of classification at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations, except for the General Fund where the department level of expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were necessary. All annual appropriations lapse at year end.

The Director of Finance and Administration is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments of each fund. Any revisions that alter the total appropriation for a fund or for any General Fund department must be approved by the County Commissioners through a supplemental appropriation ordinance. During 2021, two supplemental appropriation ordinances were enacted. Budget amounts reported in the accompanying required supplemental information reflect these supplemental appropriations.

2. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

Excesses of expenditures over appropriations in General Fund departments and Weld County Trust Fund can be seen in the expenditures section of the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual. In the General Fund expenditures in Community Correction and Victim Assistance activities exceeded appropriations. The excess expenditures for theses departments are funded by state grant revenues. In August of 2023 the County began serving as the fiscal agent for the FEMA Region 8 Homeland Security grant. The expense incurred as the fiscal agent were funded by grant revenue. The increased cost of services and supplies caused expenditures to exceed appropriations for the county coroner's office. Weld County Fair expenses exceeded appropriations as the County only budgets its annual contribution to the fair and the fair actual expenses are offset by the Fair's revenues. In total all general fund expenditures were under budget by \$35,772,576.

The Human Service fund accounts for various Federal and State human service grants. The excess revenues over expenditures in this fund for these programs were funded by revenues from the specific grant programs.

In the Internal Service funds expenditures exceeded appropriations in Fleet Services from additional parts and maintenance costs to support the increase to the County's fleet.

Year End December 31, 2023

3 - Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

1. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments held by the Treasurer's office at December 31, 2023 as reported by the financial institutions, consisted of the following:

Deposits			\$240,296,821
CDs			40,000,000
Investments:	CORP	39,819,685	
	FFCB	90,110,922	
	FHLB	65,704,523	
	USNTS	253,152,207	
	PBFC	5,325,000	
	RBOC	10,000,000	
			464,112,337
		Total	\$744,409,158

Cash and investments held by the Treasurer's office at December 31, 2023, excluding outstanding warrants, reported in government-wide and E911 Authority, and Fiduciary Funds consisted of the following:

Government-wide	\$ 71,055,925
E911 Authority and Fiduciary Funds	33,849,953
Total	\$ 104,905,878

Cash and investments of \$45,694,342 in the Weld County Trust Fund are held in trust with the Weld Trust, a Colorado nonprofit corporation recognized by the Internal Revenue Service as an exempt charitable organization under Internal Revenue code section 501(c)(3), for charitable purposes to benefit the citizens of Weld County. The note receivable of \$22,708,677 in the Weld Trust Fund are also held in trust with the Weld Trust and is not expected to be collected within one year.

2. Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all local governments deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. The State regulatory commissioners regulate the eligible public depositories. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institutions to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The fair value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. At December 31, 2023, the County had deposits of \$240,296,821 collateralized with securities held by the financial institutions' agents but not in the County name.

Year End December 31, 2023

3 - Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

3. Investments

The County is required to comply with State statutes which specify investment instruments meeting defined rating, maturity, custodial and concentration risk criteria in which local governments may invest including:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Banker's acceptance of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Money Market Funds in Bank Account

The County has no provisions in its investment policy that would further limit investment choices. At December 31, 2023, the County had the following investments:

Investment Maturities (in Years) at market value per GASB 40 report from the cunty investment advisor.

1 year or less (LIGP)	\$222,336,886
1 year or less	69,054,916
1 3- years	226,944,754
3-5 years	206,032,581
	\$724,369,137

4. Credit Risk

State statutes limit investments in U.S. Agency securities to the highest rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). On December 31, 2023, the County investments in the Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Royal Bank of Canada, Palm Beach County Florida, Corporate Bonds, and United States Treasury Bonds were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. Money Market Funds were managed by Wells Fargo Bank in accordance with state regulations pledged at 102% Government Guaranteed Bonds and are AAA rated.

5. Concentration of Credit Risk

State statute does not limit the amount the County may invest in one issuer. On December 31, 2023, the County's investments in United States Treasury Bonds, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Corporate Bonds, CDs, and Municipal Bonds represented 5.0%, 59.0%, 2.0%, 7.0%, 1.0%, 14.0% and 12.0%, respectively of the County's total investments.

6. Interest Rate Risk

State Statutes limit the maximum maturity date unless an exception is made by the county commissioners, which does not exist at the present time, to five years. The weighted average maturity in the portfolio on December 31, 2023, was 2.38 years. This factor combined with the high-quality credit risk of the portfolio limit interest rate risk to a very small percentage of the portfolio. In fact, at year end the average mark-to-the-market was within one percent of the county's basis.

Year End December 31, 2023

3 - Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

7. Money Market Funds in Bank Account

The County had \$17,842,782 invested in overnight pooled money with Wells Fargo on December 31, 2023. The County's investment at Wells Fargo is a direct obligation of the bank and the funds are maintained in a money market account earning a negotiated rate of return. The collateral for this account is in an undivided interest against a pool of U.S. Government securities meeting the PDPA requirements of the State of Colorado, which is administered under the State's Banking Division. The fair value of all of the funds shares are the same and are priced at one dollar and are liquid daily. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the participating governments.

8. Restricted Cash

The December 31, 2023 restricted cash balance of \$862,329 is made up of \$65,000 advanced to cover insurance claims and \$797,329 that must be used in accordance with the Conservation regulations set by the lottery authority.

9. Component Units

The carrying balance of the Housing Authority's cash deposits was \$2,725,992 at December 31, 2023. Bank and investment balances before reconciling items were \$2,871,255 at that date, the total amount of which was fully insured by depository insurance or secured with collateral held by the Authority's agent in its name.

Deposits consist of the following:
Checking, money Market and savings account \$ 2,871,255

Restricted cash of \$64,582 consists of escrow.

The available cash balance of \$4,662,045 for the E911 authority is included in the Agency and E911 Authority and Fiduciary Funds Cash balance of \$33,849,953 held at the Weld County Treasurer's Office listed above.

B. Fair Value Reporting

Facts and Assumptions

The County holds investments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Because investing is not a core part of the County's mission, the County determines that the disclosures related to these investments only need to be disaggregated by major type. The County chooses a narrative format for the fair value disclosures.

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

All government agency bonds are priced by our custodian bank, US Bank, at year end using the market pricing matrix for significant other observable bonds.

Year End December 31, 2023

3 - Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

B. Fair Value Reporting

Commingled Funds

The local government investment pool includes investments in U.S. Treasury securities, federal instrumentality securities, agency securities, repurchased agreements, collateralized bank deposits, highest rated commercial paper, rated at the time of purchase, by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations that regularly rate such obligations, and highly rated corporate bonds. The portfolios weighted average maturity is less than 60 days. Portfolio securities were priced to market on a daily basis. Funds are available for withdrawal daily.

The money market funds include four money market funds, two that are local government investment pools under the statutes of Colorado and two that are 2-A7-like that invest in U.S. Treasury securities, federal instrumentality securities and agency securities. Unitized mutual funds are reported at fair value based on the net asset value of the shares/units held on December 31, 2022 as provided by the fund administrators. All investments contained in the mutual funds are valued in accordance with the authoritative guidance on fair value measures and disclosures. Funds are available for withdrawal daily.

Fair Value Disclosure

The assets held in Level 1 securities have either daily liquidity at that valuation or are the actual current pricing for the same securities.

Level 2 securities are listed as of the last business day of the year. They are measured by a third party custodian utilizing actual security transactions of the same rating and structure as of that point in time of similar securities. These measurements then form the basis for the current value of those holdings in the portfolio as if they were to be traded at that moment. There has been no significant or material change in the value of Level 2 assets over the preceding year.

Investments measured at fair value as of December 31, 2023 consisted of the following measured in millions of dollars:

	Decem	<u>ber 31, 2021</u>	Lev	<u>rel 1</u>]	Level 2	_L	evel 3
Investments Measured at Fair Value			-					
Agency	\$	156.06	\$	-	\$	156.06	\$	-
Corporate		49.80		-		49.80		-
LGIP - Colo Trust		74.04		-		74.04		=
LGIP - Public Financial		74.04		-		74.04		-
Municiple Bonds		5.15		-		5.15		-
Negotiable CD		37.03		-		37.03		-
Us Treasury		253.41				253		
Total Investments by Fair Value	\$	649.53	\$		\$	649.12	\$	_
Investments Measured by Net Asset Value								
Commingled Funds:								
Bank Deposits	\$	17.95						
LGIP - CSAFE		74.25						
Total by Net Asset Value		92.20						
Total Investments	\$	741.73						

Year End December 31, 2023

4 - Inter-fund Transactions

Due to/from other funds:Internal Services

The County reports inter-fund balances between many of its funds. Some of the balances are considered immaterial and are aggregated into a single column or row. The sum of all balances presented in the table agrees with the sum of interfund balances presented in the balance sheet for governmental and proprietary funds. The balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. Interfund balances are generally expected to be repaid within one year of the financial statement date.

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	
General Fund	Non- Major	\$ 79,464
Internal Service	General Fund	 3,325,000
		\$ 3,404,464

Transfers in/out

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects or subsidies of various County operations and re-allocation of special revenues. The following schedule summarizes the County's transfer activity. Transfer in 2023 consisted of the General Funs subsidy of the Health Department and Fleet Services for equipment purchases, additional transfers were made from the Solid Waste fund to support various county programs.

	Tr	ansfer From	:			
			Non-Major			Total
	G	eneral Fund				
Transfer To:		_				_
General Fund	\$	-	\$	85,000	\$	85,000
Public Works		-		900,000		900,000
Non-Major Government		6,047,643		877,665		6,925,308
Internal Service		3,325,000		<u> </u>		3,325,000
	\$	9,372,643	\$	1,862,665	\$	11,235,308

Year End December 31, 2023

5 - Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts Receivable

The allowance for uncollectible receivables consists of the following at December 31, 2023:

Fund Type	Allowance for Uncollectible		
General	\$	13,510	
Public Works		1,679	
Social Services		1,324	
Contingent		4,236	
Capital Expenditures		3,176	
Internal Service		458	
Total	\$	24,383	

6 - Lease Receivable

In 2014, Weld County purchased an office building at 827 7th Greeley Colordo. At the time the county assumed the agreements as the lessor for the buildings office space. There are five tenats remaining with current agreements. The agreements, including possible extentions are set to expire on July 31, 2024, December 31, 2024. August 31, 2026, July 31, 2028 and December 36, 2039.

In 2014, Weld County purchased an office building at 827 7th Greeley Colordo. In 2015 the county entered into an agreement as a lessor for communications equipment on a tower at that location. The agreement, including possible extensions are set to expire on December 31, 2029.

In 2014, Weld County purchased an office building at 827 7th Greeley Colordo. In 2015 the county entered into an agreement as a lessor for patio space at that location. The agreement, including possible extensions are set to expire on May 30,204.

Principal and interest are expected to mature as follows:

Year	I	Payments	Principal In		Intrest	
2024	\$	420,943	\$	373,025	\$	47,918
2025		223,242		187,435		35,807
2026		222,863		17,506		45,356
2027		176,058		133,307		42,750
2028		158,345		113,694		44,652
2029-2033		695,564		424,739		270,825
2034-2039		905,407		424,391		491,015
	\$	2,802,422	\$	1,674,097	\$	978,323

Year End December 31, 2023

7 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases	Transfers In (Out)	Ending Balance	
Governmental activities		Bulance	mereuses	_	Beereuses	(0 41)	Bulance	_
Capital Assets not being depreciated								
Land and water rights	\$	19,024,255		\$		\$ 20,000		
Intangible Assets		5,724,443	369,638		87,856	-	6,006,2	
Gravel Roads		39,077,259	2,997,293		-	(246,522)	41,828,0	
Construction in progress	_	45,633,743	52,876,053	_	25,830	(40,805,378)	57,678,5	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	109,459,700	60,469,456	_	113,686	(41,031,900)	128,783,5	70
Right to use assets being amortized								
Software		5,306,581	=		=	=	5,306,5	81
Total right to use assets being amortized	_	5,306,581		_	-		5,306,5	81
Less accumulated amortization								
Software		_	1,623,889		-	-	1,623,8	89
Total accumulated amortization		- '	1,623,889		-	-	1,623,8	
Total right to use assets being amortized	_	5,306,581	(1,623,889)	_	-		3,682,6	
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		241,791,877	1,392,455		74,661	4,412,656	247,522,3	27
Improvements		20,264,255	927,636		516,157	105,611	20,781,3	
Equipment		101,954,540	8,229,387		4,102,278	-	106,081,6	49
Infrastructure		643,272,985	5,465,331		2,780,502	36,513,633	682,471,4	47
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,	007,283,657	16,014,809	_	7,473,598	41,031,900	1,056,856,7	68
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings		80,033,687	6,939,987		74,661	_	86,899,0	13
Improvements		7,687,334	979,154		189,258	-	8,477,2	
Equipment		61,469,773	8,887,493		3,996,699	-	66,360,5	
Infrastructure		434,693,676	32,261,054		1,889,403	-	465,065,3	27
Total accumulated depreciation	_	583,884,470	49,067,688		6,150,021	-	626,802,1	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		423,399,187	(33,052,879)		1,323,577	41,031,900	430,054,63	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	538,165,468	5 25,792,688	\$	1,437,263	\$ -	\$ 562,520,89	93

Year End December 31, 2023

7 - Capital Assets

	-	Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases	Transfers In (Out)		Ending Balance
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings	\$	3,833,398 \$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,833,398
Equipment		85,246	-		12,495		_	72,751
Total capital assets being depreciated		3,918,644	-		12,495			3,906,149
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings		474,335	79,056		_	-		553,391
Equipment		66,812	16,007		12,495		_	70,324
Total accumulated depreciation		541,147	95,063		12,495			623,715
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		3,377,497	(95,063)		-			3,282,434
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	3,377,497	(95,063)	\$	_	\$ -	\$	3,282,434
Housing Authority Capital Assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	64,440 \$		\$	_	\$ -	\$	64,440
Capital Assets not being depreciated	Ψ	64,440	<u> </u>	Ψ		-	Ψ	64,440
Cupital Assets not being depreciated	_	01,110		-		-	_	04,440
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Equipment		61,935	-		-	-		61,935
Buildings		365,161	-		_			365,161
Total capital assets being depreciated		427,096	-		-			427,096
Equipment		42,699	9,129					51,828
Equipment Buildings		9,129	7,805		-	<u>-</u>		16,934
Total accumulated depreciation		51,828	16,934					68,762
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	375,268	(16,934)	_		· _	_	358,334
E-911 capital assets, net	\$	439,708	<u> </u>	_		\$ -	\$	422,774
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	=	,	(,	: <u>=</u>		-	: <u> </u>	,. , .

Year End December 31, 2023

7 - Capital Assets

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	3,623,052
Public Safety		5,378,871
Streets and Highways		33,094,610
Economic Assistance		20,982
Culture and Recreation		10,166
Health and Welfare		788,323
Capital Assets held by government's internal service funds are charged		
to the various functions based on their usage of the assets		6,151,684
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	49,067,688
De la companya de la		
Business-type activities	_	
Regional Forensic Laboratory	\$	95,063
Component Units		
Housing Authority	\$	16,934

8 - Risk management and insurance:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; and errors or omissions. These activities are accounted for in the Insurance Fund, an internal service fund. A liability for a claim is established if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable.

Insurance coverages have not been significantly reduced from prior years and settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

The County manages risks of loss through a combination of commercial insurance, participation in a public entity risk pool, (See Note 1) and self-insurance. These activities are accounted for in the Insurance Fund, an internal service fund.

The County provides health, dental and vision insurance benefits to employees, which are funded by employee and employer contributions. These activities are accounted for in the Health Insurance Fund, an internal service fund.

Workers' Compensation coverage is partially self-insured, with insurance coverage of a \$750,000 self-insured retention. Estimated liabilities for claims made and claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) at year-end are shown as accrued liabilities in the fund. These estimates are based upon a third-party administrator's review of claims and actuarial projections from historical claims data. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the current and prior years are as follows:

	 2022	 2023
Unpaid Claims - Beginning	\$ 1,322,973	\$ 777,455
Incurred Claims (Includes IBNR's)	-	471,457
Claims Paid	 (545,518)	 (251,840)
Unpaid Claims - Ending	\$ 777,455	\$ 997,072

Year End December 31, 2023

8 - Risk management and insurance:

The Insurance Internal Service Fund provides protection against losses involving County property, equipment, and liability. Reserves within the fund support higher deductible or self-insured retention level against loss. Payments to CAPP for coverage under the insurance pool are shown as expenses in the Insurance Internal Service Fund. Estimated liabilities under the \$125,000 self-insured retention for claims made and claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) at year-end are shown as accrued liabilities in the fund. These estimates are based upon CAPP's claim administrator's review of claims and actuarial projection from historical claims data. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities under the \$125,000 self-insured retention during current and prior years are as follows:

	 2022	_	2023
Unpaid Claims - Beginning	\$ 189,044		\$ 333,574
Incurred Claims (Includes IBNR's)	972,454		986,150
Claims Paid	 (827,924)	_	(752,956)
Unpaid Claims - Ending	\$ 333,574		\$ 566,768

The Health Insurance Internal Service Fund covers the county's dental and vision reimbursement plan. The plan is not an insurance program, but rather an employee reimbursement plan that closes out each year on December 31, for services received on or before that date. No outstanding claims or incurred but not reported liabilities exist for year-end.

In addition the Health Insurance Internal Service Fund as of January 1, 2006, covers the county's health insurance program. The plan is a self funded employee health benefit plan with a specific deductible amount of \$100,000 per individual, and an aggregate excess loss insurance policy that has both a monthly attachment point and an annual cumulative attachment limit with a terminal attachment point. Attachment points are calculated based upon enrollment. Changes in the balance of the claims liability during the current year are as follows:

	2022	2023
Unpaid Claims - Beginning	\$ 4,318,907	\$ 5,859,686
Incurred Claims	27,335,225	22,387,370
Claims Paid	_(25,794,446)	(23,819,475)
Unpaid Claims - Ending	\$ 5,859,686	\$ 4,427,581

9 - Long-Term Debt:

Weld County has no general bonded indebtedness. In accordance with Section 30-35-201 CRS, 1973, the County's general bonded indebtedness is limited to 3% of the assessed valuation, or \$740,256,547 at December 31, 2023.

The County has issued industrial revenue bonds for the purpose of financing capital projects of several private enterprises. Under terms of a financing agreement, the bonds are sold to a bank, the private enterprise assumes full responsibility for repayment of the debt, and the County is released from any liability for repayment. Industrial revenue bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2023 totaled \$3,769,601.

Year End December 31, 2023

9 - Long-Term Debt:

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows, the balances, additions and reductions are listed by the funds where the liability is accrued and liquidated.

	Beginning				Ending	Oue Within
	 Balance	Additions	R	eductions	 Balance	One Year
Compensated absences						
General Fund	\$ 4,517,566	\$ 676,573	\$	368,196	\$ 4,825,943	\$ 372,152
Public Works	1,010,254	169,841		58,351	1,121,744	57,419
Social Services	1,302,329	252,572		59,789	1,495,112	104,935
Public Health	353,439	2,554		26,757	329,236	21,205
Human Services	 352,997	 61,772		26,290	388,479	 29,284
Total governmental	\$ 7,536,585	\$ 1,163,312	\$	539,383	\$ 8,160,514	\$ 584,995

10 - Weld County Retirement Plan:

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Plan is included in the reporting entity of the County as a fiduciary fund in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The operation of the plan is accounted for in the Weld County Retirement Fund, as a pension trust. Complete financials can be obtained at the Weld County Treasurer's office

Weld County Treasurer's Office 1400 North 17th Avenue Greeley, CO 80631

Basis of Accounting

The Plan uses the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with terms of the Plan.

Cash & Cash Equivalents

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) required that all local governments deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. The State regulatory commissioners regulate the eligible public depositories. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institutions to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. At December 31, 2023, the Plan had cash and cash equivalents of \$3,709,918 collateralized with securities held by the financial institutions' agents but not in the County name.

Year End December 31, 2023

10 - Weld County Retirement Plan:

Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. The securities that are not traded on national/international exchanges are valued at fair value provided by investment managers.

GASB No. 40 Disclosures

The Weld County Retirement Plan adopted GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3*, for the year ended December 31, 2007. Statement No. 40 establishes additional disclosure requirements addressing common deposits and investment risks related to credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. As an element of interest rate risk, this statement requires certain disclosures of investments that have fair values that are highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. Deposit and investment policies related to the risks identified in this statement also are required to be disclosed.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Actuarially determined future benefit payments require the use of significant estimates. The Plan believes that the techniques and assumptions used in establishing these estimates are appropriate.

B. Plan Description

The Weld County Retirement Plan (Plan), a component unit of Weld County, is a single employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a five-member retirement board. The decision that the Plan is a component unit of Weld County was made by applying the criteria set forth in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The basic criteria for this decision is that Weld County and its elected officials are accountable for the Plan. Two board members are elected by the Weld County employees, two are outside citizens appointed by the Board of County Commissioners and the other member is the Weld County Treasurer. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. All full-time employees, except officers and employees of the Health Department, are required to participate in the Plan. Cost-of-living adjustments are provided to members and beneficiaries at the discretion of the Retirement Board. The Board of County Commissioners and the Retirement Board maintain the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the Plan.

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following at January 1, 2022 and 2023, the dates of the latest actuarial valuations:

	2022	2023
Retirees and beneficiaries currently		
receiving benefits	749	769
Terminated employees entitled to benefits		
but not yet receiving them	164	279
Active plan members	780	824
Total Vested Members	1,693	1,872
Nonvested	757	728
	2,450	2,600

Year End December 31, 2023

10 - Weld County Retirement Plan:

C. Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the County are established and maintained by the Board of County Commissioners. Plan members were required to contribute 9.00% from 1/1/2022 to 12/31/2022, and 1/1/2023 to 12/31/2023. The County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, which was 12.5% from 1/1/2022 to 12/31/2022, and 1/1/2023 to 12/31/2023. Administrative costs of the Plan are primarily financed and recorded through the County's General Fund. Administrative costs financed through the Plan's earnings in prior years are being reimbursed by the County's General Fund and recorded as reimbursement of prior year expenditures.

D. Benefits Provided

All full time employees are eligible to participate in the Plan. Benefits vest after completing five years of credited service. Vested employees may retire with a reduced benefit after age 55 with five years of Credited Service. Unreduced benefits are provided at age 65 (age 62 with 8 years of credited service for Tier 1). Full benefits are also available after age 55 when age plus service total at least 80 (75 for Teir 1) and with 30 years of credited service for Tier 2. The monthly benefit is determined as follows:

- Tier 1: 2.75% of Average Monthly Compensation times Credited Service, payable as a 10 year certain life annuity.
- Tier 2: 2.0% of Average Monthly Compensation times Credited Service.
- Tier 3: 1.9% of each year's compensation is used to determine the number of Variable Benefit Units (VBUS) earned each year. The initial Value of a VBU was \$10.00 on January 1, 2010. The VBU is adjusted every January 1 for actual market investment performance compared to a 5% assumed rate of return (i.e. 1.00 plus actual rate of return, divided by 1.05. Payable as a life annuity.
 - Minimum Benefit \$25 per year of credited service (only applies to Tiers 1 and 2)
 - Maximum Benefit 82.5% of the 12 highest consecutive months compensation with in the last 120 months. (only applies to Teirs 1 and 2)

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Year End December 31, 2023

10 - Weld County Retirement Plan:

E. Pension Liability (Asset)

The components of the net pension liability (asset) of the Plan at December 31, 2023 based on a December 31, 2022 measurment date were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$434,446,028
Plan fiduciary net position	425,454,984
County's net pension asset	8,991,044
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	
of the total pension liability (aset)	97.9 %
Covered employee payroll	109,169,948
County's net pension asset as a percentage	
of employee covered payroll	8.2 %

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability (asset) as of December 31, 2022 measurement was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.2%
Salary Increases	4.25% - 9.5%
Investment Rate of Return *	5.90%
* Net of investment and administrative	

fees, including inflation previously 6.5%

Mortality rates were based on the 105% of Pub-2010 Safety amount-weighted Mortality Table (Employee for preretired, Healthy Retiree for post-retirement) for males and Pub-2010 General Amount-weighted Mortality Table (Employee for pre-retired, Healthy Retiree for post-retirement) for females, with the adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale MP-2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation, and subtracting expected investment expenses and risk margin. The target allocation (approved by the board) and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expense, used in the derivation of the long term expected investment rate of return assumption as of the December 31, 2022 measurement date are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
_	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Public Developed Market Equity	40%	6.35%
Public Emerging Markets Equity	3%	7.97%
Private Equity	2%	8.09%
Fixed Rate debt	15%	0.14%
Floating Rate Public Debt	5.00%	1.09%
Private Credit	15%	4.57%
Core Equity Real Estate	10.00%	3.97%
Value-Added Private Equity Real Estate	5%	6.79%
Total	100%	-

Year End December 31, 2023

10 - Weld County Retirement Plan:

E. Pension Liability (Asset)

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.90% as of December 31, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the County contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rates. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits for current plan members and their beneficiaries were included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of December, 31, 2022.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liability (assert) of the Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 5.90%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1- percentage-point lower (4.90%) or 1 -percentage-point higher (6.90%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate		1% Increase
		(4.90%)		(5.90%)		(6.90%)
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	58,359,971	\$	8,991,044	\$	(31,994,330)

Year End December 31, 2023

10 - Weld County Retirement Plan:

E. Pension Liability (Asset)

For the year ended December 31, 2022 the County of Weld recognized pension expense of \$24,933,303, this amount is included in the combined \$25,677,583 pension expense for the Weld County Retirement Plan and the proportional share of the Local Government Division Trust fund recognized on the government wide statement of activities. At December 31, 2022, the County of Weld reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
Difference Between Expected and actual	Φ.	5 205 555	Φ.	220.155
experience	\$	5,305,757	\$	229,157
Change Of Assumptions		23,081,819		-
Net difference between projected and				
actual earning on pension investments		36,699,337		-
Contributions made subsequent to the				
measurement date		15,561,385		
Total	\$	80,648,298	\$	229,157

\$15,561,385 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date prior to the end of the fiscal year, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability reported in the County's fiscal report for the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as follows:

2024	\$ 14,632,869
2025	15,131,690
2026	15,265,799
2027	19,405,211
2028	422,187
	\$ 64,857,756

Year End December 31, 2023

10 - Weld County Retirement Plan:

F. Investments and Certain Risk Factors

There are many factors that can affect the value of investments. Some, such as custodial risk, concentration of credit risk and foreign currency risk may affect both equity and fixed income securities. Equity securities respond to such factors as economic conditions, individual company earnings performance, and market liquidity, while fixed income securities are particularly sensitive to credit risks and changes in interest rates. The Retirement Board, which is responsible for oversight of the Plan, has established investment policies (which does not include a formal policy that limits maturities for fixed income investments to limit interest rate risks) to provide the basis for the management of a prudent investment program appropriate to the particular fund types.

The policy addresses investment objectives, responsibilities, asset allocation strategy, investment guidelines and review standards.

All investments are part of mutual funds as listed below and therefore are not considered to be exposed to custodial risks.

Investments, at fair value, were as follows at December 31, 2022 and 2023:

	2022	2023
Equity	\$189,270,057	\$230,265,738
Fixed Income	153,708,447	171,514,630
Real Property	67,928,502	63,758,689
Money Market	13,399,395	6,112,931
	\$424,306,401	\$471,651,988

Foreign currency risk is defined as any deposits or investments that are denominated foreign currencies, which bear a potential risk of loss arising from changes in currency exchange rates. The Plan has no direct holdings which give rise to foreign currency risk. However, some of the externally managed funds have investments which are denominated in foreign currencies.

G. Plan Changes and Termination Provision

The Retirement Board and the County Commissioners intend to continue the Plan indefinitely, however provisions in the Plan allow for changes, including termination of the Plan. Any changes to the Plan must be for the exclusive benefit of the eligible employees of Weld County and their beneficiaries.

If the Plan is terminated, participants would stop earning additional benefits, contributions to the retirement fund would cease, and the investments in the retirement fund would be converted to cash and funds would be allocated to the affected participants of the Plan. First, members or their beneficiaries would receive the total of their accumulated contributions (including the accumulated value of the amount paid for purchased service credit, if any). Then, any remaining funds would be allocated on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the Plan document. Benefits may be paid in cash or nontransferable annuity contracts. No funds may be returned to the County unless all liabilities to members or their beneficiaries have been satisfied. The Retirement Board would determine how the benefits are to be paid.

Year End December 31, 2023

10 - Weld County Retirement Plan:

WELD COUNTY RETIREMENT PLAN

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET PENSION LIABILITY

Total pension liability (asset)		
Service Cost	\$	13,198,984
Interest		24,463,346
Change In Benefit Term		2,403,683
Difference Between Expected and Actual		
Experience		5,011,197
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(24,130,349)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	
Total pension liability - beginning	•	413,499,167
Total pension liability - ending (a)		434,446,028
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - Employer		14,214,071
Contributions - Employee		10,234,072
Net Investment Income		(55,208,311)
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee		
contributions		(24,130,349)
Administrative expenses	_	(103,441)
Net Change in plan fiduciary net position		(54,993,958)
Plan net position beginning		480,448,942
Plan net position - ending (b)	_	425,454,984
County's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a)-(b)		8,991,044
country's net pension hability (asset)—chaing (a) (b)		0,771,044
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the		
total pension liability (asset)		97.9 %
Covered Payroll		109,169,948
County's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage		0.2.0/
of covered payroll		8.2 %

Year End December 31, 2023

11 - Blended Unit Pension Disclosure

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

County of Weld employees of the Weld County Department of Public Health and Environment participate in the Local Government Division Trust Fund (LGDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the LGDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Eligible employees of the County of Weld Department of Public Health and Environment are provided with pensions through the Local Government Division Trust Fund (LGDTF)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports .

PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as
 of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other
 actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Year End December 31, 2023

11 - Blended Unit Pension Disclosure

General Information about the Pension Plan

Upon meeting certain criteria, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit generally receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), referred to as annual increases (AI) in the C.R.S. Subject to the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) under C.R.S. 24-51-413, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007 will receive the maximum annual increase of 1.00%, unless adjusted by the automatic adjustment provisions. Eligible benefit recipients under PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment on or after January 1, 2007 will receive the lessor of the annual increase of 1.00% or the average increase of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed the a determined increase that would exhaust 10% of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR)for the LGDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned annual increase by up to .25% based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the retirement benefit formula shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

As of December 31, 2023 eligible employees and County of Weld Department of Public Health and Environment are required to contribute to the LGDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, et seq. Eligible employees are required to contribute 8.5% of their PERA-includable salary from January 1, 2022 through June 30, 2022 and 9.00% for July 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022, and 9.00% of their PERA-includable salary from January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023. Employer contribution rates for the period are summarized in the table below:

			January1,
	January 1,	July 1, 2022 -	2023 -
	2022 - June	December31,	December 31,
	30, 2022	2022	2023
Employer Contribution Rate *	10.50 %	11.00 %	11.00 %
Amount of Employer Contributions apportioned to the Health			
Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. 24-51-208(1)(f) *	(1.02)%	(1.02)%	(1.02)%
Amount Apportioned to the LGDTF *	9.48 %	9.98 %	9.98 %
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified			
in C.R.S. 24-51-411 *	2.20 %	2.20 %	2.20 %
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement			
(SAED) as specified in C.R.S. 24-51-411 *	1.50 %	1.50 %	1.50 %
Defined Contribution Supplement as specified in C.R.S. 24-			
15-415	0.03 %	0.03 %	0.06 %
Total Employer Contribution Rate to the LGDTF 1	13.21 %	13.71 %	13.74 %

Employer contributions are recognized by the LGDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the County of Weld is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the LGDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the LGDTF from County of Weld were 1,029,097 the year ended December 31, 2022.

Year End December 31, 2023

11 - Blended Unit Pension Disclosure

Pension Liabilities, Expense, and Related Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

At December 31, 2023, the County of Weld reported a pension liability of \$9,023,067 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2022. The County of Weld proportion of the net pension liability was based on County of Weld contributions to the LGDTF for the calendar year 2022 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the LGDTF.

At December 31, 2022, the County of Weld proportion was .9 percent, which was approximately the same as its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the County of Weld recognized pension expense of \$746,379, this amount is included in the combined \$25,677,583 pension expense for the Weld County Retirement Plan and the proportional share of the Local Government Division Trust Fund recognized on the government wide statement of activities. At December 31, 202, the County of Weld reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows				red Inflows of
		f Resources	K	esources		
Difference Between Expected and Actual						
Experience	\$	-	\$	44,982		
Change Of Assumptions or other inputs		-		-		
Net Difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension investments		3,683,646		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between						
contributions recognized and proportionate						
share of contributions		-		=		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement						
date		1,029,097				
Total	\$	4,712,743	\$	44,982		

\$1,029,097 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date prior to the end of the fiscal year, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability reported in the County's fiscal report for the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows.

2023	\$ (409,185)
2024	541,089
2025	1,348,389
2026	 2,158,371
	\$ 3,638,664

Year End December 31, 2023

11 - Blended Unit Pension Disclosure

Pension Liabilities, Expense, and Related Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost Method Entry Age
Price Inflation 2.30%
Real Wage Growth 0.70%
Wage Inflation 3.0%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.20%-11.30%

Long-term investment Rate of Return, net of pension

plan investment expenses, including price inflation 7.25% Discount Rate 7.25%

Future Post -retirement benefit increases:

Pera Benefit Structure hired prior to 1/1/2007; and

DPS benefit structure (automatic) 1.00%

PERA Benefit Structure hired after 12/31/2006 (ad hoc, substantively automatic)

Financed by annual increase reserve

The total pension liability as of December 31, 2022 measurement date, was adjusted to reflect the disaffiliation, as allowable under C.R.S. 24-51-313. of Tri-County Health Department effective December 31, 2022. As of the close of the 2022 fiscal year, no disaffiliation payment associated with Tri-County Health was received, and therefore no disaffiliation dollars were reflected in the net position as of the December 31, 2022, measurement date

The mortality tabels described below are generational mortality tables developed on a benefit weighted basis.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for memebers were based upon the PubG-2010 Employee Table with generational projections using the MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for members were based on the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males 94% of the rates prior to age 80 and 90% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projections using scale MP-2019.
- Females 87% of the rates prior to age 80 and 107% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projections using scale MP-2019..

Year End December 31, 2023

11 - Blended Unit Pension Disclosure

Pension Liabilities, Expense, and Related Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based on the PubG-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projections using scale MP-2019.
- Females 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projections using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for members were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using the 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projections using the scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 20, 2021, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at the November 20, 2020 meeting.

The long term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in the evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Boards November 15, 2019 meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target allocation, and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table below.

		30 Years Expected Geometric
	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00 %	5.60 %
Fixed Income	23.00 %	1.30 %
Pritave Equity	8.50 %	7.10 %
Real Estate	8.50 %	4.40 %
Alternatives	6.00 %	4.70 %
Total	100.00 %	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Year End December 31, 2023

11 - Blended Unit Pension Disclosure

Pension Liabilities, Expense, and Related Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projected cash flow:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of the future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.0%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the required adjustments resulting from the 2018 and 2020 automatic adjustment provisions assessments. Employee contributions for future members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the 2018 and 2020 automatic adjustment provisions assessments. Employer Contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the Actuarial Value Funding Ratio reaches 103%, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.5% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- The projected benefit payments reflect the lower annual increase ca, from 1.25% to 1.00%, resulting from the 2020 automatic adjustment provisions assessment, statutorily recognized July, 1, 2021 and effective July 1, 2022.
- Benefit Payment and Contributions were assumed to be made at the end of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the LGDTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the Municipal Bond Index Rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Year End December 31, 2023

11 - Blended Unit Pension Disclosure

Pension Liabilities, Expense, and Related Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Sensitivity of the County of Weld proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1	1% Decrease Discount Rate				1% Increase
		(6.25%)		(7.25%)		(8.25%)
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	15,147,459	\$	9,023,067	\$	3,895,938

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the LGDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

B. Defined Contribution Pension Plans

Voluntary Investment Program

Plan Description - Employees of the County of Weld that are also members of the LGDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available Annual report which includes additional information on the Voluntary Investment Program. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financials-reports.

Funding Policy - The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. In addition, the County of Weld has agreed to match employee contributions up to 0% of covered salary as determined by the Internal Revenue Service. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended December 31, 2020, program members contributed \$0 and County of Weld recognized pension expense and a liability of \$0 and \$0, respectively, for the Voluntary Investment Program.

Year End December 31, 2023

12 - Blended Unit Other Post Employment Benefits Plan (Health Department)

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Weld County Department of Public Health and Environment participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

B. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Eligible employees of the Weld County Department of Public Health and Environment are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financials-reports.

The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare health benefit program is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollement period.

Year End December 31, 2023

12 - Blended Unit Other Post Employment Benefits Plan (Health Department)

B. General Information About the OPEB Plan

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF pays an alternative service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for services less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Weld County Department of Public Health and Environment is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from Weld County Department of Public Health and Environment were \$69,504 for the year ended December 31, 2023.

C. OPEB Liabilities, Expenses and Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to the OPEB

At December 31, 2023 the Weld County Department of Public Health and Environment reported a liability of \$571,535 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2022. The Weld County Department of Public Health and Environment proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on Weld County Department of Public Health and Environment contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

Year End December 31, 2023

12 - Blended Unit Other Post Employment Benefits Plan (Health Department)

C. OPEB Liabilities, Expenses and Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to the OPEB

At December 31, 2022, the Weld County Department of Public Health and Environment proportion was 0.07 percent, which was about the same as its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended December 31, 2023 the Weld County Department of Public Health and Environment recognized OPEB expense of (\$2,099). At December 31, 2022, the Weld County Department of Public Health and Environment reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Difference between expected and actual		
experience	\$ 74	\$ 138,216
Change of Assumptions	-	53,894
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	34.908	_
Contributions subsequent to the measurement	34,700	_
date	 69,504	
	\$ 104,486	\$ 192,110

\$69,504 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date prior to the end of the fiscal year, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability reported in the County's fiscal report for the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

2023	\$ (56,940)
2024	(53,464)
2025	(24,830)
2026	(3,723)
2027	(14,802)
2028	 (3,369)
	\$ (157,128)

Year End December 31, 2023

12 - Blended Unit Other Post Employment Benefits Plan (Health Department)

C. OPEB Liabilities, Expenses and Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to the OPEB

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Price Inflation	2.30 %
Real Wage Growth	0.70 %
Wage Inflation	3.00 %
Salary Increases, including wage inflation	3.2%-11.3%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of	
OPEB plan investment expenses,	
including price inflation	7.25 %
Discount rate	7.25 %
Health Care csot trend rates:	
Service-based Premium subsidy	0.00 %
PERACare Medicare plan, gradually	
decreasing to 4.5% in 2030	6.50 %
Medicare Part A Premiums, gradually	
increasing to 4.5% in 2029	3.75 %

The total OPEBn liability as of December 31, 2022 measurement date, was adjusted to reflect the disaffiliation, as allowable under C.R.S. 24-51-313. of Tri-County Health Department effective December 31, 2022. As of the close of the 2022 fiscal year, no disaffiliation payment associated with Tri-County Health was received, and therefore no disaffiliation dollars were reflected in the net position as of the December 31, 2022, measurement date.

Beginning January 1, 2022, the per capita health care costs are developed by plan option: based on 2022 premium rates for the United Healthcare Medicare Advantage Prescription Drug (MAPD) PPO plan #1, the United Healthcare MAPD PPO plan #2, and the Kaiser Permanente MAPD HMO plan. Actuarial morbidity factors are then applied to estimate individual retiree and spouse cost by age, gender, and health care cost trend. This approach applies for all members and is adjusted accordingly for those not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A for the PERA benefit structure.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Year End December 31, 2023

12 - Blended Unit Other Post Employment Benefits Plan (Health Department)

C. OPEB Liabilities, Expenses and Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to the OPEB

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2020, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates that were used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

	PERACare	Medicare Part
	Medicare Plan	A Premiums
2022	6.50 %	3.75 %
2023	6.25 %	4.00 %
2024	6.00 %	4.00 %
2025	5.75 %	4.00 %
2026	5.50 %	4.25 %
2027	5.25 %	4.25 %
2028	5.00 %	4.25 %
2029	4.75 %	4.50 %
2030+	4.50 %	4.50 %

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2021, valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds reflect generational mortality and were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF, but developed using a head count weighted basis. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Employers Table with generational projections using MP-2019.

Post-Retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Health Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 94% of the rates prior to age 80 and 90% of the rates for aage4s 80 and older, with Generational projections using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 87% of the rates prior to age 80 and 107% of the rates for age4s 80 and older, with Generational projections using scale MP-2019.

Year End December 31, 2023

12 - Blended Unit Other Post Employment Benefits Plan (Health Department)

C. OPEB Liabilities, Expenses and Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to the OPEB

Post-Retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions were based upon the PubG-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97% of the rates for all ages, with Generational projections using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105% of the rates for all ages, with Generational projections using scale MP-2019

Disabled mortality assumptions for members (other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projections using scale MP-2019.

The following health care cost assumptions were updated and used in the roll forward calculation for the Trust Fund:

- Per capita health care costs in effect as of the December 31, 2021, valuation date for these PERACare enrollees under PERA benefit structure who are expected to be age 65 and older and are not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A benefits have been updated to reflect costs for the 2022 plan year.
- The December 31, 2021, valuation utilizes premium information as of January 1, 2022, as the initial per capita health care cost. As of that date, PERACare health benefits administration is performed by United Healthcare. In that transition, the cost for the Medicare Advantage Option #2 decreased to a level that is lower than the maximum possible service-related subsidy as described in the plan provisions.
- The health care cost trend rates applicable to health care premiums were revised to reflect the then current expectation of future increases in those premiums. Medicare Part A premiums continued with the prior valuation trend pattern.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by PERA Board's actuary as discussed above.

Effective for the December 31, 2022 measurement date, the timing of the retirement decrement was adjusted to middle-of-year within the valuation programming used to determine the total OPEB liability reflecting a recommendation from the 2022 actuarial audit report, dated October 14, 2022, summarizing the results of the actuarial audit performed on the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021, valuation was based on the results of the 2020 experience study for the period January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2019, and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 20, 2020 Board meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of a regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the HCTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

Year End December 31, 2023

12 - Blended Unit Other Post Employment Benefits Plan (Health Department)

C. OPEB Liabilities, Expenses and Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to the OPEB

As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target allocation, and best estimates of geometric real rates for each major asset class are summarized in the following table.

		30 Year
	Targe	et Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocati	ion Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.0	00 % 5.60 %
Fixed Income	23.0	00 % 1.30 %
Private Equity	8.5	50 % 7.10 %
Real Estate	8.5	50 % 4.40 %
Alternatives	6.0	<u>00 %</u> 4.70 %
Total	100.0	00 %

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Weld County Department of Public Health and Environment proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease Current Trend		1% Increase in
	in Trend Rates	Rates	Trend Rates
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate	5.25 %	6.25 %	7.25 %
Ultimate PERACareMedicare Trend Rate	3.50 %	4.50 %	5.50 %
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	3.00 %	4.00 %	5.00 %
Ultimate Medicare Part A Trend Rate	3.50 %	4.50 %	5.50 %
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 555,358	\$ 571,535	\$ 589,138

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2020, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.

Year End December 31, 2023

12 - Blended Unit Other Post Employment Benefits Plan (Health Department)

C. OPEB Liabilities, Expenses and Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to the OPEB

- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the Health Care Trust Fund representing a portion of purchase service aggreements intend to cover the cost associated with teh OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the end of the month

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the HCTF's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was not change in the discount rate from the prior m,easurement date.

The following presents the sensitivity of the Weld County Department of Public Health and Environmentthe proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease		Dis	count Rate	19	% Increase
		6.25%		7.25%		8.25%
Proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	555,358	\$	571,535	\$	589,138

Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

13 - Commitments and Contingencies:

Commitments

As of December 31, 2023, there were encumbrances carried forward to 2024 of \$447,719 in the General fund, consisting of \$829,429 for general purchases, \$150,000 oil and gas audit services, \$651,659 Public Safety Information System and \$2,998,480 for the county wide Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system. The Public Works fund carried forward \$3,139,746 for road construction projects which includes \$1,775,253 Weld County Road 74 roundabout, \$996,029 Weld County Trail project, and \$368,464 for bridge design service. In the capital expenditures fund year-end projects under construction included \$3,456,669 for the Chase Building remodel, \$1,711,079 for a new grader shed in Briggsdale, expansion of the Facilities department building \$1,711,079 and Southeast Service center \$3,725,774, and \$4,183,499 for various building renovations and upgrades.

Year End December 31, 2023

14 - Non-Cash Activity in Social Services Fund

Schedule of EBT Authorizations, Warrant Expenditures and Total Expenditures for the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	A	В	С	D	Е
				County EBT	
			Total Refunds	Authorizations	
			and Expenditures	plus Expenditures	Total
			by County	by County	Expenditures
	County EBT	County Share of	Warrant or	Warrant	
Program	Authorizations	Authorizations	Accrual	(Col. A + Col. C)	Col. B + Col. C
Old Age Pension	3,137,012	1,108	391,308	3,528,320	392,416
Low-Income Energy					
Assistance Program	2,211,697	-	46,323	2,258,020	46,323
Temporary Assistance for					
Needy Families	4,803,852	850,816	4,359,900	9,163,752	5,210,716
Administration	63,265	8,083	18,522,914	18,586,179	18,530,997
Trails/Child Welfare	9,439,978	1,350,243	19,227,660	28,667,638	20,577,903
Core Services	2,389,337	177,406	3,071,359	5,460,696	3,248,765
Aid to the Needy Disabled	566,950	105,237	(29,872)	537,078	75,365
IV-D Administration	-	-	4,019,145	4,019,145	4,019,145
CHATS/Child Care	8,802,974	838,470	772,292	9,575,266	1,610,762
Adult Protection	-	-	1,385,037	1,385,037	1,385,037
General Assistance	-	-	674,421	674,421	674,421
Subtotal	31,415,065	3,331,363	52,440,487	83,855,552	55,771,850
Food Assistance	77,618,114	-	(5)	77,618,109	(5)
Grand Total	109,033,179	3,331,363	52,440,482	161,473,661	55,771,845

- A. Welfare payment authorized by the Weld County Department of Social Services. These County authorizations are paid by the Colorado Department of Human Services by Quest debit cards or by electronic benefits transfer (EBT)
- B. County share of EBT authorizations. These amounts are settled monthly by a reduction of State cash advances to the County.
- C. Expenditures made by county warrants or other county payment methods.
- D. This represents the total cost of the welfare programs that are administered by Weld County.
- E. This total matches the expenditures on the Social Services Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

Year End December 31, 2023

15 - Tax Abatements

To promote economic development within Weld County for generating employment opportunities thereby stimulating the economic wellbeing of Weld County and its citizens, in accordance with Colorado Revised Statute 30-11-123, the county offers incentive payments to taxpayers who establish or expand existing business facilities in Weld County. The Weld County Personal Property Tax Refund Incentive program allows for the refund of up to 50% of the personal property tax paid on new personal property put in to place in new or qualifying expanded facilities in Weld County for a period of 10 years per state statute.

In order to qualify for the tax incentive payments taxpayers must qualify as a "New Business Facility" (NBF) as referenced ins C.R.S. 30-11-123 and make a minimum investment of \$1,000,000 in new personal property. Eligible personal property must be located at/within the NBF or be directly attributable to the expansion of the existing business facility and used in connection with such facility for the current property tax year. The program is intended to assist business engaged in manufacturing, processing and research & development activities so eligible businesses shall derive at least 50% of annual gross revenue from sale of products/services outside of Weld County and no more than 25% of gross annual income can be from direct retail sales. Furthermore 50% of the eligible work force must be weld county residents.

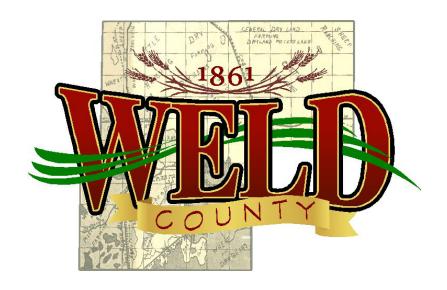
Weld County has not made any other commitments as part of these agreements other than to refund the personal property tax paid on personal property put into place in qualifying NBFs. All tax incentive payments are made to the extent of revenue and must be available and appropriated in each of the 10 years of the 10-year term. Any unused/excess tax incentives are retained by the county in the Weld County Economic Development fund to be used for economic development.

For fiscal year 2021 the County has entered into agreements for tax incentive refunds totaling \$8,871,832. Of this amount the following agreements represent agreements for more than 5% of the total amount.

- 42% of the approved incentive refunds to J.M. Smucker, LLC
- 16% of the approved incentive refunds to Agilent Technologies
- 12% of the approved incentives refunds to Owens-Illinois Glass Bottle Manufacturer

Required Supplementary Information Other Than MD&A





SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS WELD COUNTY RETIREMENT PLAN

Year Ended December 31, 2023

December 31,	2014	2015	2016
Total pension liability:			
Service Cost	\$ 6,710,973	\$ 7,377,704	\$ 7,722,745
Interest	17,727,585	18,590,170	18,726,763
Change in Benefit Term	-	(55,115)	1,326,227
Differences between expected and actual experience	(187,789)	1,228,914	2,332,354
Changes of assumptions	-	(3,163,157)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(13,593,270)	(14,677,106)	(15,452,967)
Net change in total pension liability	10,657,499	9,301,410	14,655,122
Total pension liability - beginning	221,680,478	232,337,977	241,639,387
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 232,337,977	\$ 241,639,387	\$ 256,294,509
Plan fiduciary net position:			
Contributions - employer	\$ 17,186,962	\$ 58,861,621	\$ 8,323,335
Contributions - employee	7,179,473	7,710,757	8,322,439
Net investment income	12,799,029	(2,711,588)	19,844,150
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(13,593,270)	(14,677,106)	(15,452,967)
Administrative expense	(445,444)	(74,221)	(100,956)
Other	-	(321,661)	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	23,126,750	48,787,802	20,936,001
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	162,342,795	185,469,545	234,257,347
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 185,469,545	\$ 234,257,347	\$ 255,193,348
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 46,868,432	\$ 7,382,040	\$ 1,101,161
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	79.83%	96.90%	99.57%
Covered Payroll	\$ 61,704,127	\$ 68,958,839	\$ 75,222,493
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	75.96%	10.70%	1.46%

Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which the information is available.

There were no changes in benefit terms between the December 31, 2018 measurement date and the December 31, 2021 measurement date.

There was a change in the assumptions between the December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2019 measurement date, related to the change in discount rate, where by the discount rate decreases from 7.00% at December 31, 2018 to 6.50% at the December 31, 2019 measurement date.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2021 valuation were set by the Board based on the results of an experience study for the period January 1, 2015 to January 1, 2019.

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$	8,118,911 \$	9,185,761 \$	9,995,448 \$	10,943,880 \$	11,988,431 \$	13,198,984
	19,847,138	20,803,759	21,670,650	22,569,180	23,827,014	24,463,346
	1,366,059	1,624,323	5,458,860	-	4,218,437	2,403,683
	3,489,870	1,144,064	2,970,620	(486,638)	972,718	5,011,197
	14,167,579	7,730,772	16,873,067	21,857,805	14,671,107	-
	(16,642,630)	(17,757,593)	(19,574,512)	(20,984,772)	(22,844,650)	(24,130,349)
	30,346,927	22,731,086	37,394,133	33,899,455	32,833,057	20,946,861
	256,294,509	286,641,436	309,372,522	346,766,655	380,666,110	413,499,167
\$	286,641,436 \$	309,372,522 \$	346,766,655 \$	380,666,110 \$	413,499,167 \$	434,446,028
¢	24,868,792 \$	25,485,259 \$	28,929,726 \$	22,976,733 \$	13,483,923 \$	14,214,071
\$	24,868,792 \$ 8,769,033	25,485,259 \$ 9,485,480	28,929,726 \$ 9,692,850	22,976,733 \$ 9,523,238	13,483,923 \$ 9,708,417	14,214,071
		, ,	* *			
	31,924,480	(11,373,724)	44,363,986	31,508,412	64,319,511	(55,208,311)
	(16,642,630)	(17,757,593)	(19,574,512)	(20,984,772)	(22,844,650)	(24,130,349)
	(87,762)	(114,182)	(121,454)	(97,386)	(185,581)	(103,441)
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	48,831,913	5,725,240	63,290,596	42,926,225	64,481,620	(54,993,958)
	255,193,348	304,025,261	309,750,501	373,041,097	415,967,322	480,448,942
\$	304,025,261 \$	309,750,501 \$	373,041,097 \$	415,967,322 \$	480,448,942 \$	425,454,984
\$	(17,383,825) \$	(377,979) \$	(26,274,442) \$	(35,301,212) \$	(66,949,775) \$	8,991,044
	106.06%	100.12%	107.58%	109.27%	116.19%	97.93%
\$	80,020,609 \$	86,947,708 \$	93,741,053 \$	99,649,570 \$	103,884,719 \$	109,169,948
	-21.72%	-0.43%	-28.03%	-35.43%	-64.45%	8.24%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Year Ended December 31	_	Actuary etermined ontribution	Re	ontribution in elation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Co	vered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$	6,578,458	\$	11,235,009	\$ (4,656,551)	\$	55,933,201	20.09%
2015		5,798,248		17,186,962	(11,388,714)		61,704,127	27.85%
2016		4,609,558		58,861,621	(54,252,063)		68,958,839	85.36%
2017		-		8,322,450	(8,322,450)		75,222,493	11.06%
2018		-		24,868,792	(24,868,792)		80,020,609	31.08%
2019		-		25,485,259	(25,485,259)		86,947,708	29.31%
2020		32,467		28,929,726	(28,897,259)		93,741,053	30.86%
2021		2,096,873		22,976,733	(20,879,860)		99,649,570	23.06%
2022		2,753,806		13,483,923	(10,730,117)		103,884,719	12.98%
2023		3,491,219		14,214,071	(10,722,852)		109,169,946	13.02%

Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which the information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTYS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILTY - PERA

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Year Ended December 31	Cumulative Portion of Net Pension Liability		Cumulative roportionate Share	Со	vered Payroll	% Of Covered Payroll	Plan Net Position as a % of Net Pension Liability
2014	0.9%	\$	8.047.920	\$	5,139,062	156.60%	80.72%
2015	0.9%	Ψ	10,368,118	Ψ	5,345,305	193.97%	76.87%
2016	0.9%		12,315,345		5,527,966	222.78%	73.65%
2017	0.9%		10,020,870		5,430,443	184.53%	79.37%
2018	0.9%		11,314,917		5,322,170	212.60%	75.96%
2019	0.9%		6,582,519		5,629,334	116.93%	86.26%
2020	0.9%		4,690,143		5,982,698	78.40%	90.88%
2021	0.9%		(771,663)		6,814,130	-11.32%	101.49%
2022	0.9%		9,023,067		7,504,631	120.23%	82.99%

Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which the information is available.

There were no changes in benefit terms between the December 31, 2018 measurment date and the December 31, 2020 measurment date.

There were no changes in assumptions between the December 31, 2018 measurment date and the December 31, 2020 measurment date.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - PERA

Year Ended December 31, 2023

	S	tatutorily Required			Con	tribution Deficiency			
Year Ended December 31 Contributions Contributions Made		ontributions Made	(Excess)			Covered Payroll	% Of Covered Payroll		
2015	\$	679,283	\$	679,283	\$	- 9	\$	5,356,765	12.68%
2016		677,784		703,429		(25,645)		5,571,684	12.63%
2017		700,946		686,364		14,582		5,428,401	12.64%
2018		688,580		676,076		12,504		5,343,977	12.65%
2019		717,299		714,538		2,761		5,656,577	12.63%
2020		781,475		780,063		1,412		6,043,898	12.91%
2021		903,455		901,210		2,245		6,854,739	13.15%
2022		993,864		1,009,924		(16,060)		7,529,277	13.41%
2023		1,010,123		1,004,737		5,386		7,516,971	13.37%

Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which the information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTYS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILTY - PERA OPEB

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Year Ended December 31	Cumulative Portion of Net OPEB Liability	_	rumulative oportionate Share	Cov	vered Payroll	% Of Covered Payroll	Plan Net Position as a % of Net OPEB Liability
2017 2018 2019 2020	0.007% 0.007% 0.007% 0.007%	\$	909,720 952,379 786,799 665,158	\$	5,430,443 5,347,127 5,656,929 6,043,898	16.75% 17.81% 13.91%	16.72% 17.03% 24.49% 32.78%
2021 2022	0.007% 0.007% 0.007%		603,614 571,535		6,854,739 7,504,631	8.81% 7.62%	39.40% 38.57%

Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which the information is available.

There were no changes in benefit terms between the December 31, 2018 measurment date and the December 31, 2020 measurment date.

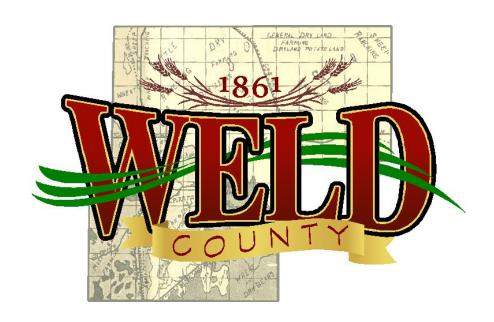
There were no changes in assumptions between the December 31, 2018 measurment date and the December 31, 2020 measurment date.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - PERA OPEB

Year Ended December 31, 2023

	S	Statutorily Required			Cor	tribution Deficiency		
Year Ended December 31		Contributions	C	Contributions Made		(Excess)	Covered Payroll	% Of Covered Payroll
2018	\$	54,509	\$	54,422	\$	87	\$ 5,343,977	1.02%
2019		57,697		57,518		179	5,656,577	1.02%
2020		61,648		61,429		219	6,043,898	1.02%
2021		69,918		70,969		(1,051)	6,854,739	1.02%
2022		76,799		79,530		(2,731)	7,529,277	1.02%
2023		76,547		75,963		584	7,516,971	1.02%

Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which the information is available.



Required Supplementary Information Modified Approach for Infrastructure Assets

Weld County prepares an annual gravel road plan. In doing this each of the sections of gravel roads has been evaluated by supervisors. They use the State guidelines as out lined in Section 43-2-120(5)(a-b), C.R.S. 1973, which is stated below. Since gravel roads condition can change quickly based on weather conditions the road plan may have to be modified to take care of such problems. Therefore, an official road maintenance system is difficult to put in place. It is the County's policy to maintain the roads in fair or better condition. The County's gravel plan details the replacement and maintenance schedule required for the gravel roads, by segment, under ideal weather conditions based on traffic and location. The day to day conditions of the gravel roads is continually monitored by the County's Motor Grader division whose sole responsibility is to maintain the condition of the gravel roads, the following table details the condition assessment in total miles and percentage reported at the end of the last three fiscal periods.

	<u>2</u>	<u>023</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>022</u>	<u>2021</u>			
Condition	Miles	% of Total	Miles	% of Total	Miles	% of Total		
Good	1,810	85.4%	1,816	85.1%	1,820	84.7%		
Fair	287	13.5%	290	13.6%	296	13.8%		
Poor	23	1.1%	28	1.3%	32	1.5%		

Comparison of Estimated-to-Actual Maintenance/Preservation

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Estimated	3,812,165	4,091,790	4,637,050	5,409,461	5,693,475	6,354,814
Actual	4,133,339	5,464,984	5,251,904	4,360,141	8,297,717	

Gravel Roads - Surface Condition Rating Criteria

Section 43-2-120 (5)(a-b), C.R.S. 1973, gives the following guidelines pertaining to the condition criteria on gravel roads.

Good Surface Condition

- \$ There is adequate width for safe passage of large vehicles.
- \$ Graded to a uniform cross-section, having a crown and ditches to provide good drainage.
- \$ The surface is smooth with no washboards, rutting or soft areas; vehicles can safely travel at the posted speed limit.
- \$ There is adequate gravel uniformly spread across the surface.
- \$ During periods of wet weather, roads will support traffic.

Fair Surface Conditions

- \$ Adequate width for safe passage of cars and pickup trucks.
- \$ Cross-section may vary; the crown is not consistent; ditches and drainage are not adequate.
- \$ The surface has occasional washboards and ruts but irregularities do not interfere with safe vehicle operation at the speed limit.
- \$ Gravel is present, but lacking in the wheel paths or in short stretches.
- \$ During periods of wet weather, puddles develop; the road is slippery but will support normal traffic.

Poor Surface Condition

- \$ Two cars cannot safely pass.
- \$ Cross-section varies. There is no crown or ditches, and water does not drain from the road.
- \$ The surface has washboards, ruts, soft areas; vehicles must slow to less than the speed limit.
- \$ Gravel is sparse or does not exist.
- \$ During periods of wet weather, cars cannot safely travel.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Budgeted -	GAAP Basis		
		Original	Final	Actual	Variance
REVENUES			,		
Taxes:					
General property taxes	\$ 1	47,286,933	\$ 148,542,148	\$ 146,678,780	
Tobacco products		160,000	160,000	157,435	(2,565)
Total Taxes	_1	47,446,933	148,702,148	146,836,215	(1,865,933)
Licenses and Permits					
Liquor licenses		4,800	4,800	3,135	(1,665)
Planning permits		765,000	825,000	1,172,090	347,090
Building permits		1,500,000	1,500,000	1,099,562	(400,438)
Electrical permits		900,000	900,000	963,714	63,714
Total Licenses and Permits		3,169,800	3,229,800	3,238,501	8,701
Intergovernmental:					
Federal grants		563,940	723,940	1,682,972	959,032
Payment in lieu of taxes		-	-	750	750
State grants		6,481,332	6,531,332	6,097,914	(433,418)
Other governmental units		2,815,016	3,040,016	3,322,489	282,473
Cities and towns		800,000	800,000	633,618	(166,382)
Total Intergovernmental		10,660,288	11,095,288	11,737,743	642,455
Charges for Service:					
Plan checking fees		650,000	650,000	491,605	(158,395)
Charges for services		11,742,548	11,762,548	12,161,947	399,399
Sale of supplies		8,000	8,000	193,767	185,767
Parking		19,000	19,000	28,468	9,468
Total Charges for Service		12,419,548	12,439,548	12,875,787	436,239
Fines and Forfeitures:					
Property forfeitures/evidence		-	-	3,348	3,348
Fines (drunk drivers)		136,000	136,000	93,066	(42,934)
Total Fines and Forfeitures		136,000	136,000	96,414	(39,586)
Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous		6,562,396	6,562,396	7,892,102	1,329,706
Interest		4,200,000	4,200,000	4,101,443	(98,557)
Rents from buildings		1,365,314	1,365,314	1,445,367	80,053
Gain/Loss on Disposal		-		26,243,158	26,243,158
Total Miscellaneous	\$	12,127,710	\$ 12,127,710	\$ 39,682,070	\$ 27,554,360
(CONTINUED)					

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Budgeted -	GA	AP Basis				
		Original		Final	-	Actual		Variance
REVENUES (CONTINUED)		<u> </u>			_		_	
Fees:								
Fee account	\$	19,762,750	\$	21,185,750	\$	19,124,829	\$	(2,060,921)
Treasurer's fees		50,000		50,000		41,225		(8,775)
Cable fees		85,000		85,000		88,868		3,868
Assessor's fees		60,000		60,000		73,020		13,020
Total Fees	_	19,957,750		21,380,750	_	19,327,942	_	(2,052,808)
Total Revenues	_	205,918,029		209,111,244		233,794,672		24,683,428
EXPENDITURES								
General Government:								
Office Of the Board		960,968		960,968		924,240		36,728
Public Information		402,189		402,189		392,288		9,901
County Attorney		1,485,893		1,735,893		1,547,507		188,386
Public Trustee		229,911		243,911		289,127		(45,216)
Planning and Zoning		2,763,594		2,763,594		2,508,814		254,780
Clerk to the Board		776,516		776,516		749,370		27,146
County Clerk		1,137,423		1,152,423		1,082,676		69,747
Elections and Registrations		1,811,779		2,475,779		1,725,780		749,999
Motor Vehicle		3,971,777		4,006,777		3,689,959		316,818
County Treasurer		1,689,555		1,689,555		1,241,120		448,435
County Assessor		4,645,971		4,692,971		4,386,345		306,626
Maintenance of buildings/grounds		11,516,692		12,154,692		11,073,110		1,081,582
Weld Plaza		663,137		663,137		352,464		310,673
County Council		59,759		59,759		30,306		29,453
District Attorney		8,784,599		8,795,599		8,218,878		576,721
Juvenile Diversion		201,581		247,581		203,042		44,539
Adult Diversion		165,887		165,887		105,577		60,310
Victim Assistance		1,450,593		1,450,593		1,993,324		(542,731)
Financial administration		740,869		740,869		499,975		240,894
General accounting		1,257,113		1,363,113		1,190,799		172,314
Purchasing		394,870		394,870		306,521		88,349
Personnel		3,680,218		3,680,218		3,017,422		662,796
Geographical Information Systems		191,555		191,555		172,322		19,233
Computer Services		11,145,041		11,528,641		10,615,394		913,247
Print and Supply		507,641		567,641		500,953		66,688
Bright Futures Weld County		2,796,043		2,796,043		563,506		2,232,537
Smart Energy Project		1,604,417		1,604,417		-		1,604,417
Community Service Block Grant	<u></u>	1,036,772		1,036,772		338,800		697,972
Total General Government	\$	66,072,363	\$	68,341,963	\$	57,719,619	\$	10,622,344

(CONTINUED)

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Budgeted - GAAP Basis			
		Original	Final	Actual	Variance
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)					
Public Safety:					
Sheriff administration	\$	10,243,366 \$	10,325,366	\$ 8,748,856	\$ 1,576,510
Crime control and investigation		13,674,619	14,625,719	13,901,997	723,722
Correctional Administration		43,805,466	44,640,466	40,875,989	3,764,477
Records Unit		1,122,651	1,152,651	1,135,026	17,625
Evidence Unit		264,197	274,197	228,464	45,733
Task Force		371,934	407,934	399,117	8,817
Regional Forensic Laboratory		860,018	860,018	818,786	41,232
Communication Services		10,739,760	10,753,982	9,894,062	859,920
Criminal Justice		2,703,725	2,768,725	2,651,389	117,336
Public Safety Wireless		336,139	336,139	164,296	171,843
Justice Services		1,676,426	1,676,426	1,590,031	86,395
County Coroner		1,731,935	1,771,935	1,815,592	(43,657)
Homeland Security Grants		- · · · · -	-	155,959	(155,959)
Community Corrections		4,102,987	4,102,987	4,573,513	(470,526)
Building Inspections		1,990,844	1,990,844	1,912,652	78,192
Oil and Gas Energy		1,320,542	1,320,542	1,259,942	60,600
Office Of Emergency Management		729,211	729,211	639,908	89,303
Waste Water		10,000	10,000	7,500	2,500
Animal Control		369,407	381,407	449,865	(68,458)
Pest/weed Control		1,164,971	1,164,971	1,000,841	164,130
Victims Advocates		206,427	251,427	254,448	(3,021)
Total Public Safety	_	97,424,625	99,544,947	92,478,233	7,066,714
Public Works:					
General Engineering		22,172,925	22,258,725	9,537,349	12,721,376
Extension		545,498	640,498	996,445	(355,947)
Veterans Office		201,866	201,866	152,669	49,197
Total Public Works	_	22,920,289	23,101,089	10,686,463	12,414,626
Public Health and Welfare:					
Mental Health		216,000	216,000	191,600	24,400
Developmentally Disabled		38,225	38,225	38,225	, <u>-</u>
Seniors Program		40,000	40,000	40,000	_
Total Public Health and Welfare	_	294,225	294,225	269,825	24,400
Culture and Recreation:					
Parks and Trails		277,000	277,000	77,000	200,000
County Fair		178,248	185,248	115,453	69,795
Total Culture and Recreation	\$	455,248 \$	462,248		
(CONTINUED)	Ψ	755,270 V	702,270	Ψ 1/2,π33	Ψ 207,173

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Budgeted - (GAAP Basis		
		Original	Final	Actual	Variance
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)	_	,,			
Miscellaneous:					
Other	\$	6,142,779	\$ 12,860,779	\$ 9,651,279 \$	3,209,500
Pension Contribution		-	-	3,540	(3,540)
Economic Development		1,350,000	3,105,215	2,295,190	810,025
Building Rents		171,263	171,263	8,489	162,774
Total Miscellaneous	_	7,664,042	16,137,257	11,958,498	4,178,759
Capital Outlay:					
Capital Expenditures	_	1,757,914	1,980,514	784,576	1,195,938
Total Expenditures	_	196,588,706	209,862,243	174,089,667	35,772,576
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers - In:					
Non-Departmental		-	-	85,000	85,000
Transfers - Out:					
Appropriation Grants-In-Aid		(6,597,643)	(9,372,643)	(9,372,643)	-
Total Other Financing Source (Uses)	_	(6,597,643)	(9,372,643)	(9,287,643)	85,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,731,680	(10,123,642)	50,417,362	60,541,004
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		47,180,136	47,180,136	47,180,136	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	49,911,816	\$ 37,056,494	\$ 97,597,498 \$	60,541,004



Public Works Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budget - GAAP Basis				
		Original	Final	Actual	Variance
REVENUES					
Taxes:					
General property taxes	\$	15,000,000		\$ 14,883,987	\$ (116,013)
Severance tax		7,300,000	7,300,000	7,156,232	(143,768)
Specific ownership taxes		11,600,000	11,600,000	12,000,780	400,780
Penalties & interest		-		85,444	85,444
Total Taxes	_	33,900,000	33,900,000	34,126,443	226,443
Licenses and Permits					
Moving Permits	_	950,000	950,000	1,021,317	71,317
Intergovernmental:					
Grazing Act		6,500,000	13,745,800	13,745,834	34
Payment in lieu of taxes		88,500	88,500	96,618	8,118
Grants		4,067,959	4,067,959	2,595,594	(1,472,365)
Motor Vehicle Registrations		400,000	400,000	354,957	(45,043)
Highway user Tax fund		11,050,000	11,050,000	11,424,045	374,045
Total Intergovernmental	_	22,106,459	29,352,259	28,217,048	(1,135,211)
Charges for Services:					
Charges for services	_	-	_	290,307	290,307
Miscellaneous:					
Earnings on Deposits		_	_	290,345	290,345
Royalties		25,500,000	29,500,000	32,553,925	3,053,925
Miscellaneous		4,668,332	4,668,332	1,580,094	(3,088,238)
Total Miscellaneous		30,168,332	34,168,332	34,424,364	256,032
Fees:					
Fees	_	-	_	1,373,137	1,373,137
Total Revenues		87,124,791	98,370,591	99,452,616	1,082,025

Public Works Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budget - G.	Budget - GAAP Basis		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
EXPENDITURES				
Public Works:				
Bridge Construction	8,284,853	8,284,853	6,226,423	2,058,430
Maintenance of Condition	10,252,628	10,982,628	10,201,791	780,837
Maintenance of Support	3,302,931	3,544,931	2,825,506	719,425
Trucking Division	6,574,771	8,354,771	7,666,280	688,491
Mining Division	6,277,495	6,309,495	4,027,442	2,282,053
Administration	1,354,823	1,354,823	1,245,298	109,525
Pavement Management	10,786,580	10,786,580	8,945,339	1,841,241
Other Public Works	32,926,027	36,126,027	26,450,282	9,675,745
Total Public Works	79,760,108	85,744,108	67,588,361	18,155,747
Intergovernmental:				
Grants-in-aid to cities/towns	2,630,135	2,648,935	2,648,904	31
Capital Expenditures	78,000	84,017	31,435	52,582
Total Expenditures	82,468,243	88,477,060	70,268,700	18,208,360
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds for Sale of Asset Transfers In	-	-	2,000	2,000
Solid Waste	900,000	900,000	900,000	_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	900,000	900,000	902,000	2,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,556,548	10,793,531	30,085,916	19,292,385
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	242,501,674	242,501,674	242,501,674	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 248,058,222	\$ 253,295,205	\$ 272,587,590	\$ 19,292,385

Social Services Fund

Schedule of Revenues Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Budget - GAAP Basis			
	_	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
REVENUES					
Taxes:					
General property taxes	\$	13,101,560 \$	13,101,560	\$ 12,996,138	\$ (105,422)
Penalties & interest		<u> </u>		73,848	73,848
Total Taxes	_	13,101,560	13,101,560	13,069,986	(31,574)
Intergovernmental:					
Welfare	_	33,211,957	38,497,457	41,296,071	2,798,614
Total Revenues		46,313,517	51,599,017	54,366,057	2,767,040
EVDENDITUDES	_				
EXPENDITURES Public Health and Welfare:					
Administration		15,132,730	17,522,730	18,367,854	(845,124)
Administration Administrative - IV-D		3,574,500	3,688,600	4,019,145	(330,545)
Food Stamps		-	5,000,000	4,019,145 (5)	5
Other Programs		51,800	157,600	267,795	(110,195)
Adult Protection		1,220,000	1,320,000	1,385,037	(65,037)
General Assistance		10,000	30,000	35,392	(5,392)
TANF		4,158,000	4,663,000	5,106,064	(443,064)
AND - State		84,100	150,900	75,365	75,535
Child Welfare		17,210,000	18,810,000	20,577,903	(1,767,903)
Day Care		1,819,350	1,819,350	1,610,762	208,588

(CONTINUED)

Social Services Fund

Schedule of Revenues Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budget - GAAP Basis			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED): OAP-A Core Services Administration - LEAP	356,950 2,711,200	356,950 3,045,000 50,000	392,416 3,248,765 46,323	(35,466) (203,765) 3,677
COVID Community Support	_	-	639,029	(639,029)
Total Public Health and Welfare	46,328,630	51,614,130	55,771,845	(4,157,715)
Total Expenditures	46,328,630	51,614,130	55,771,845	(4,157,715)
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balances	(15,113)	(15,113)	(1,405,788)	(1,390,675)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	8,016,599	8,016,599	8,016,599	-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 8,001,486	8 8,001,486 \$	6,610,811	(1,390,675)

Contingent Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

	_	Budgeted		_	
	_	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
REVENUES					
Taxes:					
General property taxes	\$	65,000,000 \$	65,000,000	\$ 64,472,579	\$ (527,421)
Penalties & interest		<u> </u>		90,876	90,876
Total Taxes	_	65,000,000	65,000,000	64,563,455	(436,545)
Total Revenues	_	65,000,000	65,000,000	64,563,455	(436,545)
EXPENDITURES					
Pension Contribution		10,000,000	10,000,000	_	10,000,000
Total Expenditures	_	10,000,000	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		55,000,000	55,000,000	64,563,455	9,563,455
S					, ,
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_	100,109,490	100,109,490	100,109,490	
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$</u>	155,109,490 \$	155,109,490	\$ 164,672,945	\$ 9,563,455

Supplemental Information



EXPLANATIONS OF FUNDS

December 31, 2023

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds account for taxes or other earmarked revenue of the County that finances specified activities as required by law or administrative action.

Conservation Trust Fund:

The Conservation Trust Fund accounts for revenue received from the State of Colorado to be used for the acquisition, development and maintenance of new and existing conservation sites within Weld County. The funds are derived from the Colorado State Lottery.

Public Health Fund:

The Weld County Public Health Department provides health services to County residents. The fund reflects revenue and expenditures for health care, health education, health monitoring and other related activities.

Human Services Fund:

This fund accounts for the the various Federal and State human service grants. Primary funding agencies are the arthe Department of Labor, Health and Human Services and Community Service Agency.

Solid Waste Fund:

This fund accounts for revenue received from a surcharge on dumping fees at solid waste disposal sites for the purpose of combating environmental problems and for the further improvement and development of landfill sites within the County.

Law Enforcement Authority Funds:

These funds accounts for the revenue of the law enforcement authority. The authority is a taxing unit created by the County to provide additional law enforcement services by the County Sheriff to residents in a developed unincorporated area of the County.

EXPLANATIONS OF FUNDS

December 31, 2023

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination or revenue earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriated for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Northern Colorado Regional Forensic Laboratory:

This Fund accounts for the maintenance and operation cost of the Northern Colorado Regional Forensic Laboratory. It is funded by rents paid by the participating agencies.

Internal Service Funds

Motor Vehicle Fund:

This fund accounts for the revenue and costs generated by equipment and vehicles rented to various departments of the County.

Health Insurance Fund:

This fund accounts for the County's self-insured dental and vision coverage. Revenue is generated from contributions from the employees of the County. Disbursements are made after insured claims have been verified and approved.

Insurance Fund:

This fund accounts for all insurance costs for the County, except health insurance. This program is a combination of insured risks and protected self-insurance risks.

Phone Services Fund:

This fund accounts for all phone costs provided to the County and other outside agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis.

EXPLANATIONS OF FUNDS

December 31, 2023

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Custodial Funds

Custodial funds account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations and/or other governments.

General Custodial Fund:

This fund accounts for all monies collected (principally tax collections) by the Weld County Treasurer for various other local governmental units within the County.

Inmate Account Fund:

This fund accounts for all monies held on behalf of the inmates in the Weld County Jail.

Social Services Foster Care Fund:

This fund accounts for all monies distributed by the Social Security Administration to youths that are in the foster care program.

Clerk to the Board Escrow:

This fund accounts for all monies held as collateral in lieu of letters of credit or insurance bonds for developers as part of improvement agreements for potential future maintenance.

Crime Victims Compensation Fund:

These fund accounts for the 19th Judicial District Crime Victim Compensation board share of the Crime Victim Compensation fine paid by defendants sentenced for a crime in state or county court. Disbursements made must follow state standards and be approved by the programs board.

Victim Assistance and Law Enforcement Fund:

These fund accounts for the 19th Judicial District Victim Assistance and law Enforcement board share of the Victims Assistance and Law Enforcement fine paid by defendants who plead guilty for a crime in state or county court. Disbursements made must follow state standards and be approved by the programs board.

Federal Mineral Lease District:

The Weld County Federal Mineral Lease District, a separate legal entity, is responsible for the administration of all funding the District receives from the Colorado Department of Local Affairs to be distributed within the unincorporated areas of Weld County that are impacted by the development, processing or energy conversion of fuels and minerals leased under the Federal Mineral Lands Leasing Act.

EXPLANATIONS OF FUNDS

December 31, 2023

COMPONENT UNITS

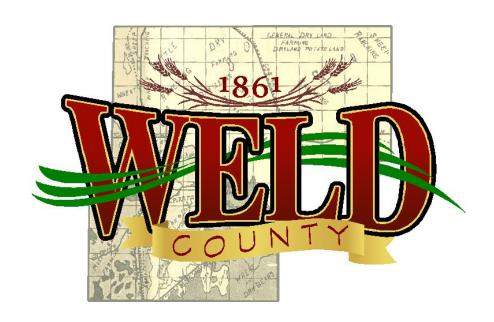
Component units are tied to the County with some board control. They operate as a separate fund but the information is discretely presented.

Housing Authority Fund:

This fund works with all the low income citizens of Weld County to help with rent assistance or housing repair.

E-911 Authority Fund:

This fund operates under state statute, Article 11 of Title 29, C.R.S.. They are responsible for administering the operations of the 911 emergency telephone service program in Weld County.



Combining Balance Sheet

Non-Major Governmental Funds

December 31, 2023

ASSETS	Со	nservation Trust	P	ublic Health		Human Services	Solid Waste
Cash and Investments	\$	797,329	\$	20,435,935	\$	256,067	\$ 5,415,070
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Accounts Receivable	·	-	•	1,134,678	,	3,065	533,533
Due From other Governments		-		-		1,947,857	-
Other Assets		<u>-</u>	_	11,920	_	10,551	
Total Assets	\$	797,329	\$	21,582,533	\$	2,217,540	\$ 5,948,603
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Due to other County funds Unearned Revenues Unexpended Grant revenue Total Liabilities	_	- - - - - -	_	205,229 356,227 - 262,248 - 823,704		160,470 261,810 29,616 614,814 651,830 1,718,540	1,657 - - - - 1,657
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Total Fund Balances		797,329 - 797,329		11,920 20,746,909 - 20,758,829		10,551 488,449 - 499,000	5,946,946 5,946,946
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	797,329	\$	21,582,533	\$	2,217,540	\$ 5,948,603

Nonmajor
overnmental
Funds
26,954,249
1,671,276
1,947,857
22,471
30,595,853
367,356
618,037
79,464
877,062
651,830
2,593,749
22,471
22,032,687
5,946,946
28,002,104
30,595,853

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds

REVENUES: Taxes: \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -		Conservation Trust	Public Health	Human Services	Solid Waste
Taxes \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	REVENUES:	Trust	T dolle Tieditii	<u> </u>	Solia Waste
Taxes \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -					
Intergovernmental		\$ -	\$ - 5	5 - 5	5 -
Charges for Services - 2,068,688 288,573 3,497,473 Fines and Forfeitures - 3,600 - - Miscellaneous 23,061 676,660 251,507 - Total Revenues 625,794 7,579,117 12,407,625 3,497,473 EXPENDITURES: Public Safety - - - 201,947 Public Health and Welfare - 12,114,703 - - Economic Assistance - - 12,648,837 - Culture and Recreation 563,000 - - - Capital Expenditures - 104,453 - - Total Expenditures 563,000 12,219,156 12,648,837 201,947 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 62,794 (4,640,039) (241,212) 3,295,526 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers - out - - - - - - - - -		·	•		- -
Miscellaneous 23,061 676,660 251,507 - Total Revenues 625,794 7,579,117 12,407,625 3,497,473 EXPENDITURES: Public Safety - - - - 201,947 Public Health and Welfare - 12,114,703 - - - Economic Assistance - - 12,648,837 - - Culture and Recreation 563,000 - 12,648,837 - - Capital Expenditures - 104,453 - - - Total Expenditures 563,000 12,219,156 12,648,837 201,947 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) - - 62,794 (4,640,039) (241,212) 3,295,526 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers - out - - - - (1,862,665) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 6,912,957 12,351 (1,862,665) Net Change in Fund Balances 62,794 2,272		· -			3,497,473
Total Revenues 625,794 7,579,117 12,407,625 3,497,473 EXPENDITURES: Public Safety - - - 201,947 Public Health and Welfare - 12,114,703 - - Economic Assistance - - 12,648,837 - Culture and Recreation 563,000 - - - Capital Expenditures - 104,453 - - - Total Expenditures 563,000 12,219,156 12,648,837 201,947 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 62,794 (4,640,039) (241,212) 3,295,526 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers - in - 6,912,957 12,351 - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 6,912,957 12,351 (1,862,665) Net Change in Fund Balances 62,794 2,272,918 (228,861) 1,432,861 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 734,535 18,485,911 </td <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>, <u>-</u></td> <td></td>		-		, <u>-</u>	
EXPENDITURES: Public Safety 201,947 Public Health and Welfare - 12,114,703 Economic Assistance - 12,648,837 - Culture and Recreation 563,000 Capital Expenditures - 104,453 Total Expenditures 563,000 12,219,156 12,648,837 201,947 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 62,794 (4,640,039) (241,212) 3,295,526 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers - in - 6,912,957 12,351 - Transfers - out (1,862,665) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 6,912,957 12,351 (1,862,665) Net Change in Fund Balances 62,794 2,272,918 (228,861) 1,432,861 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 734,535 18,485,911 727,861 4,514,085	Miscellaneous	23,061	676,660	251,507	-
Public Safety - - - 201,947 Public Health and Welfare - 12,114,703 - - Economic Assistance - - 12,648,837 - Culture and Recreation 563,000 - - - Capital Expenditures - 104,453 - - Total Expenditures 563,000 12,219,156 12,648,837 201,947 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) - 62,794 (4,640,039) (241,212) 3,295,526 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - 6,912,957 12,351 - Transfers - in - - 6,912,957 12,351 - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 6,912,957 12,351 (1,862,665) Net Change in Fund Balances 62,794 2,272,918 (228,861) 1,432,861 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 734,535 18,485,911 727,861 4,514,085	Total Revenues	625,794	7,579,117	12,407,625	3,497,473
Public Safety - - - 201,947 Public Health and Welfare - 12,114,703 - - Economic Assistance - - 12,648,837 - Culture and Recreation 563,000 - - - Capital Expenditures - 104,453 - - Total Expenditures 563,000 12,219,156 12,648,837 201,947 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) - 62,794 (4,640,039) (241,212) 3,295,526 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - 6,912,957 12,351 - Transfers - in - - 6,912,957 12,351 - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 6,912,957 12,351 (1,862,665) Net Change in Fund Balances 62,794 2,272,918 (228,861) 1,432,861 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 734,535 18,485,911 727,861 4,514,085	EXPENDITURES:				
Public Health and Welfare - 12,114,703 -		_	_	_	201.947
Economic Assistance - - 12,648,837 - Culture and Recreation 563,000 - - - Capital Expenditures - 104,453 - - Total Expenditures 563,000 12,219,156 12,648,837 201,947 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) - 62,794 (4,640,039) (241,212) 3,295,526 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers - in - 6,912,957 12,351 - - Transfers - out - - - (1,862,665) - - (1,862,665) - - 6,912,957 12,351 (1,862,665) - - - 6,912,957 12,351 (1,862,665) - <	•	_	12,114,703	_	
Culture and Recreation 563,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		-	,,,	12,648,837	-
Total Expenditures 563,000 12,219,156 12,648,837 201,947 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) 62,794 (4,640,039) (241,212) 3,295,526 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - 6,912,957 12,351 - Transfers - out - - - (1,862,665) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 6,912,957 12,351 (1,862,665) Net Change in Fund Balances 62,794 2,272,918 (228,861) 1,432,861 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 734,535 18,485,911 727,861 4,514,085	Culture and Recreation	563,000	-	-	-
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 62,794 (4,640,039) (241,212) 3,295,526 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers - in - 6,912,957 12,351 - Transfers - out - - - (1,862,665) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 6,912,957 12,351 (1,862,665) Net Change in Fund Balances 62,794 2,272,918 (228,861) 1,432,861 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 734,535 18,485,911 727,861 4,514,085	Capital Expenditures	-	104,453	-	-
Expenditures 62,794 (4,640,039) (241,212) 3,295,526 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers - in Transfers - out - - 6,912,957 12,351 - - (1,862,665) - 12,351 (1,862,665) - - - - 1,432,861 -<	Total Expenditures	563,000	12,219,156	12,648,837	201,947
Expenditures 62,794 (4,640,039) (241,212) 3,295,526 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers - in Transfers - out - - 6,912,957 12,351 - - (1,862,665) - 12,351 (1,862,665) - - - - 1,432,861 -<	Excess of Revenues Over (Under)				
Transfers - in - 6,912,957 12,351 - Transfers - out - - - (1,862,665) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 6,912,957 12,351 (1,862,665) Net Change in Fund Balances 62,794 2,272,918 (228,861) 1,432,861 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 734,535 18,485,911 727,861 4,514,085	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	62,794	(4,640,039)	(241,212)	3,295,526
Transfers - in - 6,912,957 12,351 - Transfers - out - - - (1,862,665) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 6,912,957 12,351 (1,862,665) Net Change in Fund Balances 62,794 2,272,918 (228,861) 1,432,861 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 734,535 18,485,911 727,861 4,514,085	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers - out - - (1,862,665) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 6,912,957 12,351 (1,862,665) Net Change in Fund Balances 62,794 2,272,918 (228,861) 1,432,861 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 734,535 18,485,911 727,861 4,514,085		_	6,912,957	12,351	_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 6,912,957 12,351 (1,862,665) Net Change in Fund Balances 62,794 2,272,918 (228,861) 1,432,861 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 734,535 18,485,911 727,861 4,514,085	Transfers - out	-	-	-	(1,862,665)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 734,535 18,485,911 727,861 4,514,085	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	6,912,957	12,351	
	Net Change in Fund Balances	62,794	2,272,918	(228,861)	1,432,861
Fund Balances at End of Year \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	734,535	18,485,911	727,861	4,514,085
	Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 797,329	\$ 20,758,829	499,000	5,946,946

	Total
Law	Nonmajor
Enforcement	Governmental
Authority Fund	Funds
\$ 50,575	\$ 50,575
-	17,300,447
-	5,854,734
-	3,600
-	951,228
50,575	24,160,584
50,575	252,522
_	12,114,703
-	12,648,837
-	563,000
-	104,453
50,575	25,683,515
	(1,522,931)
-	6,925,308
	(1,862,665)
	5,062,643
-	3,539,712
	24.462.202
<u>-</u>	24,462,392
\$ -	\$ 28,002,104

Weld County Trust Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted	l Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance	
Revenues					
Earnings on Deposits	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 6,078,467	\$ 3,578,467	
Total Revenues	2,500,000	2,500,000	6,078,467	3,578,467	
Expenditures					
Other	2,600,000	2,600,000	123,127	2,476,873	
Total Expenditures	2,600,000	2,600,000	123,127	2,476,873	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		(* ***	
Transfers - in	2,500,000	2,500,000	<u>-</u>	(2,500,000)	
Proceeds for Sale of Asset			6,275,577	6,275,577	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,500,000	2,500,000	6,275,577	3,775,577	
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balances	2,400,000	2,400,000	12,230,917	4,877,171	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	33,463,425	33,463,425	33,463,425	_	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 35,863,425	\$ 35,863,425	\$ 45,694,342	\$ 4,877,171	

Capital Expenditures Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

	Budgeted							
		Original	Final		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
General property taxes	\$	25,000,000	\$ 25,000,000	\$	24,807,710	\$	(192,290)	
Penalties & interest		-			61,236		61,236	
Total Taxes		25,000,000	25,000,000	_	24,868,946	_	(131,054)	
Other Revenues								
Fees:		225,000	225,000		272,121		47,121	
Earnings on Deposits		750,000	1,732,000		3,048,342		1,316,342	
Other		1,850,000	1,850,000		1,849,992		(8)	
Grant		=	-		36,500		36,500	
Total Other Revenues	_	2,825,000	3,807,000		5,206,955	_	1,399,955	
Total Revenues		27,825,000	28,807,000	_	30,075,901		1,268,901	
EXPENDITURES								
Capital Outlay:								
Buildings	_	40,546,582	41,528,582		21,917,507		19,611,075	
Total Expenditures	_	40,546,582	41,528,582	_	21,917,507	_	19,611,075	
N. Cl		(12.721.592)	(12.721.592)		0.150.204		20.070.076	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(12,721,582)	(12,721,582)		8,158,394		20,879,976	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		76,347,295	76,347,295		76,347,295	_		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	63,625,713	\$ 63,625,713	\$	84,505,689	\$	20,879,976	

Conservation Trust Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

	Original		Final	Actual		Variance	
REVENUES		-					
Intergovernmental:							
State Lottery	\$	560,000 \$	560,000	\$ 602,733	\$	42,733	
Miscellaneous:							
Earnings on Deposits		3,000	3,000	23,061	_	20,061	
Total Revenues		563,000	563,000	625,794		62,794	
EXPENDITURES							
Culture and Recreation:							
Land Improvements		563,000	563,000	563,000		_	
Total Expenditures		563,000	563,000	563,000			
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	62,794		62,794	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		734,535	734,535	734,535		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	734,535 \$	734,535	\$ 797,329	\$	62,794	

Public Health Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

		Budget	ted			
		Original	Final	Actual	Variance	
REVENUES		•		_	_	
Intergovernmental:						
State grants	\$	6,124,667 \$	6,824,427			
Total Intergovernmental	_	6,124,667	6,824,427	4,830,169	(1,994,258)	
Charges for Services:						
Charges for services	_	2,185,057	2,185,057	2,068,688	(116,369)	
Total Charges for Services		2,185,057	2,185,057	2,068,688	(116,369)	
Miscellaneous:						
Fees and Fines		6,500	6,500	3,600	(2,900)	
Other		149,659	149,659	672,810	523,151	
Donations	_	15,475	15,475	3,850	(11,625)	
Total Miscellaneous		171,634	171,634	680,260	508,626	
Total Revenues		8,481,358	9,181,118	7,579,117	(1,602,001)	
EXPENDITURES						
Public Health and Welfare:						
Public Health Administration		204,010	205,239	247,858	(42,619)	
Health Education		2,745,247	2,745,247	2,359,134	386,113	
Nursing		1,867,137	1,867,137	1,770,128	97,009	
Environmental Health		5,215,413	5,215,413	4,348,831	866,582	
Public Health Preparedness		1,856,662	1,856,662	896,485	960,177	
Public Health Clinical Services	_	3,494,362	3,494,362	2,492,267	1,002,095	
Total Public Health and Welfare		15,382,831	15,384,060	12,114,703	3,269,357	
Capital Outlay:			• • • • • •	404.450	(=a a =a)	
Capital Expenditures		30,500	30,500	104,453	(73,953)	
Total Expenditures	_	15,413,331	15,414,560	12,219,156	3,195,404	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers - In:		(012 057	6.010.057	(012 057		
Non-Departmental	_	6,912,957	6,912,957	6,912,957	-	
Total Other Financing Sources		6,912,957	6,912,957	6,912,957	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(19,016)	679,515	2,272,918	1,593,403	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	18,485,911	18,485,911	18,485,911		
Fund Balances at End of Year	<u>\$</u>	18,466,895 \$	19,165,426	\$ 20,758,829 \$	1,593,403	

Human Services Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Budget - GAAP Basis					
		Original	Fin	al	Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental:							
Federal grants	\$	7,744,503	\$ 9,46	7,903 \$	10,338,495	\$	870,592
State grants		1,451,796	1,45	1,796	1,529,050		77,254
Total Intergovernmental	_	9,196,299	10,91	9,699	11,867,545		947,846
Charges for Services:							
Charges for services		355,900	51	7,700	288,573		(229,127)
Total Charges for Services		355,900	51	7,700	288,573		(229,127)
Miscellaneous:							
Donations		236,250	23	6,250	251,507		15,257
Total Miscellaneous		236,250	23	6,250	251,507		15,257
Total Revenues	_	9,788,449	11,67	3,649	12,407,625		733,976
EXPENDITURES							
Economic Assistance:							
Human resources general fund		-		-	13,271		(13,271)
Job service		1,470,000	1,47	0,000	1,157,978		312,022
Summer job hunt		42,000	4	2,000	146,513		(104,513)
WIA adult programs		851,000	1,21	8,000	1,224,546		(6,546)
WIA youth programs		406,100		8,100	882,491		(44,391)
10% Discretionary Grant		77,300		7,300	470,701		(393,401)
WIA dislocated worker		756,600		6,600	779,327		(22,727)
Human resources lab pool		175,500		5,500	175,569		(69)
UI training program		180,400	34	2,200	348,304		(6,104)

Human Services Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budget - GA	AAP Basis		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED):				
AAA administration	256,635	325,135	285,088	40,047
OAA title III-B	332,000	491,271	488,573	2,698
OAA title III-C1 congregate	849,580	849,580	833,031	16,549
OAA title III-C2	257,920	492,920	527,323	(34,403)
OAA in home support	19,000	75,700	56,124	19,576
Health services	4,800	4,800	-	4,800
AAA elder abuse	1,000	6,800	7,808	(1,008)
AAA ombudsman	300	31,700	42,630	(10,930)
Single entry point	2,233,000	2,533,000	2,789,451	(256,451)
Wellspring/Health fund	-	-	2,796	(2,796)
AAA case management	-	-	12,965	(12,965)
AAA state funds	1,119,446	1,119,446	1,074,161	45,285
Part E family caregiver support	346,219	1,112,479	1,074,085	38,394
CSBG	405,500	405,500	242,749	162,751
Colorado Choice Transitions	16,500	16,500	13,353	3,147
Total Economic Assistance	9,800,800	12,384,531	12,648,837	(264,306)
Total Expenditures	9,800,800	12,384,531	12,648,837	(264,306)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers - In:				
OAA area agency	12,351	12,351	12,351	_
Total Other Financing Sources	12,351	12,351	12,351	
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balances	-	(698,531)	(228,861)	469,670
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	727,861	727,861	727,861	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 727,861	\$ 29,330 \$	499,000 \$	469,670

Solid Waste Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the December 31, 2023

	Budgeted						
	О	riginal	Final		Actual		Variance
REVENUES							
Land Fill Surcharges	\$ 1	1,700,000	\$ 1,700,000	\$	3,497,473	\$	1,797,473
Total Revenues	1	1,700,000	1,700,000		3,497,473		1,797,473
EXPENDITURES							
Miscellaneous:							
Solid Waste		295,241	295,241		201,947		93,294
Total Miscellaneous		295,241	295,241	_	201,947		93,294
Total Expenditures		295,241	295,241	_	201,947	_	93,294
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers Out:							
General Fund		85,000	85,000		85,000		-
Health Department		877,665	877,665		877,665		-
Public Works		900,000	900,000		900,000		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1	1,862,665)	(1,862,665)	_	(1,862,665)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(457,906)	(457,906)	1	1,432,861		1,890,767
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		1,514,085	4,514,085		4,514,085		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 4	1,056,179	\$ 4,056,179	\$	5,946,946	\$	1,890,767

Bebee Draw Law Enforcement Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For theDecember 31, 2023

	Budgeted			_	
	Original		Final	Actual	Variance
REVENUES		•			
Taxes:					
General property taxes	\$	44,642 \$	44,642	\$ 44,477	\$ (165)
Specific ownership taxes		1,870	1,870	1,899	29
Penalties & interest			=	35	35
Total Revenues		46,512	46,512	46,411	(101)
EXPENDITURES					
Miscellaneous		46,512	46,512	46,411	101
Total Expenditures		46,512	46,512	46,411	101
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	-	-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		<u>-</u> _	-	_	<u> </u>
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -

Pioneer Community Law Enforcement Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the December 31, 2023

	 Budget			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
REVENUES	 -			
Taxes:				
General property taxes	\$ 4,012 \$	4,012	\$ 3,970	\$ (42)
Specific ownership taxes	200	200	171	(29)
Penalties & interest	 =	=	23	23
Total Revenues	 4,212	4,212	4,164	(48)
EXPENDITURES				
Miscellaneous	4,212	4,212	4,164	48
Total Expenditures	 4,212	4,212	4,164	48
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	\$ -



Housing Authority

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For theDecember 31, 2023

	Budget	ted		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
REVENUES	 	·		
Intergovernmental:				
Federal grants	\$ - \$		\$ - 9	\$ -
State grants	 2,554,361	2,554,361	4,290,026	1,735,665
Total Intergovernmental	 2,554,361	2,554,361	4,290,026	1,735,665
Miscellaneous:				
Earnings on Deposits	-	-	32,272	32,272
Miscellaneous	 		54,124	54,124
Total Miscellaneous	 		86,396	86,396
Total Revenues	 2,554,361	2,554,361	4,376,422	1,822,061
EXPENDITURES				
Supplies	235,047	235,047	217,455	17,592
Rent Assistance	2,319,314	2,319,314	4,275,505	(1,956,191)
Depreciation			16,934	(16,934)
Total Expenditures	 2,554,361	2,554,361	4,509,894	(1,955,533)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	(133,472)	384,889
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	3,447,420	3,447,420	3,447,420	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 3,447,420 \$	3,447,420	\$ 3,313,948	\$ 384,889

E-911 Authority

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For theDecember 31, 2023

	Budgeted					
	Original		Final	Actual	Variance	
REVENUES						
Miscellaneous:						
Interest	\$	6,250 \$	6,250 \$	140,936	134,686	
Charges for services		6,750,000	6,750,000	8,181,504	1,431,504	
Total Revenue	_	6,756,250	6,756,250	8,322,440	1,566,190	
Expenditures						
Purchased Services		5,733,719	5,733,719	5,864,985	(131,266)	
Supplies		1,022,531	1,022,531	1,342,008	(319,477)	
Total Expenditures		6,756,250	6,756,250	7,206,993	(450,743)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	1,115,447	1,115,447	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		4,291,802	4,291,802	4,291,802	<u>-</u>	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	4,291,802 \$	4,291,802 \$	5,407,249	1,115,447	

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT STATE: Colorado YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): December 2023

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	14,969,431	a. Interest on investments	290,345
b. Other local imposts:		 b. Traffic Fines & Penalities 	
 Sales Taxes 		c. Parking Garage Fees	
Infrastructure & Impact Fees	1,373,137	d. Parking Meter Fees	
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property	2,000
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Services	290,307
Specific Ownership &/or Other	12,000,780	g. Other Misc. Receipts	1,021,317
6. Total (1. through 5.)	13,373,917	h. Other	34,134,019
c. Total (a. + b.)	28,343,348	i. Total (a. through h.)	35,737,988
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
			AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	11,424,045	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	13,745,834
 a. State bond proceeds 		b. FEMA	
b. Project Match		c. HUD	
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	354,957	d. Federal Transit Admin	
d. Other (Specify) - State	2,558,106	e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
e. Other (Specify) - Severance Tax	7,156,232	f. Other Federal	134,106
f. Total (a. through e.)	10,069,295	g. Total (a. through f.)	13,879,940
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	21,493,340	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	

(Carry forward to page 1)

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	TOTAL
	(a)	(b)	(c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs		707,477	707,477
b. Engineering Costs		25,245,625	25,245,625
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities		0	0
(2). Capacity Improvements		302,419	302,419
(3). System Preservation		17,640,133	17,640,133
(4). System Enhancement & Operation		1,741,544	1,741,544
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	0	19,684,096	19,684,096
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	45,637,198	45,637,198
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments:

FORM FHWA-536

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds

December 31, 2023

				Health		
	M	Iotor Vehicle		Insurance		Insurance
ASSETS			_			
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,825,940	\$	15,041,116	\$	9,955,045
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectables):						
Property taxes receivable		-		-		6,689,339
Accounts Receivable		216,093		1,752		-
Due From other County Funds		3,325,000		-		-
Inventory		243,744		-		-
Other Assets	_	5,671		-		-
Total current assets		7,616,448		15,042,868		16,644,384
Capital assets:						
Improvements other than buildings		3,368,520		-		-
Intangible Assets		39,054		-		-
Buildings		2,637,797		-		-
Machinery and Equipment		75,196,443		-		-
Accumulated Depreciation		(46,392,805))	-		-
Total Capital Assets		34,849,009		-		-
Total assets	\$	42,465,457	\$	15,042,868	\$	16,644,384
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$	1,280,069	\$	27,724	\$	139,515
Accrued Liabilities		82,034		4,427,581		1,561,839
Unearned Revenues	_	-		2,774,260		
Total Current Liabilities		1,362,103		7,229,565		1,701,354
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property Taxes	_	-	_	-		6,694,201
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	_	_	-	_	6,694,201
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows Of Resources		1,362,103	_	7,229,565		8,395,555
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		34,849,009		_		_
Restricted for:		, ,				
Insurance Claims		_		7,813,303		8,248,829
Unrestricted		6,254,345		- ,010,000		-
Total net position	\$	41,103,354	\$	7,813,303	\$	8,248,829
Pos	Ψ	11,100,004	<u> </u>	,,013,303	<u> </u>	0,2 10,027

	Total Internal
Dhana Camriaas	
Phone Services	Service Funds
\$ 645,847	\$ 29,467,948
-	6,689,339
895	218,740
-	3,325,000
_	243,744
6,853	12,524
653,595	39,957,295
055,595	39,937,293
	2 2 6 0 5 2 0
-	3,368,520
-	39,054
-	2,637,797
957,473	76,153,916
(688,337)	(47,081,142)
269,136	35,118,145
\$ 922,731	\$ 75,075,440
ψ	φ 73,073,440
\$ 8,307	\$ 1,455,615
26,916	6,098,370
-	2,774,260
35,223	10,328,245
,	
	6 604 201
	6,694,201
	6,694,201
35,223	17,022,446
269,136	35,118,145
207,130	33,110,173
	16 062 122
- 610 272	16,062,132
618,372	6,872,717
\$ 887,508	\$ 58,052,994

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds

For the December 31, 2023

		Health	
	Motor Vehicle	Insurance	Insurance
Operating revenues:			
Employer Contributions	\$ - 5	\$ 26,926,712 \$	-
Charges for Services	14,329,584	<u>-</u>	110,966
Total operating revenues	14,329,584	26,926,712	110,966
Operating expenses:			
Personnel Services	2,100,341	-	-
Supplies	5,877,326	-	-
Purchased Services	617,032	1,123,884	14,740
Insurance and Bonds	-	=	3,788,063
Depreciation	6,059,409	=	=
Other	327,459	2,293,043	=
Claims		24,046,626	943,067
Total operating expenditures	14,981,567	27,463,553	4,745,870
Operating income (loss)	(651,983)	(536,841)	(4,634,904)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Taxes	-	-	4,975,592
Miscellaneous	219,865	-	-
Earnings on investments	-	-	328,655
Grants	49,170	-	-
Gains (loss) on Disposal	353,298	=	-
Judgments and Damages		<u>-</u>	26,527
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	622,333	<u>-</u> [5,330,774
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(29,650)	(536,841)	695,870
Transfers - in	3,325,000	-	-
Changes in net position	3,295,350	(536,841)	695,870
Total net position - beginning	37,808,004	8,350,144	7,552,959
Total net position - ending	\$ 41,103,354	7,813,303	8,248,829

	Total Internal
Phone Services	Service Funds
\$ -	\$ 26,926,712
1,621,628	16,062,178
1,621,628	42,988,890
251,779	2,352,120
172,868	6,050,194
1,195,834	2,951,490
-	3,788,063
92,275	6,151,684
206,051	2,826,553
	24,989,693
1,918,807	49,109,797
(297,179)	(6,120,907)
-	4,975,592
-	219,865
-	328,655
-	49,170
-	353,298
<u> </u>	26,527
	5,953,107
(297,179)	(167,800)
<u> </u>	3,325,000
(297,179)	3,157,200
1,184,687	54,895,794
\$ 887,508	\$ 58,052,994

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023

	М	otor Vehicle Fund	Hea	alth Insurance Fund		Insurance Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash flows from external customers Cash flows from internal customers Cash payments to external suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to internal suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Judgements/damages/losses Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	158,065 13,879,442 (5,352,975) (665,590) (2,083,256) 13,549 5,949,235	\$	27,465,203 (28,645,867) (758) - - (1,181,422)	\$	110,966 (4,179,272) - - 26,027 (4,042,279)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Taxes Grants Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		202,559 202,559		- - -	_	4,975,024 - 4,975,024
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACT Acquisition of capital assets Proceeds from disposal of capital assets Net cash provided (used) for capital and related financing activities	TIVITI —	ES (7,581,517) 778,395 (6,803,122)		- - -		<u> </u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investments		<u>-</u>				328,655
Net Increase (decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		(651,328) 4,477,268		(1,181,422) 16,222,538		1,261,400 8,693,645
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	3,825,940	\$	15,041,116	\$	9,955,045
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	(651,983)	\$	(536,841)	\$	(4,634,904)
Depreciation expense Judgements/damages/losses Change in assets and liabilities		6,059,409 13,549		-		26,527
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in due from other funds (Increase) decrease in inventories (Increase) decrease in other assets		340 3,776 16,878 (5,671)		233,248 - - 8,106		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in other liabilities Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		660,421 16,683 (164,167)		5,927 (1,432,106) - 540,244		115,288 450,810 - -
Total adjustments Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	6,601,218 5,949,235	\$	(644,581) (1,181,422)	\$	592,625 (4,042,279)
The sach provided (does) by operating detivities	Ψ	0,040,200	Ψ	(1,101,422)	Ψ	(4,042,210)

Phone S	Service		Total Internal
Fun	nd	5	Service Funds
\$	4,492	\$	162,557
	617,413	Ψ	43,073,024
	150,912)		(39,329,026)
	418,070)		(1,084,418)
(2	249,107)		(2,332,363)
			39,576
(*	196,184)		529,350
	_		4,975,024
	_		202,559
	-	_	
		_	5,177,583
			(7 501 517)
	-		(7,581,517)
		_	778,395
	_		(6,803,122)
		_	328,655
(*	196,184)		(767,534)
	342,031		30,235,482
		_	
\$ 6	645,847	\$	29,467,948
\$ (2	297,179)	\$	(6,120,907)
	92,275		6,151,684
	· _		40,076
			10,070
	(450)		233,138
	(450)		
	-		3,776
	-		16,878
	4,838		7,273
	1,894		783,530
	2,438		(962,175)
	_		(164,167)
	_		540,244
	100.005	_	
	100,995	_	6,650,257
\$ (*	196,184)	\$	529,350

Combining Statement of Net Position Custodial Funds

December 31, 2023

ASSETS	Com	ne Victim pensation Fund	8	Assistance Law ement Fund	 to the Board Escrow	 al Services Care Fund
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,856	\$	32,833	\$ 800,788	\$ 90,205
Total assets	\$	23,856	\$	32,833	\$ 800,788	\$ 90,205
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 800,788	\$ 90,205
Due to other governments		-		-	-	-
Deferred Revenues		<u>-</u>			 	 <u>-</u>
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$		\$ 800,788	\$ 90,205
NET POSITION						
Restricted for other purposes	\$	23,856	\$	32,833	\$ -	\$ _

 eral Mineral ase District	Gen	General Custodial		il Inmate Account	ld Opioids tegion 3	Total Custodial Funds		
\$ 1,854,363	\$	9,848,298	\$	162,347	\$ 711,700	\$	13,524,390	
\$ 1,854,363	\$	9,848,298	\$	162,347	\$ 711,700	\$	13,524,390	
\$ 3,700	\$	9,848,298 -	\$	162,347 - -	\$ 266,452 - 445,248	\$	1,323,492 9,848,298 445,248	
\$ 3,700	\$	9,848,298	\$	162,347	\$ 711,700	\$	11,617,038	
\$ 1,850,663	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	1,907,352	

Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position Custodial Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Crime Victim Compensation Fund		•	n Assistance & Law ement Fund		the Board crow	Social Services Foster Care Fund	
Additions: Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	37,991	\$	68,112	\$		\$	580,262
Earnings on Investments	Φ	1,036	Φ	1,554	Ф	-	Ф	360,202
Settlements		1,030		1,334		_		_
Collection		_		_		150		_
Total Additions	\$	39,027	\$	69,666	\$	150	\$	580,262
Deductions:								
Other Purchased Services	\$	57,301	\$	92,102	\$	-	\$	-
Distributions		-		-		150		580,262
Total Deductions	\$	57,301	\$	92,102	\$	150	\$	580,262
Change in Net Position	\$	(18,274)	\$	(22,436)	\$	-	\$	-
Net position - beginning		42,130		55,269		_		-
Net position - ending	\$	23,856	\$	32,833	\$	-	\$	-

eral Mineral ase District	General Custodial		ail Inmate Account	ld Opioids Region 3	Total Custodial Funds		
\$ 1,715,020	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,401,385	
29,106		-	-	-		31,696	
-		-	-	813,078		813,078	
-	1,4	17,196,592	3,492,060			1,420,688,802	
\$ 1,744,126	\$ 1,4	17,196,592	\$ 3,492,060	\$ 813,078	\$	1,423,934,961	
\$ 3,700 1,252,000	\$ 1,4	- 17,196,592	\$ 3,492,060	\$ 813,078	\$	966,181 1,422,521,064	
\$ 1,255,700	\$ 1,4	17,196,592	\$ 3,492,060	\$ 813,078	\$	1,423,487,245	
\$ 488,426	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	447,716	
1,362,237		_	_	_		1,459,636	
\$ 1,850,663	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,907,352	

Northern Colorado Regional Forensic Laboratory

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgete	ed		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Operating Revenues: Charges for services	\$ 310,000 \$	310,000 \$	307,315	\$ (2,685)
Total Operating Revenues	310,000	310,000	307,315	(2,685)
Operating Expenses:				
Supplies	-	-	18,273	(18,273)
Purchased Services	155,900	155,900	193,979	(38,079)
Depreciation	96,105	96,105	95,063	1,042
Other	 57,995	57,995		57,995
Total Operating Expenses	310,000	310,000	307,315	2,685
Net Income (Loss)	-	-	-	-
Net Position at Beginning of Year	 3,918,643	3,918,643	3,918,643	
Net Position at end of Year	\$ 3,918,643 \$	3,918,643 \$	3,918,643	\$ -

Motor Vehicle Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual

For the December 31, 2023

		Budge	eted				
		Original	Final		Actual		Variance
Operating Revenues:		-					_
Charges for services	\$	7,197,407 \$		\$	8,270,175	\$	1,072,768
Miscellaneous	_	6,007,683	6,007,683		6,059,409	_	51,726
Total Operating Revenues		13,205,090	13,205,090	_	14,329,584	_	1,124,494
Operating Expenses:							
Personnel Services		1,907,256	1,907,256		2,100,341		(193,085)
Supplies		4,258,200	4,258,200		5,877,326		(1,619,126)
Purchased Services		680,000	680,000		617,032		62,968
Depreciation		6,007,683	6,007,683		6,059,409		(51,726)
Other	_	337,151	337,151		327,459	_	9,692
Total Operating Expenses	_	13,190,290	13,190,290		14,981,567		(1,791,277)
Operating Income (Loss)		14,800	14,800	_	(651,983)	_	(666,783)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):							
Other		-	-		219,865		219,865
Grant		-	-		49,170		49,170
Gain/Loss on Disposal	_	766,700	766,700		353,298	_	(413,402)
Total Nonoperating Revenues(Expenses)	_	766,700	766,700	_	622,333	_	(144,367)
Income(Loss) before contributions and transfers	_	781,500	781,500	_	(29,650)		(811,150)
Transfers - in		550,000	3,325,000		3,325,000		
Net Income (Loss)		1,331,500	4,106,500		3,295,350		(811,150)
Net Position at Beginning of Year		37,808,004	37,808,004		37,808,004		
Net Position at End of Year	\$	39,139,504 \$	41,914,504	\$	41,103,354	\$	(811,150)

Health Insurance Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual

For Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Budget	ed			
		Original	Final	Actual		Variance
Operating Revenues:		_				
Employee Premiums	\$	26,833,520 \$	26,833,520	\$ 26,926,712	\$	93,192
Operating Expenses:						
Purchased Services		1,246,400	1,246,400	1,123,884		122,516
Other		2,234,676	2,234,676	2,293,043		(58,367)
Insurance Claims		24,091,239	24,091,239	24,046,626		44,613
Total Operating Expenses		27,572,315	27,572,315	27,463,553		108,762
Operating Income (Loss)		(738,795)	(738,795)	(536,841))	201,954
Net Income (Loss)		(738,795)	(738,795)	(536,841))	201,954
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	8,350,144	8,350,144	8,350,144		_
Net Position at End of Year	\$	7,611,349 \$	7,611,349	\$ 7,813,303	\$	201,954

Insurance Fund

Schedule of Revenues Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual

For Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Budg	geted		
		Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	160,000	\$ 160,000	\$ 110,966	(49,034)
Operating Expenses:					
Supplies		3,500	3,500	=	3,500
Purchased Services		23,000	23,000	14,740	8,260
Insurance and Bonds		3,173,000	3,173,000	3,788,063	(615,063)
Insurance Claims		2,145,500	2,145,500	943,067	1,202,433
Total Operating Expenses		5,345,000	5,345,000	4,745,870	599,130
Operating Income (Loss)	_	(5,185,000)	(5,185,000)	(4,634,904)	550,096
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
General property taxes		5,000,000	5,000,000	4,961,067	(38,933)
Penalties & interest		_	_	14,525	14,525
Interest		60,000	60,000	328,655	268,655
Judgment and Damages		125,000	125,000	26,527	(98,473)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		5,185,000	5,185,000	5,330,774	145,774
Income(Loss) before contributions and transfers			-	695,870	695,870
Net Income (Loss)		-	-	695,870	695,870
Net Position at Beginning of Year		7,552,959	7,552,959	7,552,959	-
Net Position at End of Year	\$	7,552,959	\$ 7,552,959	\$ 8,248,829	695,870

Phone Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual

For Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted					
		Original	Final	Actual	Variance	
Operating Revenues:					_	
Charges for services	\$	1,694,502 \$	1,694,502 \$	1,621,628	\$ (72,874)	
Operating Expenses:						
Personnel Services		252,772	252,772	251,779	993	
Supplies		187,800	187,800	172,868	14,932	
Purchased Services		955,604	955,604	1,195,834	(240,230)	
Depreciation		92,275	92,275	92,275	_	
Other		206,051	206,051	206,051	-	
Total Expenditures		1,694,502	1,694,502	1,918,807	(224,305)	
Operating Income (Loss)		-		(297,179)	(297,179)	
Net Income (Loss)		-	-	(297,179)	(297,179)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,184,687	1,184,687	1,184,687		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1,184,687 \$	1,184,687 \$	887,508	\$ (297,179)	

STATISTICAL



STATISTICAL SECTION

(unaudited)

This part of the Weld County Government's comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	154
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	162
Debt Capacity Weld County is without bonded debt and, accordingly, the following statistical tables are not presented: Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type and Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outsanding.	166
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	170
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	175

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component

	Fiscal Year				
	<u>2014</u>	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>
Governmental activities		<u></u>			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 297,892,975	\$ 340,942,910	\$ 371,847,806	\$ 420,039,585	\$ 444,957,542
Restricted for					
Programs	8,104,172	7,493,150	9,423,909	9,942,147	10,993,484
Emergencies	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	8,000,000
Claims	4,734,409	4,734,408	4,734,408	4,734,408	4,734,408
Public Works	89,429,234	79,771,261	86,165,977	71,872,652	81,973,460
Other	1,049,628	1,866,083	15,355,488	18,191,962	17,430,060
Unrestricted	66,196,157	53,394,168	91,909,141	126,714,529	145,575,480
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 474,406,575	\$ 495,201,980	\$ 586,436,729	\$ 658,495,283	\$ 713,664,434
Business-type activities					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,754,342	\$ 3,686,741
Unrestricted	579	(10,232)	*		152,577
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 579	\$ (10,232)	\$ (9,438)	\$ 3,823,811	\$ 3,839,318
Primary government					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 297,892,975	\$ 340,942,910	\$ 371,847,806	\$ 420,039,585	\$ 448,644,283
Restricted	110,317,443	100,864,902	122,679,782	111,741,169	123,131,412
Unrestricted	66,196,736	53,383,936	91,899,703	126,783,998	145,728,057
Total primary government net position	\$ 474,407,154	\$ 495,191,748	\$ 586,427,291	\$ 658,564,752	\$ 717,503,752

<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
\$ 484,981,452	\$ 520,896,122	\$ 517,590,090	\$ 532,858,887	\$ 562,520,892
14,466,835 8,000,000 4,734,408	17,510,013 10,000,000 4,734,405	20,852,276 10,000,000 4,734,405	21,380,882 10,000,000 4,734,405	21,965,451 10,000,000 4,734,405
117,174,272 76,593,383 158,145,980	135,753,874 61,844,830 207,668,359	183,672,661 61,896,700 295,611,944	261,864,609 60,545,842 291,028,880	291,816,281 62,166,224 411,722,863
\$ 864,096,330	\$ 958,407,603	\$,094,358,076	\$,182,413,505	\$ 1,364,926,116
\$ 3,665,811 244,596	\$ 3,569,706 340,815	\$ 3,473,602 437,315	\$ 3,377,497 531,399	\$ 3,282,434 622,515
\$ 3,910,407	·	\$ 3,910,917	\$ 3,908,896	\$ 3,904,949
\$ 488,647,263 220,968,898 158,390,576	\$ 524,465,828 229,843,122 208,009,174	\$ 521,063,692 281,156,042 296,049,259	\$ 536,236,384 358,525,738 291,560,279	\$ 565,803,326 390,682,361 412,345,378
\$ 868,006,737	\$ 962,318,124	\$,098,268,993	\$,186,322,401	\$ 1,368,831,065

Changes in Net Position

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Expenses					
Governmental activities:					
General government Public safety	\$ 46,770,013 54,027,026	\$ 37,495,116 58,172,560	\$ 43,312,962 60,041,266	\$ 47,306,184 62,895,851	\$ 53,326,206 69,052,173
Streets and highways	42,894,441	43,926,350	47,538,901	55,222,675	56,737,562
Health and welfare	39,085,217	42,851,911	46,730,139	52,193,339	54,490,073
Culture and recreation	1,792,648	1,611,666	1,495,649	1,556,093	2,180,248
Economic assistance	9,408,488	8,172,946	8,083,307	7,920,958	8,146,194
Total governmental activities expenses	193,977,833	192,230,549	207,202,224	227,095,100	243,932,456
Business-type activities:					
Northern Colorado Regional Crime Lab	147,713	151,688	136,715	201,101	213,764
Total primary government expenses	\$ 194,125,546	\$ 192,382,237	\$ 207,338,939	\$ 227,296,201	\$ 244,146,220
Program Revenues					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
General government	\$ 13,477,033		\$ 17,489,264	\$ 16,954,771	\$ 14,522,954
Public safety	13,229,980	12,538,210	10,346,226	10,914,355	14,736,620
Streets and highways	5,825,407	8,907,810	6,047,912	3,881,217	7,335,330
Health and welfare	25,041,461	26,912,220	30,066,394	31,047,472	33,519,609
Culture and recreation	1,154,300	1,045,533	913,486	952,322	1,268,596
Economic assistance	567,753	558,678	414,443	667,662	623,078
Operating grants and contributions	30,442,859	32,691,222	32,685,918	34,688,236	39,828,355
Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues	90.739.703	00.706.200	07.062.642	00.106.025	111 024 542
1 6	89,738,793	98,706,209	97,963,643	99,106,035	111,834,542
Business-type activities: Northern Colorado Regional Crime Lab	149,615	140,877	137,509	200,952	229,271
Total primary government revenues	89,888,408	98,847,086	98,101,152	99,306,987	112,063,813
Net (Expenses)/Revenue					
Governmental activities	(104,239,040)	(93.524.340)	(109.238.581)	(127,989,065)	(132.097.914)
Business-type activities	1,902	(10,811)		(149)	15,507
Total primary government net	\$(104,237,138)				
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • 	. ()	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	· (-)))
Governmental activities:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 115,694,397	\$ 127,447,260	\$ 166,025,920	\$ 156,180,601	\$ 143,754,038
Specific Ownership	10,028,385	9,600,158	11,413,491	11,230,531	11,369,691
Other	4,350,529	5,115,072	1,897,030	1,506,348	2,306,875
Royalties	31,503,068	11,330,119	9,518,902	21,860,836	15,479,640
Miscellaneous	4,807,802	4,220,711	9,047,388	9,783,532	9,405,990
Unrestricted investment earnings Transfers	1,473,338	1,190,383	2,570,598	3,319,170 (3,833,398)	5,858,529
Total governmental activities	167,857,519	158,903,703	200,473,329	200,047,620	188,174,763
Business-type activities:	107,037,317	130,703,703	200,173,323	200,047,020	100,174,703
Northern Colorado Crime Lab	_	_	_	3,833,398	-
Total primary government	\$ 167.857.519	\$ 158,903,703	\$ 200,473,329	\$ 203,881,018	\$ 188,174,763
Governmental activities			`	-	
Business-type activities	\$ 63,618,479 1,902	(10,811)		\$ 72,058,555 (149)	15,507
Total primary government					
Total primary government	\$ 03,020,381	<u>\$ 65,568,552</u>	<u>\$ 91,235,542</u>	\$ 72,058,406	<u>\$ 30,092,336</u>

2019	<u>2020</u>	2021	2022	2023
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				·
\$ 58,999,13	9 \$ 66,019,745	\$ 67,775,681	\$ 71,222,713	\$ 80,276,257
74,870,40	1 88,785,784	88,871,327	92,279,363	97,856,164
49,665,75	5 66,462,400	67,512,888	67,814,014	69,710,878
51,015,90			67,572,587	68,928,345
2,292,96			2,560,848	760,866
9,335,45			14,991,227	15,035,060
246,179,61	3 293,470,707	302,790,992	316,440,752	332,567,570
266,69	8 274,918	229,472	234,389	311,262
	1 \$ 293,745,625			
ψ 240,440,31	Ψ 273,743,023	\$ 505,020,101	ψ 310,073,141	ψ 332,070,032
\$ 23,122,41	7 \$ 24,139,650	\$ 25,114,540	\$ 21,605,828	\$ 24,487,341
15,278,69	1 12,149,214	15,930,773	17,262,431	19,144,986
4,691,26	6 6,376,624	4,669,709	6,144,421	4,512,872
33,201,31			36,882,776	42,106,319
1,357,85			1,765,451	_
410,71			553,830	540,080
44,565,34			80,381,828	40,709,947
, ,		2,517,953	-	
122,627,60	9 129,885,961		164,596,565	131,501,545
227 78	7 275,032	229,868	232 368	307 315
337,78			232,368	307,315
122,965,39	6 130,160,993	160,032,497	164,828,933	131,808,860
				(201055020
	4) (163,584,746			
71,08	9 114	396	(2,021)	(3,947)
\$(123,480,91	<u>5)</u> \$(163,584,632	<u>\$(142,987,967)</u>	\$(151,846,208)	\$(201,069,972)
\$ 168,771,28	9 \$ 216,208,339	\$ 229,438,882	\$ 174,793,710	\$ 264,296,642
11,898,52	8 11,231,257	11,531,399	11,072,771	12,002,679
4,949,87			6,168,884	7,313,667
11,176,23			58,987,161	32,553,925
69,892,37	8 14,336,300	14,576,678	8,435,340	30,910,868
7,295,59		2,064,457	(18,046,220)	34,988,826
	<u>-</u>			
273,983,89	6 257,896,023	278,938,836	241,411,646	382,066,607
	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		
\$ 273,983,89	<u>\$ 257,896,023</u>	\$ 278,938,836	\$ 241,411,646	\$ 382,066,607
\$ 150,431,89	2 \$ 94,311,277	\$ 135,950,473	\$ 89,567,459	\$ 181,000,582
71,08			(2,021)	
\$ 150,502,98		\$ 135,950,869	"	\$ 180,996,635
ψ 100,002,90	<u>Ψ </u>	ψ 133,730,009	Ψ 02,202,730	Ψ 100,770,033

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

		•	•	•	
	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018
General Fund					
Nonspendable*	\$ 683,377	\$ 867,532	\$ 1,015,783	\$ 1,307,038	\$ 1,194,524
Restricted*	7,671,021	8,432,222	21,813,498	24,576,426	24,778,120
Committed*	2,105,601	2,071,938	1,866,563	11,260,625	8,020,618
Assigned*	1,581,113	736,158	955,246	1,883,931	2,601,747
Unassigned*	11,437,583	13,862,814	13,225,491	14,417,758	17,224,329
Total general fund	\$ 23,478,695	\$ 25,970,664	\$ 38,876,581	\$ 53,445,778	\$ 53,819,338
All other Governmental Funds					
Unreserved					
Unreserved, reported in:					
Debt service funds					
Nonspendable*	1,253,485	1,281,841	1,015,420	1,147,734	1,201,324
Restricted*	85,864,936	83,017,769	92,968,210	77,077,307	80,276,953
Committed*	55,668,390	23,697,405	58,503,732	60,179,345	59,281,726
Assigned*	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned*					
Total for all governmental funds	\$ 166 265 506	\$ 122 067 670	\$ 191,363,943	¢ 101 950 164	¢ 104 570 241
Total for all governmental funds	\$ 100,203,300	φ 133,907,079	φ 191,303,943	φ 191,030,104	φ 174,379,341

^{*} Difference in fund balance presentation is due to implementation of GASB 54 in 2011

	<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2023</u>
\$	1,214,672	\$	1,404,067	\$	1,620,130	\$	1,499,160	\$	1,374,890
	23,347,576		10,620,446		10,568,076		10,777,494		10,823,053
	8,146,614		20,744,616		10,294,589		7,214,464		7,017,373
	3,107,242		3,917,514		3,472,825		2,162,857		4,479,719
	18,784,349	_	24,342,366	_	35,878,122	_	25,526,161	_	73,902,463
\$	54,600,453	\$	61,029,009	\$	61,833,742	\$	47,180,136	\$	97,597,498
	20,436,027		26,195,402		32,503,729		35,301,203		47,522,296
	120,961,266		140,560,582		190,917,853		268,628,802		299,425,605
	56,721,204		82,622,800		165,775,213		180,970,870		255,125,580
	30,721,204		82,022,800		103,773,213		160,970,670		233,123,360
	-		-		-		-		-
	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_		_	<u>-</u>
Φ.		Φ.	240 405 502	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	
\$	252,718,950	\$	310,407,793	\$	451,030,537	\$	532,081,011	<u>\$</u>	699,670,979

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 130,031,486	\$ 141,611,918	\$ 179,257,281	\$ 168,836,829	\$ 157,346,628
Licenses and permits	5,434,346	4,259,547	2,984,422	3,341,147	5,116,332
Intergovernmental	56,514,382	60,481,735	69,154,292	66,573,450	68,537,393
Fines and forfeitures	351,384	734,179	349,360	474,889	487,815
Charges for Services	13,024,221	13,553,203	11,802,236	11,274,143	13,994,765
Miscellaneous	41,065,332	24,064,183	21,482,828	38,525,348	32,379,063
Fees	12,202,782	13,559,930	14,922,623	14,520,726	14,859,057
Total Revenues	258,623,933	258,264,695	299,953,042	303,546,532	292,721,053
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	47,479,034	90,138,082	44,368,745	65,270,306	68,164,894
Public Safety	52,038,711	55,702,273	57,652,813	60,620,188	66,414,644
Public Works	59,780,472	85,573,209	77,188,910	103,842,765	73,996,875
Public health and welfare	39,439,892	42,714,599	45,846,879	51,264,579	53,474,563
Culture and recreation	1,793,944	1,623,459	1,499,048	1,560,675	2,181,871
Economic assistance	9,571,342	8,496,919	7,914,293	8,072,764	8,250,387
Capital outlay	15,963,395	6,313,983	7,086,089	9,429,034	14,061,130
Total Expenditures	226,066,790	290,562,524	241,556,777	300,060,311	286,544,364
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	32,557,143	(32,297,829)	58,396,265	3,486,221	6,176,689
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers-in	10,970,458	9,500,645	5,254,249	8,110,432	28,265,235
Transfers-out	(13,370,458)		, ,		
Proceeds from Sale of Asset	(13,370,438)	(9,300,043)	(0,234,249)	(11,110,432)	119,482
Capital Contribution					119,462
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,400,000)	-	(1,000,000)	(3,000,000)	(3,447,513)
Net changes in Fund Balance	\$ 30,157,143	\$ (32,297,829)	\$ 57,396,265	\$ 486,221	\$ 2,729,176

2019	2020	<u>2021</u>	2022	2023
\$ 185,529,884	\$ 230,881,142	\$ 241,172,605	\$ 191,943,567	\$ 283,515,620
5,841,206	3,764,865	3,995,462	3,684,783	4,259,818
85,679,601	86,837,509	112,502,231	124,998,729	98,587,809
370,941	199,460	141,636	212,265	100,014
13,615,255	13,142,319	15,549,821	17,425,997	19,028,082
33,274,476	32,264,564	34,091,208	47,555,408	86,027,209
17,478,918	19,024,822	21,690,100	18,829,842	20,973,200
341,790,281	386,114,681	429,143,063	404,650,591	512,491,752
70,666,148	67,489,147	65,542,461	68,647,742	70,324,012
71,243,785	84,093,754	83,155,159	84,269,863	92,730,755
56,037,195	66,819,571	50,513,780	73,183,127	80,923,728
52,298,447	56,499,477	64,531,452	67,545,327	68,156,373
2,285,297	2,124,728	2,343,454	2,532,733	755,453
9,218,372	12,910,962	11,001,526	14,499,534	14,944,027
36,837,561	41,829,173	19,995,672	19,197,368	20,020,013
298,586,805	331,766,812	297,083,504	329,875,694	347,854,361
43,203,476	54,347,869	132,059,559	74,774,897	164,637,391
9,816,023	10,340,274	13,884,637	4,867,568	7,910,308
(13,518,742)		(17,084,637)		
18,638,849	8,616,974	6,275,583	6,275,577	6,277,577
-	-	5,487,604	-	-
		, ,	•	
14,936,130	3,340,974	8,563,187	6,275,577	2,952,577
, ,	-)		-, -,-,-,-	<i>y y- 1</i>
\$ 58,139,606	\$ 57,688,843	\$ 140,622,746	\$ 81,050,474	\$ 167,589,968

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Years

Levy <u>Year</u>	Vacant <u>Land</u>	Residential <u>Property</u>	Commercial <u>Property</u>	Industrial Property	<u>Agricultural</u>	Natural Resources
2014	62,623,500	1,153,472,230	733,310,060	540,611,520	148,595,520	14,908,830
2015	75,809,040	1,447,893,380	778,585,040	639,540,080	179,732,720	18,995,220
2016	65,331,620	1,512,440,970	805,968,490	797,643,050	184,339,480	18,552,540
2017	89,627,330	1,788,938,260	905,659,640	927,106,280	209,694,960	18,943,470
2018	79,197,730	1,860,220,890	933,156,520	958,904,240	214,145,980	22,544,990
2019	108,571,980	2,284,713,810	1,150,874,100	1,098,776,190	205,270,290	25,818,190
2020	93,729,570	2,384,568,550	1,198,189,420	1,379,196,040	210,131,020	26,915,360
2021	124,826,670	2,719,198,300	1,322,702,560	1,351,792,660	214,215,170	32,550,700
2022	100,879,730	2,759,684,090	1,345,627,780	1,332,740,950	204,672,650	34,748,860
2023	149,465,100	3,246,947,670	1,704,699,230	1,518,783,640	240,677,200	45,612,990

Source: Office of the Weld County Assessor

Note:

Commercial Property and non-residential Personal Property has been assessed at 29% of actual value throughout the ten-year time frame.

					Assessed
			Estimated		Value as a
	State	Total Taxable	Actual	Total Direct	Percentage of
Oil & Gas	Assessed	Assessed Value	Taxable Value	Tax Rate	Actual Value
5,738,450,910	738,109,300	9,130,081,870	29,739,252,147	15.800	30.700%
7,669,479,580	773,068,200	11,583,103,260	36,760,335,781	15.800	31.510%
4,959,441,120	808,231,100	9,151,948,370	35,356,229,261	15.800	25.885%
4,611,244,810	849,916,610	9,401,131,360	40,177,028,127	15.800	23.399%
6,828,903,860	866,954,700	11,764,028,910	46,168,323,508	15.038	25.481%
9,924,962,280	933,460,400	15,732,447,240	57,640,024,706	15.038	27.294%
8,907,509,500	1,080,562,400	15,280,801,860	59,781,912,259	15.038	25.561%
5,428,275,740	1,244,638,800	12,438,200,600	61,647,043,950	15.038	20.176%
11,495,262,740	1,491,725,200	18,765,342,000	71,341,747,879	15.038	26.303%
16,766,317,290	1,002,715,100	24,675,218,220	90,183,447,226	12.024	27.361%

Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments

Last Ten Years

Lova Voor	General	Dood 9 Dridge	Dublic Wolfers	Contingent	Canital	Inquironoo	Total Direct
Levy Year	Government	Road & bridge	Public Welfare	Contingent	Capital	Insurance	County
2014	12.797	1.839	0.941	-	-	0.223	15.800
2015	9.881	1.444	0.843	2.013	1.444	0.175	15.800
2016	10.300	1.837	1.284	0.890	1.266	0.223	15.800
2017	10.092	1.789	1.236	1.301	1.111	0.271	15.800
2018	8.361	1.647	1.066	2.773	0.953	0.238	15.038
2019	7.986	1.550	0.872	2.712	1.692	0.226	15.038
2020	7.185	1.336	0.817	3.174	2.292	0.234	15.038
2021	9.180	1.253	1.012	-	3.259	0.334	15.038
2022	8.244	0.828	0.723	3.587	1.380	0.276	15.038
2023	7.229	0.624	0.550	-	3.350	0.271	12.024

Overlapping Rates								
Levy Direct City of School Aims Weld								
<u>Year</u>	County	<u>Greeley</u>	District 6	<u>College</u>	<u>Library</u>			
2014	15.800	11.274	37.880	6.333	3.267			
2015	15.800	11.274	36.003	6.325	3.308			
2016	15.800	11.274	36.335	6.308	3.271			
2017	15.800	11.274	45.628	6.317	3.256			
2018	15.038	11.274	45.954	6.305	3.252			
2019	15.038	11.274	50.517	6.354	3.217			
2020	15.038	11.274	50.373	6.305	3.181			
2021	15.038	11.274	50.596	6.342	3.197			
2022	15.038	11.274	50.399	6.307	3.181			
2023	12.024	11.274	47.040	6.336	3.196			
	Year 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	Year County 2014 15.800 2015 15.800 2016 15.800 2017 15.800 2018 15.038 2019 15.038 2020 15.038 2021 15.038 2022 15.038	Levy Year Direct County City of Greeley 2014 15.800 11.274 2015 15.800 11.274 2016 15.800 11.274 2017 15.800 11.274 2018 15.038 11.274 2019 15.038 11.274 2020 15.038 11.274 2021 15.038 11.274 2022 15.038 11.274	Levy Year Direct County City of Greeley School District 6 2014 15.800 11.274 37.880 2015 15.800 11.274 36.003 2016 15.800 11.274 36.335 2017 15.800 11.274 45.628 2018 15.038 11.274 45.954 2019 15.038 11.274 50.517 2020 15.038 11.274 50.373 2021 15.038 11.274 50.596 2022 15.038 11.274 50.399	Levy Year Direct County City of Greeley School District 6 Aims College 2014 15.800 11.274 37.880 6.333 2015 15.800 11.274 36.003 6.325 2016 15.800 11.274 36.335 6.308 2017 15.800 11.274 45.628 6.317 2018 15.038 11.274 45.954 6.305 2019 15.038 11.274 50.517 6.354 2020 15.038 11.274 50.373 6.305 2021 15.038 11.274 50.596 6.342 2022 15.038 11.274 50.399 6.307	Levy Year Direct County City of Greeley School District 6 Aims College Weld Library 2014 15.800 11.274 37.880 6.333 3.267 2015 15.800 11.274 36.003 6.325 3.308 2016 15.800 11.274 36.335 6.308 3.271 2017 15.800 11.274 45.628 6.317 3.256 2018 15.038 11.274 45.954 6.305 3.252 2019 15.038 11.274 50.517 6.354 3.217 2020 15.038 11.274 50.373 6.305 3.181 2021 15.038 11.274 50.596 6.342 3.197 2022 15.038 11.274 50.399 6.307 3.181		

The basis for the property tax rates is per \$1,000 assessed valuation.

Source: Office of the Weld County Assessor.

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2023			2014	
	Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>	<u>Rank</u>	Percent Of Total County Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>	Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>	Rank	Percent Of Total County Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>
PDC Energy Inc	\$ 3,737,992,630	1	15.15%			
Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore LP	3,522,297,890	2	14.27%	1,830,318,000	2	20.05%
Noble Energy Inc	2,633,879,570	3	10.67%	2,002,942,720	1	21.94%
Extraction Oil & Gas LLC	1,128,616,380	4	4.57%			
Civitas Resources Inc	704,112,510	5	2.85%			
Crestone Peak Resources LLC	690,559,720	6	2.80%			
Bayswater Exploration and Production LLC	683,424,860	7	2.77%			
Verdad Resources LLC	578,888,910	8	2.35%			
Highpoint Operating Corporation	535,460,370	9	2.17%			
Kerr McGee Gathering LLC	534,696,320	10	2.17%	12,742,770	8	1.40%
Petroleum Development Corp				339,824,330	4	3.72%
Encana Oil & Gas (USA) Inc				399,230,730	3	4.37%
DCP Midstream LP				182,289,110	7	2.00%
Bonanza Creek Energy Inc				285,524,130	5	3.13%
Public Service Company of Colorado (XCEL)				250,070,600	6	2.74%
Carrizo Oil & Gas Inc				107,845,270	9	1.18%
Leprino Foods Company				99,121,120	10	1.09%
	\$ 14,749,929,160	: =	59.78%	\$ 5,509,908,780	=	61.62%

Source:

Weld County Assessor

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Years

Collected within the Taxes Levied Fiscal Year of the Levy Collections Total Collections to Date									
Levy	Collect	for the	Tax	Percent	in Subsequent	Tax	Percent		
<u>Year</u>	<u>Year</u>	Fiscal Year (1)	Amount (2)	of Levy	Years (3)	Amount (3)	of Levy		
2013	2014	119,624,895	119,187,099	99.634%	34,443	119,221,542	99.663%		
2014	2015	144,255,294	143,469,905	99.456%	116,140	143,586,045	99.536%		
2015	2016	183,013,297	181,975,712	99.433%	296,152	182,271,864	99.595%		
2016	2017	144,601,001	143,458,839	99.210%	21,056	143,479,895	99.225%		
2017	2018	148,538,090	147,287,756	99.158%	33,900	147,321,656	99.181%		
2018	2019	176,907,675	173,062,641	97.827%	40,918	173,103,559	97.850%		
2019	2020	236,584,746	228,904,085	96.754%	7,261,489	236,165,574	99.823%		
2020	2021	229,793,050	229,468,835	99.859%	30,114	229,498,949	99.872%		
2021	2022	186,896,617	186,617,554	99.851%	34,837	186,652,391	99.869%		
2022	2023	282,173,113	279,971,436	99.220%		279,971,436	99.220%		

Source:

- 1) Weld County Treasurer Authorities Taxes Receivable Report
- 2) As of Collection Year 2012, Authorities Taxes Receivable Report was used.
- 3) YTD Treasurer's Tax Distribution 2001 forward. Negative values reflect subsequent rebates and adjustments.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

December 31, 2023

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt <u>Outstanding</u>	Percentage Applicable to Government (1)		Amount Applicable to Government
Cities & Towns	\$ 46,505,967	91.36%	\$	42,490,017
Schools	2,442,425,800	60.36%		1,474,183,252
Special Districts	 495,825,188	64.92%	_	321,872,539
Total Overlapping	\$ 2,984,756,95 <u>5</u>		\$	1,838,545,808

Source: Debt outstanding provided by each governmental unit.

Note:

(1) Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the county. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by residents and businesses of Weld County. This process recognizes that, when considering the county's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Years

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2023

Assessed Value, 2022 \$ 24,675,218,220 Debt Limit 3 percent of Assessed Value 740,256,547

Total Bond Debt Installment Purchase Agreements

Total Amount of debt applicable to limit 0

Legal Debit Margin \$ 740,256,547

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Debt limit	\$273,902,456	\$347,493,098	\$274,558,451	\$282,033,941
Total net debt applicable to limit		=	_	-
Legal debt margin	<u>\$273,902,456</u>	\$347,493,098	<u>\$274,558,451</u>	\$282,033,941
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note:

Debt Limitation: Under Section 30-35-201, Colorado Revised Statutes, 1973, the County may incur indebtedness for general County purposes in an amount not to exceed 3% of assess valuation of all taxable property.

2023	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
\$740,256,547	\$562,960,260	\$373,146,018	\$458,424,056	\$471,973,417	\$352,920,867
				<u>-</u>	
<u>\$740,256,547</u>	\$562,960,260	<u>\$373,146,018</u>	<u>\$458,424,056</u>	<u>\$471,973,417</u>	<u>\$352,920,867</u>
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Private Purpose Revenue Bonds

December 31, 2023

INDUSTRIAL REVENUE BONDS: DEBT REVE										
<u>ISSUER</u>	TYPE OF FACILITY	<u>AMOUNT</u>	ISSUE <u>DATE</u>	OUTSTANDING BEGINNING OF YEAR	ISSUED	RETIRED	OUTSTANDING END OF YEAR			
North Range Behavioral Health	Office	1,958,730	5/07	1,155,620	0	229,020	\$926,600			
North Range Behavioral Health	Office	2,610,000	8/19	2,299,597	<u>0</u>	100,996	<u>\$2,198,601</u>			
TOTAL PRIVATE PURPOSE	REVENUE BO	NDS		<u>\$3,455,217</u>	<u>\$0</u>	\$330,016	<u>\$3,125,201</u>			

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Years

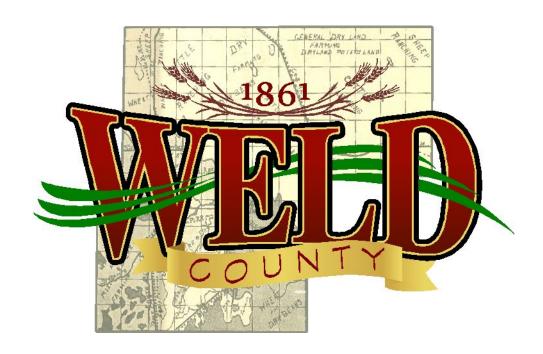
		Total		
		Personal Income	Per	Unemployment
<u>Year</u>	<u>Population</u>	(\$ billion)	Capita Income	<u>Rate</u>
2014	269,785	8.35	31,657	3.90%
2015	274,487	10.74	27,047	3.80%
2016	284,876	10.60	42,787	3.80%
2017	294,397	11.20	42,701	3.40%
2018	304,435	12.50	44,080	2.70%
2019	323,637	14.70	46,172	3.00%
2020	331,895	15.30	50,198	7.20%
2021	340,018	12.70	52,054	5.70%
2022	345,152	21.00	56,553	3.00%
2023	358,111	17.30	58,860	3.30%

Source: Upstate Colorado in cooperation with University of Northern Colorado and the State of Colorado demographer.

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2023			2014		
	<u>Employees</u>	<u>Rank</u>	Percent Of Total County Employment	<u>Employees</u>	<u>Rank</u>	Percent Of Total County Employment
JBS Swift Beef Company	6000	1	3.52%	4654	1	3.64%
Banner Health (NCMC)	3560	2	2.09%	2885	3	2.26%
Vestas	2710	3	1.59%	2150	5	1.68%
Greeley/Evans School District 6	2258	4	1.32%	2400	4	1.88%
Weld County Government	1823	5	1.07%	1447	7	1.13%
University of Northern Colorado	1488	6	0.87%			
City of Greeley	1145	7	0.67%	850	9	0.67%
UC Health	1060	8	0.62%			0.00%
State Farm Insurance	950	9	0.56%	1790	6	1.40%
AIMS	934	10	0.55%			
State Of Colorado (Includes UNC)				3811	2	2.98%
Haliburton Energy Services Inc				1030	8	0.81%
Select Energy Services				752	10	0.59%
Total Principal Employers	21,928	-	12.85%	21,769	-	17.04%
Other Employers	148,725	· <u>-</u>	87.15%	105,962	-	82.96%
Total County Employment	170,653	=	100.00%	127,731	:	100.00%

Source: Upstate Colorado



Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program

Last Ten Years

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Function/Program				
General government (1)	290	287	294	333
Public safety	436	471	574	512
Public works	176	183	195	188
Health and welfare	383	403	425	415
Culture and recreation	2	3	2	2
Economic assistance	86	89	94	108
Total General Government	1,373	1,436	1,584	1,558
Total primary government	1,373	1,436	1,584	1,558

Source: People Soft

Notes:

(1) In 2014 the Weld County Commissioners decided to no longer outsource the Information Technology Department. Therefore, employees were added for this department.

<u>2018</u>	2019	2020	<u>2021</u>	2022	2023
342	343	378	371	378	382
540	574	597	572	573	584
202	200	219	199	199	222
411	402	445	462	476	472
3	3	1	1	1	1
109	127	149	106	123	110
1,607	1,649	1,789	1,711	1,749	1,771
1,607	1,649	1,789	1,711	1,749	1,771

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Years

<u>.</u>				
Function/Program	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
General government:				
Motor vehicle registration	602,536	636,302	671,545	695,094
Registered voters (1)	167,306	162,239	184,077	183,256
Number of votes cast (2)	92,525	49,683	138,792	49,353
Percent of registered voters voting	55.3%	30.6%	75.4%	26.9%
Public safety:				
Adult arrests	726	739	1,433	1,319
Juvenile arrests	37	45	108	85
Average secure jail population	577	604	630	628
E911 calls	105,765	114,548	130,442	148,463
Building Permits	2,674	2,318	2,225	2,259
Valuation (thousands)	\$782,793	\$461,167	\$297,958	\$358,472
Public works:				
Miles of road graveled	145	328	321	388
Snow removal lane miles	75,302	86,064	76,926	72,213
Grading lane miles	194,527	167,239	188,838	169,638
Miles of Upgrade-Aggregate Surfaced Roads	87	90	89	87
Culverts (new and repaired) 15" and larger	170	137	148	187
Tons of asphalt laid	147,496	134,936	124,521	107,612
Tons of gravel crushed	247,935	219,470	224,115	108,840
Health and welfare:				
Social Services Caseload	31,400	62,000	71,500	97,744
Patient contacts	24,619	43,518	43,518	46,327
Immunizations	5,674	5,459	5,964	5,703
Culture and recreation:				
Visitors-Missile Park	550	600	600	600
County Fair Exhibitors	1,837	1,568	1,758	1,464

Source: Various Weld County Department records.

Note:

⁽¹⁾ Beginning in 1999 the number of registered voters reflects active voters.

⁽²⁾ Even years represent general elections, odd years coordinated elections.

		·	·	<u> </u>	·	
<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
-0-		420.50		•== 000		
585,6		439,685	359,126	378,898	405,175	444,668
188,9		181,201	217,352	220,638	210,726	221,398
128,8		75,663	169,102	69,141	130,363	80,407
65.9	9%	38.6%	77.8%	31.3%	61.9%	61.9%
1,4	71	1,750	1,542	1,203	1,634	1,549
	70	85	37	20	19	20
7	113	759	752	570	603	572
110,6	75	119,003	119,998	124,458	138,799	136,877
2,5	527	2,421	2,303	2,296	2,268	1,931
\$636,0	39	\$605,850	\$224,366	\$315,759	\$245,825	\$233,998
2	275	426	420	426	268	253
82,1	57	122,621	155,990	116,812	127,447	69,985
130,3	302	229,395	166,985	140,027	108,032	94,964
	90	90	95	93	90	90
1	.43	160	143	139	139	107
138,8	880	128,598	121,660	100,041	107,865	100,848
178,3	328	327,411	405,679	361,688	267,399	153,106
34,0	000	32,250	40,567	42,271	59,153	65,737
45,0	005	34,561	34,908	39,434	27,463	17,893
4,2	237	5,274	5,165	3,594	5,750	4,447
6	500	600	600	600	0	0
1,5	000	1,500	1,500	687	961	950

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Years

	1			
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Function/Program				
General government:				
Building Square Footage	1,003,846	1,383,120	1,383,120	1,385,871
Court rooms	22	22	22	22
Information Systems Connections	2,798	2,502	2,495	2,534
Public safety:				
Jail capacity (beds)	779	779	779	779
Patrol cars	64	65	67	59
Radios and cell phones	1,165	1,393	1,403	1,615
Public works:				
Miles of Roads				
Paved	738	737	744	744
Unpaved	2,224	2,217	2,209	2,209
Un-maintained	356	356	356	356
Grader sheds	18	20	20	20
Motor graders	35	36	36	36
Health and welfare:				
Alternative fuel vehicles	6	6	5	5

Source: Weld County Department records and Fixed Asset Inventory

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
1,396,810	1,413,706	1,413,706	1,580,217	1,580,217	1,595,967
22	22	22	24	24	25
2,487	2,540	2,617	2,747	2,769	2,774
,	,	,	,	,	, , ,
779	779	779	779	779	1,339
56	58	52	54	62	72
1,688	1,846	1,679	1,685	1,691	1,893
,	,	,	,	,	,
744	743	748	746	752	756
2,190	2,175	2,158	2,148	2,134	2,120
356	356	356	356	356	356
20	20	20	19	19	18
38	35	40	51	56	57
30	33	10	51	30	37
3	3	3	3	3	3
3	3	3	3	3	3

Insurance in Force

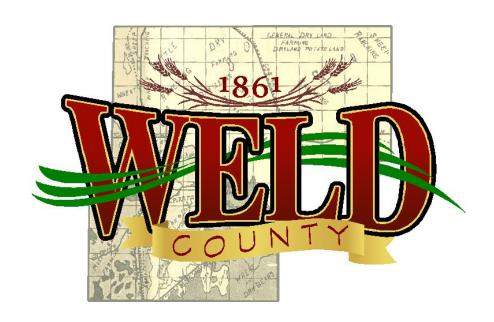
December 31, 2022

Name of Carrier	Policy <u>Number</u>	Policy Pe Begins	eriod Expires
Pinnacol Assurance	9449898	12/31/2021	12/31/2022
Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP)	CAPP references attached Certificate of Participation*	1/1/2022	12/31/2022

 ${\it The following are coverages in excess of applicable CAPP \ retentions:}$

Old Republic with CAPP*	822200 0951483	1/1/2022	1/1/2023
QBE Specialty Insurance Company with CAPP	QSX01008-00	1/1/2022	1/1/2023
Underwriters at Lloyds* (Lead Carrier of layered policy with additional carriers Westchester Surplus Lines Ins., Starr	D38095432003		
Surplus Lince Inc., Allied World Assurrance Co.) with CAPP		1/1/22	12/31/22
Liberty Mutual with CAPP	YB2-L9L-468235-012	1/1/2022	1/1/2023
Hiscox with CAPP	UC21191167.22	1/1/2022	1/1/2023
Chubb/ACE American Insurance with CAPP	G22560328009	1/1/2022	1/1/2023
Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America	106796588	9/1/2022	9/1/2023
Scottsdale Indemnity Company	EKI3391024	8/1/2021	8/1/2022
Global Aerospace	487585	3/27/2022	3/27/2023

Details of Coverage	Liability Limits	Annual <u>Premium</u>
Workers' Compensation	\$1,000,000/Accident	\$499,678
Property, Liability, Crime, Boiler and Machinery, Network Security Liability	Property: \$150,000 / \$1500 deductible Liability: \$1.5M per claim except law enforcement of \$1M per claim / \$25,000 deductible Crime: \$150,000 or \$250,000 / \$500 deductible Boiler & Machinery: \$5,000 / \$500 deductible Network Security Liability: \$100,000 / \$0 deductible; Pool annual limit aggregate \$1,000,000	\$1,949,423
General liability, auto liability, premises and operations, public officials errors and omissions, law enforcement liability, employee benefits liability or healthcare professional liability who is NOT a medical doctor, psychologist, pshysiotherapist or nurse practitioner	\$1.5M - \$10 million depending on loss; Law Enforcement \$1M - \$10 million per claim/occurrence	
Law Enforcement wrongful acts	\$4 million	
Real Property, Personal Property, Vehicles and Mobile Equipment Equipment Breakdown	\$10 million \$100 million / \$500 deductible	
Employee dishonesty, robbery, forgery	\$1,000,000	
Cyber, Privacy and Network Security Liability, Electronic, Social and Printed Media Liability	\$1,000,000	
Weld County Retirement Plan Ficuciary Liability	y \$1,000,000	\$8,700
Housing Authority	\$1,000,000	\$2,675
Unmanned Aircraft Systems (Drones) Aviation Insurance: Bodily Injury and Property Damage Liability	\$1,000,000	\$1,042







Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of County Commissioners Weld County, Colorado Greeley, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Weld County, Colorado (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 26, 2024.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did identify deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Weld County, Colorado's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hill & Compay.pc

Englewood, Colorado August 26, 2024





Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program, Report on Internal Control over Compliance and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the *Uniform Guidance*

Board of County Commissioners Weld County, Colorado Greeley, Colorado

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Weld County, Colorado's (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to
 test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform
 Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis.



Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the County. We issued our report thereon dated August 26, 2024, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Hill & Compay.pc

Englewood, Colorado August 26, 2024



COUNTY OF WELD SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor /Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Grant Number Pass through Entity Identity Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
SNAP Cluster:			
Passed through the Colorado Department of Human Services			
State Administration Matching Grant for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Programs	10.561	*	3,486,081
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Payments	10.551	*	85,390
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.551		3,571,471
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Community Service Block Grant Entitlement Community	14.218	B21MC082105	333,566
Passed through the Colorado Department of Local Affairs			
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	*	4,275,505
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			4,609,071
U.S. Department of Justice			
Passed through the Colorado Department of Local Affairs			
Paul Coverdell Forensic Sciences Improvements Grant Program Crime Victim Assistance	16.742 16.575	2021-DN-22-4 2022-VA-260-19	21,028 295,805
Crime Victim Assistance Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2022-VA-200-19 2022-VA-23-186-19	83,547
Total U.S. Department of Justice	10.010	2022 77720 700 70	400,380
U.S. Department of Labor Training Administration			
Passed through the Colorado Department of Labor And Employment			
Employment Service Cluster			
Employment Service/Wagner-Peyser Funded Activities	17.207	*	626,381
Jobs for Veterans State Grants	17.801	*	10,000
Total Employment Service Cluster WIOA Cluster			636,381
WIOA Adult Program	17.258	*	1,112,456
WIOA Youth Activities	17.259	*	870,384
WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grant	17.278	*	525,909
Total WIOA Cluster			2,508,749
Other Programs			
Unemployment Insurance	17.225	*	85,519
Trade Adjustment Assistance	17.245	*	4,200
WIA ADMIN Adult H1B	17.268	*	13,833
Apprentice USA Grants	17.285	*	142,131
Temporary Labor Certificates	17.273	*	4,390
Total Other Programs			250,073
Total U.S. Department of Training and Administration			3,395,203
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed through the Colorado Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning Cluster			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	*	40,467
Passed through the Colorado Department of Local Affairs Highway Planning Cluster			
Hazardous Materials Emergency Planning	20.703	22HMP23WELD-2-001	141,771

COUNTY OF WELD SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

U.S. Department of Treasury	Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor /Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Grant Number Pass through Entity Identity Number	Federal Expenditures
Passed through the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment	redetal Granton rass-unough Granton relogiant rule	Number	Number	r ederal Expellultures
Passed through the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment				
Passed through the Colorado Department of Human Services Covid-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery 21.027 21.0	•			
Passed through the Colorado Department of Human Services Covid-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery 21.027 3.418,777 709,324				
Covid-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery 21.027 7054 U.S. Department of Treasury 7054 U.S. Department of Health 7054 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 7054 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 7054 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 7055 U.S. Department of Health Colorado Department of Health 7055 U.S. Department of U.S. Department of Health Organization 7055 U.S. Department of U.S. Department of Department of Programs for State, Territorial and Tribal 7055 U.S. Department of U.S.	•	21.027	•	291,147
Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Performance Partnership Grants - Rason Out Reach 66.605 15.381	,			
Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Performance Partnership Grants - Rason Out Reach 66.605 15.381 Total Environmental Protection Agency 15.381 Total Environmental Protection Agency 15.381 15.381 Total Environmental Protection Agency 15.381 15.3	•	21.027	•	
Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Performance Partnership Grants - Rason Out Reach 66.605 15.381	Total U.S. Department of Treasury			709,924
Performance Partnership Grants - Rason Out Reach 66.605 15.381 Total Environmental Protection Agency 15.381 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Immunization Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Immunizations Cooperative Agreements 93.268 235.338 Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infection Disease (ELC) 93.323 \$82.005 Cancer Prevention and Control Programs for State, Territorial and Tribal 93.868 \$54,062 Organization 93.486 \$54,062 Well-Integrated Screening and Evaluation for Women Across the Nation 93.496 36,043 Sexually transmitted disease (STD) Prevention and Control grants 93.977 71,777 Prevention Health and Health Services Block Grant 93.991 21,167 Maternal and Child health Services Block Grant 93.994 186,054 FY24 CPED-Federal OBJ: 5121 93.744 10,613 Department of Defense Appropriation act of 2003 - FY24 L24FPP 93.116 2,002 Total immunization Cluster 39.967 3,045 Passed through the Colorado Department of Health 39.9	Environmental Protection Agency			
15,381 1	Passed through the Colorado Department of Health			
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	Performance Partnership Grants - Rason Out Reach	66.605	*	15,381
Immunization Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Immunizations Cooperative Agreements	Total Environmental Protection Agency			15,381
Immunization Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Immunizations Cooperative Agreements	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Immunizations Cooperative Agreements	•			
Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infection Disease (ELC) 93.323	Passed through the Colorado Department of Health			
Cancer Prevention and Control Programs for State, Territorial and Tribal Organization 93.868 * 54.062	Immunizations Cooperative Agreements	93.268	*	235,338
Organization 93.868 * 54,062 Well-Integrated Screening and Evaluation for Women Across the Nation 93.436 * 36,043 Sexually transmitted disease (STD) Prevention and Control grants 93.977 * 71,777 Prevention Health and Health Services Block Grant 93.991 * 21,167 Maternal and Child health Services Block Grant 93.994 * 186,054 FY24 CPED-Federal OBJ: 5121 93.744 * 10,613 Department of Defense Appropriation act of 2003 - FY24 L24FPP 93.116 * 12,000 OPHP LPHA CDC Infrastructure Grant 93.967 * 38,226 Total immunization Cluster 93.967 * 38,226 Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 * 653,949 Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services 93.045 * 1,050,343 Nutrition Services Incentive Programs 93.053 * 67,746 Total Aging Cluster	Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infection Disease (ELC)	93.323	*	882,105
Well-Integrated Screening and Evaluation for Women Across the Nation 93.436 * 36,043 Sexually transmitted disease (STD) Prevention and Control grants 93.977 * 71,777 Prevention Health and Health Services Block Grant 93.991 * 21,167 Maternal and Child health Services Block Grant 93.994 * 186,054 FY24 CPED-Federal OBJ: 5121 93.744 * 10,613 Department of Defense Appropriation act of 2003 - FY24 L24FPP 93.116 * 12,000 OPHP LPHA CDC Infrastructure Grant 93.967 * 38,226 Total immunization Cluster 93.967 * 38,226 Total programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 * 653,949 Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services 93.044 * 653,949 Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services 93.053 * 67,746 Total Aging Cluster 93.053 * 67,746 TANF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health * 7,959,990 Total Employment Service Cluster 93.558 *	Cancer Prevention and Control Programs for State, Territorial and Tribal			
Sexually transmitted disease (STD) Prevention and Control grants 93.977 * 71,777 Prevention Health and Health Services Block Grant 93.991 * 21,167 Maternal and Child health Services Block Grant 93.994 * 186,054 FY24 CPED-Federal OBJ: 5121 93.744 * 10,613 Department of Defense Appropriation act of 2003 - FY24 L24FPP 93.116 * 12,000 OPHP LPHA CDC Infrastructure Grant 93.967 * 38,226 Total immunization Cluster 93.967 * 38,226 Aging Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health * 1,547,385 Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 * 653,949 Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services 93.045 * 1,050,343 Nutrition Services Incentive Programs 93.053 * 67,746 Total Aging Cluster 93.053 * 7,959,990 Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 <td< td=""><td>Organization</td><td>93.868</td><td>*</td><td>54,062</td></td<>	Organization	93.868	*	54,062
Prevention Health and Health Services Block Grant 93.991 * 21,167 Maternal and Child health Services Block Grant 93.994 * 186,054 FY24 CPED-Federal OBJ: 5121 93.744 * 10,613 Department of Defense Appropriation act of 2003 - FY24 L24FPP 93.116 * 12,000 OPHP LPHA CDC Infrastructure Grant 93.967 * 38,226 Total immunization Cluster - 1,547,385 Aging Cluster - 1,547,385 Passed through the Colorado Department of Health - - Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 * 653,949 Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services 93.045 * 1,050,343 Nutrition Services Incentive Programs 93.053 * 67,746 Total Aging Cluster - 1,772,038 TANF Cluster - 7,959,990 Passed through the Colorado Department of Health - 7,959,990 Total Employment Service Cluster - 7,959,990	Well-Integrated Screening and Evaluation for Women Across the Nation	93.436	*	36,043
Maternal and Child health Services Block Grant 93.994 * 186,054 FY24 CPED-Federal OBJ: 5121 93.744 * 10,613 Department of Defense Appropriation act of 2003 - FY24 L24FPP 93.116 * 12,000 OPHP LPHA CDC Infrastructure Grant 93.967 * 38,226 Total immunization Cluster 1,547,385 Aging Cluster * 1,547,385 Passed through the Colorado Department of Health * 653,949 Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 * 653,949 Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services 93.045 * 1,050,343 Nutrition Services Incentive Programs 93.053 * 67,746 Total Aging Cluster 1,772,038 * 1,772,038 TANF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health * 7,959,990 Total Employment Service Cluster 7,959,990 * 7,959,990 CCDE Cluster * 7,959,990 Passed through the Colorado Department of Health *	Sexually transmitted disease (STD) Prevention and Control grants	93.977	*	71,777
FY24 CPED-Federal OBJ: 5121 93.744 * 10,613 Department of Defense Appropriation act of 2003 - FY24 L24FPP 93.116 * 12,000 OPHP LPHA CDC Infrastructure Grant 93.967 * 38,226 Total immunization Cluster 1,547,385 Aging Cluster * 1,547,385 Passed through the Colorado Department of Health * 653,949 Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 * 653,949 Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services 93.045 * 1,050,343 Nutrition Services Incentive Programs 93.053 * 67,746 Total Aging Cluster 1,772,038 * 7,959,990 TANE Cluster 93.558 * 7,959,990 Tall Emporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 * 7,959,990 Total Employment Service Cluster 7,959,990 * 7,959,990 CCDE Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health * 5,914,922	Prevention Health and Health Services Block Grant	93.991	*	21,167
Department of Defense Appropriation act of 2003 - FY24 L24FPP OPHP LPHA CDC Infrastructure Grant OPHP LPHA CDC Infrastructure Grant OPHP LPHA CDC Infrastructure Grant Joseph Special Programs for Under Services and Senior Centers Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services Aging Cluster Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services Aging Cluster Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services Aging Cluster Services Incentive Programs Total Aging Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Total Employment Service Cluster CCOPF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Child Care and Development Block Grant Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund 93.575 * 5,914,922 Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund ** 12,000 ** 38,226 ** 12,000 ** 12,000 ** 1,284,590 ** 1,284,590 ** 1,284,590	Maternal and Child health Services Block Grant	93.994	*	186,054
OPHP LPHA CDC Infrastructure Grant Total immunization Cluster Aging Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services 93.044 Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services 93.045 Nutrition Services Incentive Programs Nutrition Services Incentive Programs TANF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 7,959,990 Total Employment Service Cluster CCOF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Child Care and Development Block Grant Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund 93.575 * 5,914,922 Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund	FY24 CPED-Federal OBJ: 5121	93.744	*	10,613
Total immunization Cluster Aging Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 * 653,949 Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services 93.045 * 1,050,343 Nutrition Services Incentive Programs 93.053 * 67,746 Total Aging Cluster TANF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 * 7,959,990 Total Employment Service Cluster CCDF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Child Care and Development Block Grant 93.575 * 5,914,922 Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund 93.596 * 1,284,590	Department of Defense Appropriation act of 2003 - FY24 L24FPP	93.116	*	12,000
Aging Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 * 653,949 Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services 93.045 * 1,050,343 Nutrition Services Incentive Programs 93.053 * 67,746 Total Aging Cluster 1,772,038 TANF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 * 7,959,990 Total Employment Service Cluster 7,959,990 CCDF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Child Care and Development Block Grant 93.575 * 5,914,922 Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund 93.596 * 1,284,590	OPHP LPHA CDC Infrastructure Grant	93.967	*	38,226
Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 * 653,949 Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services 93.045 * 1,050,343 Nutrition Services Incentive Programs 93.053 * 67,746 Total Aging Cluster 1,772,038 TANF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 * 7,959,990 Total Employment Service Cluster 7,959,990 CCDF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Child Care and Development Block Grant 93.575 * 5,914,922 Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund 93.596 * 1,284,590	Total immunization Cluster			1,547,385
Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 * 653,949 Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services 93.045 * 1,050,343 Nutrition Services Incentive Programs 93.053 * 67,746 Total Aging Cluster 1,772,038 TANF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 * 7,959,990 Total Employment Service Cluster 7,959,990 CCDF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Child Care and Development Block Grant 93.575 * 5,914,922 Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund 93.596 * 1,284,590	Aging Cluster			
and Senior Centers 93.044 * 653,949 Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services 93.045 * 1,050,343 Nutrition Services Incentive Programs 93.053 * 67,746 Total Aging Cluster 1,772,038 1,772,038 TANF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health * 7,959,990 Total Employment Service Cluster 93.558 * 7,959,990 CCDF Cluster 7,959,990 * CCDF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health * 5,914,922 Child Care and Development Block Grant 93.575 * 5,914,922 Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund 93.596 * 1,284,590	Passed through the Colorado Department of Health			
Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services 93.045 * 1,050,343 Nutrition Services Incentive Programs 93.053 * 67,746 Total Aging Cluster 1,772,038 1,772,038 TANF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health * 7,959,990 Total Employment Service Cluster 93.558 * 7,959,990 CCDF Cluster 7,959,990 * 7,959,990 Passed through the Colorado Department of Health * 5,914,922 Child Care and Development Block Grant 93.575 * 5,914,922 Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund 93.596 * 1,284,590		02.044	*	652.040
Nutrition Services Incentive Programs 93.053 * 67,746 Total Aging Cluster 1,772,038 TANF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 * 7,959,990 Total Employment Service Cluster 7,959,990 7,959,990 CCDF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health 5,914,922 Child Care and Development Block Grant 93.575 * 5,914,922 Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund 93.596 * 1,284,590			*	•
Total Aging Cluster 1,772,038 TANF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 * 7,959,990 Total Employment Service Cluster 7,959,990 7,959,990 CCDF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health 5,914,922 Child Care and Development Block Grant 93.575 * 5,914,922 Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund 93.596 * 1,284,590			*	
TANF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 * 7,959,990 Total Employment Service Cluster 7,959,990 CCDF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Child Care and Development Block Grant 93.575 * 5,914,922 Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund 93.596 * 1,284,590	•	90.000		
Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 * 7,959,990 Total Employment Service Cluster 7,959,990 CCDF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Child Care and Development Block Grant 93.575 * 5,914,922 Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund 93.596 * 1,284,590				1,772,030
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 * 7,959,990 Total Employment Service Cluster 7,959,990 7,959,990 CCDF Cluster 7,959,990 Passed through the Colorado Department of Health 5,914,922 Child Care and Development Block Grant 93.575 * 5,914,922 Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund 93.596 * 1,284,590				
Total Employment Service Cluster 7,959,990 CCDF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Child Care and Development Block Grant 93.575 * 5,914,922 Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund 93.596 * 1,284,590		93 558	*	7 959 990
CCDF Cluster Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Child Care and Development Block Grant Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund 93.575 * 5,914,922 1,284,590		00.000		
Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Child Care and Development Block Grant Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund 93.575 * 5,914,922 1,284,590				1,000,000
Child Care and Development Block Grant 93.575 * 5,914,922 Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund 93.596 * 1,284,590				
	•	93.575	*	5,914,922
Total CCDF 7,199,512.00	Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund	93.596	*	1,284,590
	Total CCDF			7,199,512.00

COUNTY OF WELD SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor /Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Grant Number Pass through Entity Identity Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (continued)			
Medicaid Cluster			
Passed through the Colorado Department of Health Care Policy and Finance			
Medicaid Assistance Programs	93.778	*	4,789,810
Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of Child Care and development Fund	93.778	*	1,387,191
Total Medicaid Cluster			6,177,001
Other Programs			
Passed through the Colorado Department of Health			
Public Health Preparedness	93.069	*	209,589
Family Planning Services	93.217	*	57,461
Public Health Emergency Preparedness: Cooperative Agreement for Emergency Response	93.354	*	47,157
Passed through the Colorado Department of Human Services Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services			
and Senior Centers	93.041	*	7,806
OAA-Ombudsman	93.042	*	42,630
Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part D, Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Services	93.043	*	56,124
Passed through the Colorado Department of Health			
National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E	93.052	*	194,801
Guardian Assistance	93.090	*	74,768
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Sable Families Program	93.556	*	256,718
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	*	3,095,566
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	*	46,402
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	*	185,183
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	*	5,291,428
Adoption Assistance	93.659	*	1,386,610
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	*	1,158,256
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.674	*	19,776
Elder Abuse Prevention Intervention Programs	93.747	*	25,728
Passed through the Colorado Department of Local Affairs			
Community Service Block Grant	93.569	*	245,817
Total Other Programs			12,401,820
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			37,057,746
Corporation for National and Community Services			
Passed through the Governor's Commission on Community Services			
Corporation for National Community Services	94.006	*	158,101
Total Corporation for National and Community Services			158,101
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed through the Colorado Department of Local Affairs Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	22EM-24-54	92,075
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	22SHS23NR	156,107
Passed through the Colorado Department of Public Safety		*	
Disaster Gratn & Public Assistance (Presidentially Declarted Disaster)	97.036	*	26,074
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			274,256
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 50,373,771.00

The Accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Federal Expenditures of Federal Awards are an Integral Part of this Schedule

* Information is not available

Weld County, Colorado

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards December 31, 2023

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of the County under programs for the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The County does not have any sub-recipients.

Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate

The County has elected to note use the 10 percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Weld County, Colorado Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs December 31, 2023

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

1.	The opinion expressed in the independent auditor's report was:					
	oxdots Unmodified $oxdots$ Qualified $oxdots$ Adverse $oxdots$ Disclaimed					
2. The independent auditor's report on internal control over financial reporting describe						
	Significant deficiencies	⁄es	None report □ □ None report □ □ None report □	orted		
	Material weaknesses?	Yes	⊠ No			
3.	Noncompliance considered material to the financial statements wa	as disc	closed by the au	ıdit?		
		Yes	⊠ No			
4.	The independent auditor's report on internal control over compliand programs disclosed:	ce for	major federal av	vards		
	Significant deficiencies?	⁄es	None report □ □ None report □ □ None report □	orted		
	Material weaknesses?	Yes	⊠ No			
5.	The opinion expressed in the independent auditor's report on co awards was:	mplia	nce for major fe	deral		
	oximes Unmodified $oximes$ Qualified $oximes$ Adverse $oximes$ Disclaimed					
6.	6. The audit disclosed findings required to be reported by the Uniform Guidance?					
		Yes	⊠ No			
7.	The County's major program was:					
	Cluster/Program		Assistance sting Number			
	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Cluster		10.561			
	Adoption Assistance		93.659			
	Medicaid Assistance Programs		93.778			
	Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers		14.871			
8.	The threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B prodefined in the Uniform Guidance was \$2,638,195.	ogram	ns as those term	s are		
9.	The County qualified as a low-risk auditee as that term is defined i $\ oxtimes$ Y		form Guidance. □ No			

Weld County, Colorado Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs December 31, 2023

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

No current year findings or questioned costs were reported.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No current year findings or questioned costs were reported.

Weld County, Colorado Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings December 31, 2023

Findings Required to be Reported by the Uniform Guidance

No items requiring follow up.